

Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics

CANBERRA

OFFICIAL STATISTICS, COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES,

1947-48.

No. 24. BACON CURING.

PREPARED FROM RETURNS FROM THE
BUREAU OF THE COMMONWEALTH BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS

COMMONWEALTH BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
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MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
1947-48

NO. 24. BACON CURING

Prepared Under Instructions from
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE TREASURER

by

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MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, 1947-48.

PREFACE

1. GENERAL: The industries included in this series for 1947-48 are listed on the back of the cover. They include those listed in the same series for 1946-47 with the addition of No. 39. Wire and Wire Working (including Nails). In addition Industry Summaries No. 7. Engineering, and 8 Extracting and Refining of Non-Ferrous Metals; Alloys, have been expanded to give a more detailed analysis of the statistics of these and other industries associated with the metal trade. The parts included in this extension are listed on the back of the cover. The 1947-48 Summaries published to date are indicated at the top of page 2.

2. CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES: For purposes of industry classification, a factory in Australia is classified according to the nature of the product. Where two or more distinct types of industrial activity are carried on in one establishment, factory proprietors are requested to furnish separate returns for each activity in order to allow classification on this basis. In some instances, however, this is not practicable, and in such cases there is no alternative but to classify the factory according to its predominant activity. This difficulty is most acute in the Metal Trades industries, (e.g. Engineering firms also producing Agricultural Implements, Stoves and Ovens, and/or Brass and Copper products), but it is also so be found in factories concerned with the treatment or manufacture of Skins, Leather, Clothing, Wood products and some other articles.

Each of the Summaries in the series "Manufacturing Industries", relates to the operations of factories classified to the selected industry or industries specified. However, owing to the diverse nature of the activities carried on in some industrial establishments, the figures may include the subsidiary but extraneous activities of those establishments included in the industry, while they will exclude relevant activities which are subsidiary to the predominant activity of establishments classified to some other industry. The extent to which this qualification is important in the case of each Summary is indicated in the table(s) relating to the output of the individual products of the industry or industries involved.

3. BASIS OF THE STATISTICS: The scope of the factory statistics is fully explained in Part I of the annual Production Bulletin.

Briefly, a "factory" is taken to be an industrial establishment in which four or more hands are employed or in which power other than hand is used.

All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of the factory are counted as factory employees. The figures relating to employment, therefore, exclude all those engaged in selling and distribution, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters engaged solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods, and retailing storemen. The figures do include, however, proprietors who work in their own factories as well as "out-workers".

The value of output is the wholesale selling value at the factory of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition it includes the value of other work done, such as repair work, assembling and making-up for customers.

The value of production is the value of output minus the cost of raw materials, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants, water, tools replaced, and repairs to plant, and represents the value added in the process of manufacture within the factories. As full details of the cost of production are not collected, the amount of profit resulting from operations cannot be ascertained. The value of production, therefore, is the source from which such items as wages, interest, depreciation, profits, taxation, insurance, advertising and other sundry charges are met.

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BACON CURING

Note:— Summaries already published in this Series are:— Nos. 1. Cement and Cement Goods; 2. Bricks, Pottery and Earthenware; 3. Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines; 4. White Lead, Paints and Varnish; 5. Chemical Fertilizers; 6. Soap and Candles; 7. Industrial Metals - Ferrous - Parts I to III; 8. Industrial Metals - Non-Ferrous - Parts I and II; 9. Electrical Machinery and Equipment; 10. Motor Vehicles and Cycles; 11. Agricultural Implements; 12. Wireless Apparatus; 13. Stoves, Ovens and Ranges; 14. Woollen Mills; 15. Hosiery and other Knitted Goods; 16. Tanneries; 17. Boots and Shoes; 18. Clothing; 19. Flour and Other Grain Mills; 20. Biscuits; 21. Confectionery; 22. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning; 23. Pickles, Sauces, Condiments, Coffee, Spices, etc.; 27. Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes and 34. Cotton Mills.

1. **SUMMARY OF STATISTICS:** The following table furnishes a summary of the principal statistics of the factories engaged in Bacon Curing in Australia for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48.

TABLE I : BACON CURING : AUSTRALIA

Year	Number of Factories	Persons Employed (a)	Salaries & Wages Paid (b)	Power, Fuel and Light, etc. Used	Value of Other Materials etc. used (c)	Value of Production	Value of Output
	No.	No.	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1938-39	76	2,047	480	77	3,768	865	4,710
1944-45	87	3,011	899	134	10,155	1,976	12,265
1945-46	87	2,879	879	126	9,410	1,628	11,164
1946-47	90	2,766	691	127	8,915	1,494	10,536
1947-48	90	2,760	973	137	9,452	1,604	11,233

(a) Includes Working Proprietors. (b) Excludes amounts drawn by Working Proprietors. (c) Includes value of containers, packing, etc., replacements of tools and repairs to plant.

In the following table particulars of the Industry are given for each State during the year 1947-48:—

TABLE II : BACON CURING : STATES, 1947-48

Particulars	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'ld.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Number of Factories	34	20	8	12	6	10	90
Number Employed (a)							
Males	516	659	706	298	252	65	2,496
Females	57	70	57	21	57	2	264
Total	573	729	763	319	309	67	2,760
Value of							
Salaries and Wages Paid (b)	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.	£.
Power, Fuel and Light, etc. used	218,219	250,373	265,748	113,306	103,726	21,842	972,994
Materials, etc. used	28,411	36,148	29,643	22,617	17,619	2,803	137,241
Production	2,194,212	2,161,720	2,482,979	1,176,025	1,207,674	268,406	9,491,816
Output	411,751	523,127	359,928	112,919	146,157	46,637	1,603,519
Land & Buildings	2,337,374	2,720,955	2,372,550	1,332,361	1,371,450	317,846	11,232,576
Plant & Machinery	272,619	251,803	230,557	118,927	57,468	28,797	960,251
	103,442	111,637	144,810	58,613	31,711	9,130	459,343
H.P. of Engines ordinarily in use	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
	1,594	3,921	2,869	1,378	890	277	10,929

(a) Includes Working Proprietors. (b) Excludes amounts drawn by Working Proprietors.

BACON CURING (Contd.)

2. AVERAGE SALARIES, OUTPUT AND PRODUCTION: Particulars of the average salary and wage paid, together with the average values of output and production per person engaged and the ratio of salaries and wages to the value of production, are shown in the following table for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48.

TABLE III : AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID, OUTPUT, ETC. PER EMPLOYEE : AUSTRALIA

Year	Salaries and Wages per Employee (a)	Value of Output per Person Engaged (b)	Value of Production per Person Engaged (b)	Ratio per cent of salaries and Wages to Value of Production
	£.	£.	£.	%
1938-39	237	2,301	422	55.47
1944-45	302	4,075	657	45.49
1945-46	309	3,073	565	54.01
1946-47	326	3,809	540	59.69
1947-48	357	4,070	561	60.68

(a) Excludes Working Proprietors and amounts drawn by them. (b) Includes Working Proprietors.

3. MATERIALS USED AND ARTICLES PRODUCED: The two tables show particulars of the quantity and value of the principal materials used and articles produced in Bacon Curing factories during the year 1947-48. A number of the articles produced in establishments classified for statistical purposes as Bacon Curing factories (i.e. those establishments wholly or mainly engaged in Bacon Curing) are, however, also produced in other establishments and Table V has accordingly been extended to show separate particulars of these articles produced in (i) Bacon Curing factories, and (ii) all Australian factories.

TABLE IV : PRINCIPAL MATERIALS USED IN BACON CURING FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA

Particulars	Unit of Qty.	Quantity	Value (£)
<u>Pigs killed</u>			
For Bacon and Ham -			
Cured on Commission	No.	30,468	(a)
Cured on Own Account	"	896,121	6,787,488
For Pork (on own account and on commission)	"	51,519	(b) 266,915
For Small Goods	"	35,516	385,101
Condemned	"	7,308	(a)
Total Pigs killed -			
On own account	No.	907,970	9,439,504
On commission	"	33,554	(a)
Pork and Green Bacon Purchased (own account)	lb.	2,256,966	16,301
Pork and Green Bacon Supplied (commission)	lb.	7,801,783	(a)
Sugar used	ton.	344	12,411

(a) Quantity only collected. (b) Excludes value of work done on commission.

BACON CURING (Contd.)

4.

TABLE V : PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN (i) BACON CURING FACTORIES,
AND (ii) ALL AUSTRALIAN FACTORIES : AUSTRALIA, 1947-48

Particulars	Unit of Qty.	Bacon Curing Factories		All Australian Factories	
		Quantity	Value (£)	Quantity	Value (£)
Bacon & Ham made from Pigs -					
On own account	lb.	88,512,261	6,819,346	89,866,805	7,000,169
On commission	lb.	2,620,800	(a)	2,620,800	(a)
Bacon & Ham from Pork and Green Bacon -					
On own account	lb.	(b)1,027,505	(b) 76,700	(b)1,027,505	(b)76,700
On commission	lb.	6,790,664	(a)	6,790,664	(a)
Total Bacon & Ham Made					
On own account	lb.	89,539,766	6,966,054	90,894,310	7,076,877
On commission	lb.	9,953,651	(a)	9,953,651	(a)
Total		99,493,417	(a)	100,847,961	(a)
Green Bacon and Ham made -					
On own account and on commission	lb.	(c)5,604,524	(c)316,863	5,604,524	316,863
Pork - for consumption	lb.	4,904,190	256,819	6,805,796	361,240
For sale	lb.	749,105	75,525	749,105	75,525
For export	lb.	(c)3,320,836	(c)178,663	3,320,836	178,663
Lard	lb.	5,434,661	213,060	5,739,716	223,872
Tallow - Raw	cwt.	24,675	38,416	655,043	1,239,445
Refined	cwt.	19,604	17,697	296,967	580,174
Pig Casings	cwt.	2,276	41,709	5,717	121,921
Small Goods	-	(d)	1,915,978	(d)	2,300,655
Bristles	-	(d)	33,332	(d)	33,332
Canned Meats (all kinds)	lb.	11,565,517	743,102	122,080,234	7,294,115
Edible Fats-Dripping	lb.	1,038,102	36,800	25,077,646	535,638
Meat - Meal	cwt.	(c)1,029,000	(c)351,132	1,029,906	351,132
Fertilizers - Blood & Bone, etc.	"	(c)445,371	(c)193,307	445,371	193,307

(a) Quantity only collected. (b) Incomplete. Unrecorded production is included with Bacon and Ham made from pigs - on own account. (c) Includes production in other works, details of which are not available for separate publication. (d) Value only available. (e) Details not available for separate publication. Includes production in other works.

For comparative purposes, the following table sets out particulars of the quantities of Bacon and Ham and Lard made in Australia for each of the years 1930-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48.

TABLE VI : BACON, HAM AND LARD MADE : AUSTRALIA

Year	Bacon and Ham made		Lard Made	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	1000 lb.	£.	1000 lb.	£.
1930-39	72,636	(a)3,497,061	3,113	78,221
1944-45	124,357	(a)6,695,528	9,187	257,241
1945-46	107,505	(a)7,408,070	7,374	194,186
1946-47	106,040	(a)6,890,966	5,763	175,064
1947-48	(b)100,848	(a)7,076,877	5,740	223,872

(a) Excludes Value of Commission work. (b) Bacon and Ham made in 1948-49, 89,207,830.

4. **EMPLOYMENT:** The number of employees shown in Tables I, II and VIII has been adjusted to represent the average employment over the whole year in those cases where short time was worked. In the following table the factories have been classified according to the average number employed during the actual period worked for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48.

TABLE VII : FACTORIES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO HANDS EMPLOYED :
AUSTRALIA

Number of Persons Employed in each Factory	1938-39		1944-45		1945-46		1946-47		1947-48	
	No. of Fact-ories	No. Employ- ed	No. of Fact-ories	No. Employ- ed	No. of Fact-ories	No. Employ- ed	No. of Fact-ories	No. Employ- ed	No. of Fact-ories	No. Employ- ed
Under 4	13	22	15	36	15	36	14	30	18	43
4	3	12	1	4	1	4	4	16	3	12
5 to 10	15	98	22	157	20	143	23	175	19	139
11 to 20	21	296	16	256	15	220	16	252	15	223
21 to 50	11	328	14	476	19	568	17	533	19	597
51 to 100	9	673	12	834	10	693	9	633	8	528
Over 100	4	623	7	1,293	7	1,218	7	1,142	8	1,227
Total	76	2,552	87	3,058	87	2,882	90	2,781	90	2,769
Average No. employed per Factory	27		35		33		31		31	

Further details of employment in the Bacon Curing Industry are furnished in the next three tables.

In Table VIII the numbers of males and females employed are shown for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48 according to the nature of their employment, but because of the change in classification which operated from 1945-46, comparison between 1938-39 and 1944-45 and later years shown is not wholly effective.

TABLE VIII : MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED ACCORDING TO OCCUPATIONAL STATUS : AUSTRALIA

Occupational Status	1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47	1947-48
<u>Males</u>					
Working Proprietors	25	30	30	32	32
Managerial and Clerical Staff, incl. Salaried Managers and Working Directors	1,870	2,507	211	213	217
Chemists, Draftsmen and Other Laboratory and Research Staff			2	2	2
Foremen and Overseers			79	107	109
Workers in Factory (Skilled and Unskilled)			2,240	2,156	2,122
Carters (Excl. Delivery only), Messengers and Persons Working Regularly at Home	44	35	23	21	14
<u>TOTAL MALES</u>	1,947	2,552	2,585	2,531	2,496
<u>Females</u>					
Working Proprietors	-	-	-	1	-
Managerial and Clerical Staff including Salaried Managers and Working Directors	99	357	96	91	83
Foremen and Overseers			1	2	1
Workers in Factory (Skilled and Unskilled)	1	1	197	141	180
Other (Carters and Messengers etc.)			-	-	-
<u>TOTAL FEMALES</u>	100	358	294	235	264
<u>TOTAL PERSONS</u>	2,047	3,010	2,879	2,766	2,760

DACON CURING (Contd.)

The next table shows the number of persons employed (excluding Working Proprietors) on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month for the years 1946-47 and 1947-48.

TABLE IX : PERSONS EMPLOYED ON PAY-DAY NEAREST TO THE 15TH OF EACH MONTH : AUSTRALIA

(Excluding Working Proprietors)

Month	1946-47			1947-48		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
July	2,509	242	2,031	2,443	232	2,675
August	2,556	252	2,000	2,401	223	2,624
September	2,541	256	2,797	2,364	257	2,621
October	2,541	264	2,005	2,346	268	2,614
November	2,498	250	2,748	2,370	265	2,643
December	2,519	250	2,759	2,430	246	2,676
January	2,415	217	2,032	2,301	241	2,622
February	2,413	187	2,600	2,427	259	2,686
March	2,403	200	2,603	2,456	287	2,743
April	2,444	224	2,668	2,525	287	2,812
May	2,474	229	2,703	2,546	289	2,835
June	2,445	221	2,666	2,555	283	2,838

The numbers of persons employed on or about the 15th June, for each of the years 1939 and 1945 to 1948 are distributed according to age and sex in Table X.

TABLE X : DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE AND SEX AUSTRALIA

(Excluding Working Proprietors)

June	Under 16 years	16 years	17 years	18 years	19 years	20 years	Total 16 to 20 years	21 years and over	Total All Ages
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MALES

1939	48	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	262	1,637	1,947
1945	52	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	346	2,265	2,693
1946	30	56	41	60	42	38	237	2,266	2,533
1947	33	41	62	47	55	54	259	2,153	2,445
1948	47	47	43	60	48	62	260	2,248	2,555

FEMALES

1939	7	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	38	51	96
1945	15	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	165	181	361
1946	9	13	21	20	21	21	96	140	245
1947	6	15	15	23	17	17	87	128	221
1948	8	15	15	16	20	25	99	176	283

(a) Details not collected.

DACON CURING (Contd.)

5. POWER EQUIPMENT: Statistics of the power equipment of the factories included in this group are given in the next table. The details given include the rated horse-power of engines ordinarily in use together with those in reserve or idle.

TABLE XI : TYPES AND RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES : AUSTRALIA

Class of Engine	Rated Horse-Power of Engines					
	Ordinarily in Use			In Reserve or Idle		
	1938-39	1946-47	1947-48	1938-39	1946-47	1947-48
Steam - Reciprocating	2,435	1,058	579	329	706	339
Turbine	615	615	615	5	-	-
Internal Combustion -						
Gas	331	276	276	53	105	150
Petrol or Other Light						
Oils	23	29	14	8	47	38
Heavy Oils	1,005	792	699	45	569	690
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Prime Movers:</u>	<u>4,409</u>	<u>2,777</u>	<u>2,183</u>	<u>440</u>	<u>1,427</u>	<u>1,217</u>
Motors driven by electricity -						
Purchased	4,980	8,107	8,746	284	339	623
Own Generation	1,775	574	694	-	-	33
<u>Total Electricity:</u>	<u>6,755</u>	<u>8,681</u>	<u>9,440</u>	<u>284</u>	<u>339</u>	<u>656</u>
<u>TOTAL POWER USED (a)</u>	<u>9,389</u>	<u>10,884</u>	<u>10,929</u>	<u>724</u>	<u>1,766</u>	<u>1,873</u>

(a) Without duplication.

6. POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT, ETC. USED: Details of the quantities and values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in Dacon Curing Factories are shown in the following table for the years 1938-39, 1946-47 and 1947-48.

TABLE XII : POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT, ETC. USED : AUSTRALIA

Particulars	Unit of Qty.	Quantity			Value (£)		
		1938-39	1946-47	1947-48	1938-39	1946-47	1947-48
Power, Fuel and Light -							
Coal - Black	ton	18,148	15,813	13,267	24,405	27,623	26,668
Brown	"	750	-	1,227	1,156	-	2,219
Brown Coal Briquettes	"	(a)	1,329	1,410	(a)	2,124	598
Coke	"	1,018	870	697	1,650	2,063	1,710
Wood	"	19,294	22,592	20,140	11,160	22,777	22,923
Fuel Oil	gal.	137,840	108,003	224,507	4,099	4,949	10,996
Tar (Fuel)	"	(b)	60,000	-	-	960	-
Electricity	-	(b)	(b)	(b)	22,092	46,028	50,056
Gas	-	(b)	(b)	(b)	139	1,590	1,492
Other (Charcoal, etc.)	-	(b)	(b)	(b)	1,459	4,924	6,144
Water and Lubricating Oil	-	(b)	(b)	(b)	10,064	14,153	14,435
<u>TOTAL:</u>		(b)	(b)	(b)	76,964	127,191	137,241

(a) Included with Brown Coal. (b) Value only available.

BACON CURING (Contd.)

7. VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY: Particulars of the book values of premises occupied and plant used in Bacon Curing Factories at the 30th June for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48 are shown in the next table. Details of the values of additions and replacements made and depreciation allowed during the same period are also shown. It should be noted that the amounts shown are those recorded by factories which were operating during each year and that changes in their number, as well as other factors, affect comparison from year to year.

TABLE XIII : VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY, ETC. :AUSTRALIA

(£)

Year	Book Value as at 30th June (a)		Additions and Replacements made during year		Depreciation Allowed during year	
	Land and Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Land and Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Land and Buildings	Plant and Machinery
1938-39	750,398	356,678	30,900	29,047	14,359	28,867
1944-45	866,468	366,504	15,438	43,538	17,707	5,229
1945-46	889,775	384,961	35,356	55,858	11,965	36,516
1946-47	901,831	488,879	20,021	37,620	14,188	37,993
1947-48	960,251	459,343	46,533	77,412	14,363	37,306

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and machinery.

8. EXTERNAL TRADE: The value of imports and exports of Bacon and Ham are given in the following table for each of the years 1938-39 and 1944-45 to 1947-48.

TABLE XIV : IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF BACON AND HAM : AUSTRALIA

Year	Imports		Exports (a)	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	lb.	£l. f.o.b.	lb.	£l. f.o.b.
1938-39	9,681	544	1,739,053	119,994
1944-45	48	8	11,045,954	905,545
1945-46	106	16	18,856,610	1,700,266
1946-47	63	13	14,674,450	1,404,610
1947-48	42	4	8,587,844	865,201

(a) Includes Bacon preserved in tins, etc.

(BACON CURING (Contd.))

9. MINIMUM WEEKLY RATES OF WAGE: The following table shows, in respect of certain occupations, the weekly minimum rates of wage in operation at 30th June, 1948 as prescribed by Commonwealth and State Industrial Tribunals. Where no rate is shown it indicates that the particular occupation is not specifically provided for in the award or determination. In cases where rates are not uniform throughout a State, the rates shown are, in general, those applying in the capital city. In all cases the number of hours constituting a full week's work is 40.

TABLE XVI : MINIMUM WEEKLY RATES OF WAGE AS AT 30TH JUNE, 1948.

	N.S.W. (S)	Vic. (C)	Q'ld. (S)	S.A. (C)	W.A. (S)	Tas. (S)
	(a)					
Slaughterman	s. d. 164. 0	s. d. 167. 0	s. d. 163. 5	s. d. 164. 0	s. d. 143. 9	s. d. 169. 6
Curer -						
Leading Hand	164. 0	167. 0	161. 0	164. 0	143. 9	154. 6
Assistant	140. 0	146. 6	141. 6	143. 6	134. 3	
	and	and		and		
	155. 0	154. 6		151. 6		
Cutter up	150. 0	154. 6	154. 8	151. 6	136. 9	
Trimmer	136. 0	154. 6	139. 6	151. 6	130. 3	
Roller		154. 6	139. 6	151. 6	134. 3	
Dagger		142. 0	146. 0	139. 0	130. 3	
Lardman	141. 0	142. 0	146. 0	139. 0		
		and		and		
		154. 6		151. 6		
Smoker	140. 0	142. 0	151. 11	139. 0	130. 3	
Scaldor	145. 0	142. 0	152. 0	139. 0	136. 9	
All Others		136. 6	136. 11	133. 6		144. 6
Junior Males -		(b)		(b)		
15 years			55. 9		40. 6	47. 0
16 "	65. 5		63. 2		52. 1	59. 3
17 "	77. 7		72. 4		69. 5	71. 9
18 "	90. 1		88. 10		81. 0	88. 6
19 "	103. 5				104. 2	112. 3
20 "	113. 3				115. 9	127. 3

(C) denotes Commonwealth Court Award. (S) denotes State Award or determination.

(a) Rates for County of Cumberland. (b) Rates vary according to experience ranging from 38/9 to 117/9 in Victoria and from 42/- to 121/9 in South Australia.

NOTE: Weekly rates of wage ranging from 45/7 under 17 years of age 80/10 over 21 years are prescribed for female employees in the Queensland Award.

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CANBERRA, A.C.T.

3RD FEBRUARY, 1950