



PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, AUSTRALIA MARCH QUARTER 1987 SURVEY

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MAIN FEATURES

The final estimates for the March quarter survey in general confirm the picture shown by the preliminary estimates published in Catalogue 5625.0 on 27 May 1987. The most significant change is in the expected estimate of expenditure for 1987-88, which has been revised upwards by about 4 per cent.

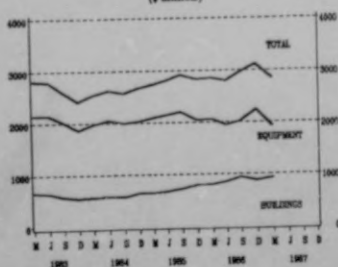
In summary the data in this publication show:

March Quarter Expenditure

The estimates of expenditure for the March quarter 1987 are:

	Mar. Qtr \$m	Change on Dec. Qtr %
Current Prices		
—Original	4,830	-24
—Seasonally Adjusted	5,555	-6
Average 1979-80 Prices—seasonally adjusted		
—Buildings	924	+6
—Equipment	1,928	-14
—Total	2,852	-8

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES
AT AVERAGE 1979-80 PRICES
(\$ million)



1986-87 Expenditure

In the March quarter businesses estimated that expenditure in the June quarter would be \$6,338m. This means that expenditure in 1986-87 is now expected to be \$22,903m.

Expectations derived in this way from previous March quarter surveys have on average slightly overstated the actual expenditure

which has occurred. Applying the minimum, average and maximum annual realisation factors for the past 5 years yields the following estimates of adjusted expenditure for 1986-87 compared to 1985-86.

% change
1986-87 (adjusted estimate) over
1985-86 (actual)

	Average	Min	Max
Buildings	+23	+21	+25
Equipment	+13	+11	+14
Total	+16	+15	+17

1987-88 Expenditure

The revised estimate of businesses' expected expenditure in 1987-88 is \$19,930m, nearly \$900m higher than estimated at the time of the preliminary estimates. The upwards revision is largely a result of the late detection of a number of new development projects, some of which have resulted in revisions to the estimates from the December quarter survey. The increase in 1987-88 expectations has occurred mainly in finance and other selected industries and is in respect of new buildings and structures.

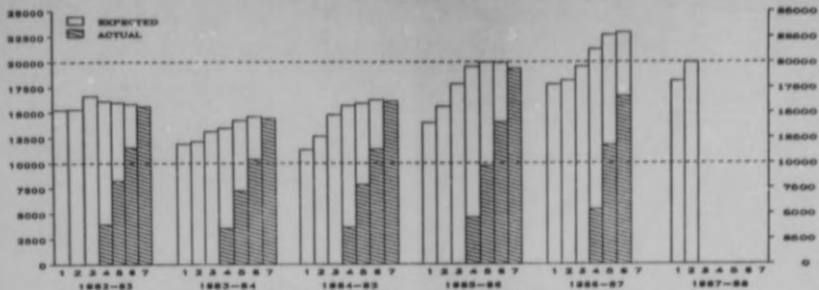
Experience shows that these expectations will be revised upwards in future surveys. The extent of these revisions has varied considerably over time and between industries. Applying the minimum, average and maximum realisation factors for the past five years (from Table 4) yields the following changes over the estimate for 1986-87 derived using the average realisation factors.

% Change 1987-88 over 1986-87
(adjusted estimates)

	Average	Min	Max
Total	+4	-9	+13
By Asset			
Buildings	+11	-13	+32
Equipment	+1	-9	+7
By Industry			
Finance	+18	+7	+33
Mining	-5	-18	+15
Manufacturing	-8	-20	+8
Other	+4	-11	+19

The actual expenditure which is incurred in 1987-88 will depend on a large number of factors, including prevailing economic conditions.

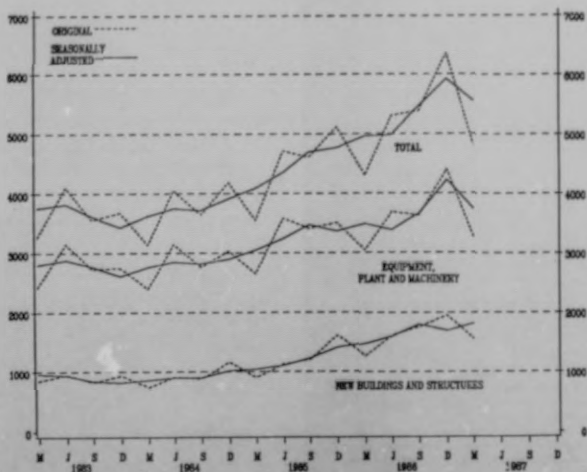
GRAPH 1: PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, AUSTRALIA
SUMMARY OF ANNUAL EXPENDITURE AS DERIVED OVER TIME
(\$ million)



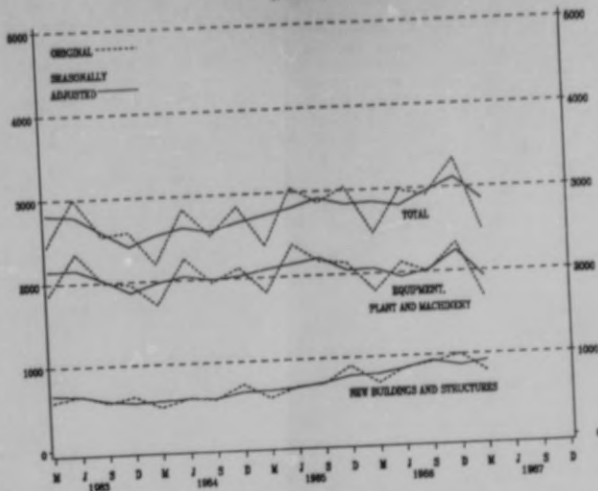
EXPLANATION OF TIMING OF ESTIMATES USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF GRAPH ABOVE

Estimate	Based on data reported at-	Composition of Estimate(s)		
		Date on actual expenditure	Date on short term expected expenditure	Date on long term expected expenditure
1	Jan-Feb 8-8 months before period begins	all	all	12 months
2	Apr-May 2-3 months before period begins	all	all	12 months
3	Jul-Aug at beginning of period	all	8 months	8 months
4	Oct-Nov 3-4 months into period	8 months	3 months	8 months
5	Jan-Feb 6-7 months into period	6 months	6 months	all
6	Apr-May 8-10 months into period	8 months	8 months	all
7	Jul-Aug at end of period	12 months	all	all

GRAPH 2: PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AT CURRENT PRICES.
ORIGINAL AND SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES
(\$ million)



GRAPH 3: PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AT 1979-80 PRICES.
ORIGINAL AND SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES
(\$ million)



EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of actual and expected new capital expenditure by private enterprises in selected industries in Australia. The series contained in this publication have been compiled from data collected in a quarterly survey of private enterprises. The survey is based on a stratified random sample of private enterprises recorded in the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) central register of economic units. The figures obtained from the selected informants are supplemented by data from units which have large capital expenditure and which are outside the sample survey framework, or not adequately covered by it. These data are used to calculate estimates of new fixed capital expenditure by all enterprises in the private sector of the Australian economy falling within the industry scope of the survey.

2. These estimates replace and expand on the preliminary estimates previously published in *Private New Capital Expenditure, Australia* (5625.0) released on 27 May 1987.

Scope of the survey

3. This survey aims to measure the value of new capital expenditure by all private enterprises in Australia. However, because of various collection and compilation difficulties, the statistics in this publication exclude estimates relating to the enterprises classified to agriculture, construction and community services industries. An allowance for these industries is however included in the estimates of private gross fixed capital expenditure in the quarterly and annual national accounts (see paragraph 30).

4. Private households and public sector enterprises (i.e. all departments, authorities and other organisations owned and/or controlled by Commonwealth, State or Local Government) are outside the scope of the survey.

Classification by industry

5. In order to classify new capital expenditure by industry in these series, each enterprise listed on the ABS central register of economic units (and therefore each

selected enterprise) is classified to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) industry in which it mainly operates.

6. All of the new capital expenditure of each selected enterprise is classified to the enterprise's industry irrespective of the industries to which individual establishments of the enterprise may be classified. A measure of the degree to which enterprise based estimates are indicators of corresponding establishment based estimates is given by the enterprise coverage and specialisation ratios published in *Integrated Economic Censuses: Enterprise Statistics, Details by Industry Class, Australia* (8103.0).

7. The industries shown in this publication are detailed below. The numbers in brackets relate to the ASIC subdivisions as defined in the 1983 edition of ASIC.

MINING (11-16)

MANUFACTURING (21-34)

- Food, Beverages and Tobacco (21)
- Textiles, Clothing and Footwear (23,24)
- Paper and Printing, including paper, paper products, printing and publishing (26)
- Chemicals, Petroleum and Coal Products, including chemicals, fertilisers, paints, explosives, cosmetics, oil refining and coal products (27)
- Basic Metal Products (29)
- Transport Equipment (32)
- Fabricated Metal Products, including fabricated metal products, other industrial machinery and equipment and household appliances (31,33)
- Other Manufacturing, including wood, wood products and furniture (except sheet metal), glass, clay and other non-metallic mineral products, leather, rubber and plastic products, and other manufacturing n.e.c. (25,28,34)

FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES (61-63)

OTHER SELECTED INDUSTRIES (36,37,47-59,91-93)

- Electricity, Gas and Water, including electricity, gas, water, sewerage and drainage (36,37)
- Wholesale Trade (47)
- Retail Trade (48)
- Transport and Storage, including road, rail and air transport, shipping, stevedoring and storage (51-58)
- Other Non-Manufacturing, including communication, entertainment, recreation, restaurants, hotels and personal services (59,91-93)

TOTAL INDUSTRIES, excluding public sector and all industries classified to Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting, Community Services and Construction (11-37,47-63,91-93).

8. The new capital expenditure reported is in respect of additions to the fixed assets owned by the businesses surveyed, whether or not the assets will be used

physically by the owner or will be leased to others. Capital expenditure on new assets which are leased to other enterprises is therefore in the industry of the lessor. A large proportion of the fixed assets acquired by the finance, property and business services industry is for lease to enterprises in other industries.

Timing and construction of survey cycle

9. Surveys are conducted in respect of each quarter and returns are completed in the 8 or 9 week period after the end of the quarter to which survey data relate (e.g. March quarter survey returns are completed during April and May). Full details of the reporting cycle are provided in the table on the next page.

10. Businesses are requested to provide 3 basic figures each survey:

- Actual expenditure incurred during the reference quarter (Act.)
- A short term expectation (E1)
- A longer term expectation (E2)

11. The design of the survey cycle readily facilitates formation of estimates of expenditure for financial years (12 months ending 30 June). For instance, as the table on the next page shows, the first estimate for 1986-87 is available from the December 1985 survey as a longer term expectation (E2). It is subsequently revised in the March 1986 survey (again as the longer term expectation) and in the June 1986 survey as the sum of the two expectations (E1 + E2). In subsequent surveys the estimate continues to be revised, being derived as the sum of actual expenditure (for that part of the year completed) and expected expenditure for the remainder of the year. Finally the seventh estimate, from the June 1987 survey is derived by summing the actual expenditure for each of the four quarters.

Derivation and usefulness of realisation ratios

12. Once actual expenditure for a financial year is known, it is useful to investigate the relationship between each of the prior 6 estimates and that actual. The resultant realisation ratios (subsequent actual divided by expected expenditure) then indicate how much expenditure was actually incurred against the amount expected to be incurred at the various times of reporting. Realisation ratios can also be formed separately for 3 or 6 month expectations as well as the 12 month E2 estimates or combinations of estimates containing at least 1 expectation component (e.g. 6 months actual plus 6 months expected expenditure).

13. Realisation ratios provide an important tool in understanding and interpreting expectations statistics for future periods. Application of such ratios allows expectations collected at different points in the survey cycle to be

validly compared to each other and to actual expenditure estimates. For example, if one wished to estimate actual expenditure for 1986-87 based on the March 1986 survey results and compare this to an estimate for 1985-86 (based on the same survey's results), it is necessary to apply realisation factors to the two estimates to put them on the same basis. Once this has been done, the estimates can be validly compared to each other and to previously derived estimates of actual expenditure for 1984-85 or earlier years.

14. There are many ways in which realisation factors can be applied to make adjusted estimates of actual expenditure for a future period. The adjusted estimates shown on page 1 of this publication have been derived using realisation ratios which are the average of the latest available five observations.

Speculative construction projects

15. To bring the definitions used in this survey into line with those used in other ABS statistical collections, the definition of new capital expenditure used in the December quarter 1982 and subsequent surveys was changed in respect of the treatment of speculative construction projects. The value of unsold, speculatively built construction projects, previously regarded as fixed tangible assets of the builder/property developer, is now regarded as stocks (of the builder/property developer). Commencing with the estimates collected in the December 1982 survey, the value of additions to unsold, speculatively built construction projects (whether completed or not) is regarded as additions to stocks (rather than new capital expenditure) and is therefore excluded from the estimates in this publication. Expenditure on the purchase of speculatively built construction projects is now regarded as new capital expenditure of the purchaser, at the time of purchase. This change has resulted in a break in the series for new buildings and structures for the finance, property and business services industry (and consequent aggregates).

16. To assist users in obtaining a consistent series over time, adjustments to both the actual and expectations series have been made in this publication. Data for 1982-83 have been measured directly. Data for 1980-81 and 1981-82 have been estimated on the basis of the 1982-83 adjustment. Adjustments for earlier periods have not been made as 1980-81 is the earliest year for which data are shown in this publication.

Description of terms

17. *Enterprise*. For statistical purposes, the concept of an enterprise is broadly that of a unit comprising all the operations in Australia of a single operating legal entity, e.g. company, partnership, sole proprietor.

18. *New capital expenditure* refers to expenditure on new fixed tangible assets including major improvements, alterations and additions. In general, this is expenditure charged to fixed tangible assets accounts excluding expenditure on second-hand assets unless these are imported for the first time from overseas.

19. Certain estimates are dissected by type of asset:

- (a) *New buildings and structures*. Includes industrial and commercial buildings, houses, flats and home units, etc., water and sewerage installations, lifts, heating, ventilating and similar equipment forming an integral part of buildings and structures, land development and construction site development, roads, bridges, wharves, harbours, railway lines, pipelines, power and telephone lines. Also includes mine development (e.g. construction of shafts in underground mines, preparation of mining and quarrying sites for open cut extraction, and other developmental operations undertaken primarily for commencing or extending production). Excludes purchases of land or previously occupied buildings.

SURVEY OF NEW FIXED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE — REPORTING CYCLE

Survey Quarter	Financial Year Estimate Obtained(a)	Period to which reported data relate(b)											
		1985-86			1986-87				1987-88				
		Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	
Dec. 85	1	—			E2								
Mar. 86	2	—			E2								
June 86	3	—			E1		E2						
Sept. 86	4	—			Act.	E1	E2						
Dec. 86	5	1			Act.	Act.	E1		E2				
Mar. 87	6	2			Act.	Act.	Act.	E1	E2				
June 87	7	3			Act.	Act.	Act.	Act.	E1		E2		

(a) These numbers align with the numbers associated with financial year estimates shown in graph 1 on page 2 and Table 4. (b) Act. represents estimate of actual expenditure for that quarter. E1 and E2 represent estimates of short term and longer term expected expenditure, respectively.

- (b) *Equipment, plant and machinery.* Includes plant, machinery, vehicles, electrical apparatus, office equipment, furniture, fixtures and fittings not forming an integral part of buildings, durable containers, special tooling, etc. Also includes goods imported for the first time whether previously used outside Australia or not. Excludes goods previously used in Australia.

Accruals basis

20. Respondents have been asked to report all expenses incurred (except capitalised interest) during the period under review in acquiring new fixed tangible assets (including design, technical and legal fees and assembly, installation and transport costs) irrespective of when the payments are made.

Seasonal adjustments

21. The quarterly actual new capital expenditure series in this publication are affected to some extent by seasonal influences and it is useful to recognise and take account of this element of variation.
22. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics are in fact only estimates and should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important, therefore, to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject. Particular care should be taken in interpreting quarter to quarter movements in the adjusted figures in this publication, especially for detailed industry estimates and type of asset dissections.
23. Following the December quarter 1986, the seasonally adjusted series were reanalysed to take into account the latest available data. The nature of the seasonal adjustment process is such that the magnitude of some revisions resulting from reanalysis may be quite significant, especially for data for more recent quarters. For this reason, additional care should be exercised when interpreting movements in seasonally adjusted data for recent quarters.

24. It should be noted that the seasonally adjusted figures necessarily reflect the sampling and other errors to which the original figures are subject.

25. Details of the seasonal adjustment methods used, together with selected measures of variability for these series are available on request.

Estimates at average 1979-80 prices

26. Seasonally adjusted estimates of new capital expenditure at average 1979-80 prices, classified by type of asset are shown in Table 3. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates are the price deflators compiled for the new fixed assets components of the national

accounts aggregates 'Private gross fixed capital expenditure on non-dwelling construction' and 'Private gross fixed capital expenditure on equipment'.

Reliability of the estimates

27. Since estimates are based on information obtained from a sample drawn from units in the surveyed population, the estimates and the movements derived from them are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all units had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of units was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all units had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative standard error* which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate. The sample estimates of quarter to quarter movement in the value of new capital expenditure are also subject to sampling variability. The relative standard error of the estimate of movement is expressed as a percentage of the quarterly estimate of the level of capital expenditure.

28. Table 7 presents a summary of relative standard errors for certain estimates of level and of movement for actual expenditure. Relative standard errors for estimates of expected capital expenditure are comparable to those for corresponding estimates of actual expenditure. Examples of the use of relative standard errors are as follows:

- (a) *Estimates of level.* Actual total new capital expenditure in December quarter 1986 was \$6,353m (from Table 1) and the applicable relative standard error is 1.9 per cent (from Table 7). There are 2 chances in 3 that a complete collection would give an estimate within one standard error of the sample estimate (i.e. in the range \$6,232m to \$6,474m) and 19 chances in 20 that the 'true' estimate would be within two standard errors of the sample estimate (i.e. in the range \$6,111m to \$6,595m).
- (b) *Estimates of movement.* The derived estimate of quarterly movement to December quarter 1986 for total new capital expenditure was +\$972m (+18.1%) from a September estimate of \$5,381m (from Table 1). The applicable relative standard error is 2.6 per cent (from Table 7). The relative standard error is expressed as a percentage of the earlier quarter's estimate of level and in this case means there are 2 chances in 3 that a complete collection would have given an estimate of movement in the range of +\$834m to +\$1,114m (+15.5% to +20.7%) and 19 chances in 20 that the 'true' estimate of movement would have been in the range +\$694m to +\$1,254m (+12.9% to +23.3%).

29. The imprecision due to sampling, which is measured by the standard error, is of course not the only type of inaccuracy to which the estimates are subject. Other inaccuracies, referred to collectively as non-sampling error, may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, deficiencies in the central register of economic units from which the sample is selected and deficiencies in the allowance made each quarter for the probable commencement of new enterprises since the sample was selected.

Comparison with other statistics published by the ABS

30. The statistics for new capital expenditure shown in this publication differ from estimates of private gross fixed capital expenditure shown in Australian National Accounts publications for the following reasons:

- (a) The national accounts estimates incorporate data from other sources as well as information from the capital expenditure survey. For example, income tax tabulations provide the benchmark data for estimating the national accounts private gross fixed capital expenditure on 'equipment' and the ABS's quarterly building collection is the main data source for estimating the national accounts 'dwellings' item.
- (b) The national accounts estimates include the capital expenditure by private enterprises classified to the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, construction and community services industries and the capital expenditure on dwellings by households, statistics of which are excluded from this publication (see paragraphs 3 and 4).
- (c) The national accounts estimates include the value of work done on speculative construction projects as the work is put into place. The statistics in this publication include the value of work done on speculative construction projects as new capital expenditure when the project is sold (see paragraphs 15 and 16).
- (d) For 'equipment' the national accounts estimates relate to acquisitions less disposals of all fixed tangible assets whereas the survey figures are acquisitions of new fixed tangible assets only.

31. The statistics shown in this publication will also differ from some of the statistics derived from the ABS's economic censuses for the following reasons:

- (a) The statistics shown in this publication are derived from a sample survey and consequently are subject to sampling variability.

(b) These statistics relate to enterprise units whereas statistics in some other ABS publications (e.g. *Manufacturing Establishments, Details of Operations by Industry Class, Australia* (8203.0)) relate to establishments.

(c) The fixed capital expenditure statistics published in the economic census publications are acquisitions less disposals of all fixed tangible assets whereas the survey figures published herein are acquisitions of new fixed tangible assets only.

Related publications

32. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:

Australian National Accounts, National Income and Expenditure, (5204.0) — issued annually

Quarterly Estimates of National Income and Expenditure, Australia (5206.0)—issued quarterly

Australian National Accounts, Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0)

State Estimates of Private New Capital Expenditure (5646.0)—issued quarterly

33. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The *Catalogue* and *Publications Advice* are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- ... not applicable
- n.y.a. not yet available
- r figure or series revised since previous issue
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
- ASIC Australian Standard Industrial Classification 1983 edition

Electronic services

34. VIATEL. Key *656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

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TABLE 1. - ACTUAL AND EXPECTED PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET.
ORIGINAL SERIES
(\$ million)

Type of Asset and Selected Industries	ACTUAL								EXPECTED (a)		
	1984-85	1985-86	1985-86				1986-87		3 Months to June 87	1986-87	1987-88
			Dec. qtr	March qtr	June qtr	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March Qtr			
BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES											
Finance, Property and Business Services	1,447	r 1,839	506	r 400	r 519	r 631	r 677	554	802	2,664	3,137
Mining	937	1,300	341	333	392	r 416	r 415	408	419	1,659	1,345
Manufacturing	478	705	217	109	196	195	259	165	260	878	596
Other Selected Industries	1,199	r 1,845	544	r 423	505	r 512	r 595	435	568	2,113	1,666
<i>Total Buildings and Structures</i>	<i>4,062</i>	<i>r 5,690</i>	<i>1,608</i>	<i>r 1,265</i>	<i>r 1,615</i>	<i>r 1,755</i>	<i>r 1,949</i>	<i>1,562</i>	<i>2,048</i>	<i>7,314</i>	<i>6,743</i>
EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY											
Finance, Property and Business Services	5,515	r 5,385	1,397	1,183	r 1,281	r 1,336	1,613	1,217	1,327	5,493	5,084
Mining	1,077	1,365	357	321	365	r 423	r 516	392	744	2,075	1,811
Manufacturing	r 2,985	r 4,259	r 1,071	r 974	r 1,304	r 1,210	r 1,415	1,111	1,469	5,305	4,349
Other Selected Industries	2,454	2,638	682	560	741	r 658	r 860	549	751	2,817	1,942
<i>Total Equipment, Plant and Machinery</i>	<i>r 12,031</i>	<i>r 13,647</i>	<i>r 3,508</i>	<i>r 3,038</i>	<i>r 3,691</i>	<i>r 3,626</i>	<i>r 4,404</i>	<i>3,268</i>	<i>4,290</i>	<i>15,589</i>	<i>13,187</i>
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE											
Finance, Property and Business Services	6,962	r 7,224	1,903	r 1,583	r 1,800	r 1,967	r 2,290	1,771	2,129	8,157	8,221
Mining	2,014	2,665	697	654	757	r 839	r 932	800	1,162	3,733	3,156
Manufacturing											
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	786	890	231	190	238	225	245	237	284	991	830
Textiles, Clothing and Footwear	124	144	35	31	40	r 39	39	31	35	144	121
Paper and Printing	390	547	148	118	181	127	r 172	142	163	604	483
Chemicals, Petroleum and Coal Products	354	457	115	101	136	155	177	112	165	608	570
Basic Metal Products	r 486	r 1,147	r 253	r 262	r 407	r 343	381	253	356	1,323	1,155
Transport Equipment	373	r 520	159	126	122	r 228	231	163	315	934	627
Fabricated Metal Products	485	r 562	164	109	r 154	128	r 150	140	167	585	516
Other Manufacturing	464	697	185	146	221	162	278	198	246	884	642
<i>Total Manufacturing</i>	<i>r 3,463</i>	<i>r 4,964</i>	<i>r 1,289</i>	<i>r 1,084</i>	<i>r 1,499</i>	<i>r 1,406</i>	<i>r 1,673</i>	<i>1,276</i>	<i>1,729</i>	<i>6,083</i>	<i>4,945</i>
Other Selected Industries											
Electricity, Gas and Water	60	84	30	17	24	21	24	30	21	87	78
Wholesale Trade	896	1,096	290	217	302	r 243	r 325	213	321	1,102	891
Retail Trade	912	r 962	281	209	r 225	247	r 316	206	294	1,062	808
Transport and Storage	853	990	238	237	329	259	321	178	308	1,066	563
Other Non Manufacturing	932	r 1,351	383	r 303	370	r 400	r 472	366	374	1,611	1,268
<i>Total Other Selected Industries</i>	<i>3,654</i>	<i>r 4,483</i>	<i>1,226</i>	<i>r 983</i>	<i>r 1,249</i>	<i>r 1,170</i>	<i>r 1,458</i>	<i>984</i>	<i>1,318</i>	<i>4,930</i>	<i>3,608</i>
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	r 16,093	r 19,336	r 5,115	r 4,304	r 5,305	r 5,381	r 6,353	4,830	6,338	22,903	19,930

(a) As reported by businesses. The series are not projections and have not been adjusted by the realisation factors shown in TABLES 4 and 5. See paragraphs 9 to 14 of the explanatory notes.

TABLE 2. - ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES AND PERCENTAGE CHANGE

Selected Industries	1985-86			1986-87			1987-88			1988-89		
	Dec.	March	June	Sept.	Dec.	March	Dec.	March	June	Sept.	Dec.	March
	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr	qtr
	(£ MILLION) £											
	PERCENTAGE CHANGE %											
BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES												
Finance, Property and Business Services	446	497	495	626	594	689	9	12	-1	27	-5	16
Mining	305	346	402	441	370	423	23	14	16	10	-16	14
Manufacturing	188	124	197	201	223	188	-1	-34	59	2	11	-16
Other Selected Industries	465	500	502	528	510	514	22	8	0	5	-3	1
<i>Total Buildings and Structures</i>	<i>1,404</i>	<i>1,468</i>	<i>1,596</i>	<i>1,796</i>	<i>1,698</i>	<i>1,814</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>7</i>
EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY												
Finance, Property and Business Services	1,416	1,318	1,101	1,383	1,650	1,338	-10	-7	-16	25	19	-19
Mining	318	386	356	407	463	471	1	21	-8	14	14	2
Manufacturing	989	1,115	1,262	1,204	1,307	1,274	9	13	13	-5	9	-3
Other Selected Industries	640	670	664	671	806	658	-4	5	-1	1	20	-18
<i>Total Equipment, Plant and Machinery</i>	<i>3,363</i>	<i>3,489</i>	<i>3,384</i>	<i>3,664</i>	<i>4,226</i>	<i>3,741</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>-11</i>
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE												
Finance, Property and Business Services	1,862	1,815	1,596	2,009	2,245	2,027	-6	-2	-12	26	12	-10
Mining	623	732	758	848	833	894	10	17	4	12	-2	7
Manufacturing												
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	217	214	227	225	231	267	-6	-1	6	-1	3	15
Textiles, Clothing and Footwear	34	33	38	40	38	33	-13	-2	15	6	-5	-14
Paper and Printing	122	142	164	148	142	172	5	16	15	-9	-4	21
Chemicals, Petroleum and Coal Products	104	115	137	152	160	136	1	10	19	11	5	-21
Basic Metal Products	238	298	419	314	362	288	14	26	40	-25	15	-20
Transport Equipment	140	153	119	227	201	197	25	9	-22	91	-11	-2
Fabricated Metal Products	149	122	146	136	134	157	5	-18	20	-7	-2	18
Other Manufacturing	174	163	211	163	262	222	19	-6	29	-23	61	-15
<i>Total Manufacturing</i>	<i>1,177</i>	<i>1,239</i>	<i>1,460</i>	<i>1,405</i>	<i>1,530</i>	<i>1,462</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>-4</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>-4</i>
Other Selected Industries												
Electricity, Gas and Water	25	21	24	22	20	36	74	-13	11	-7	-10	31
Wholesale Trade	265	289	261	242	297	285	-8	9	-9	-7	23	-4
Retail Trade	250	257	209	252	279	253	0	3	-19	20	11	-9
Transport and Storage	226	262	307	266	306	196	18	16	17	-13	15	-36
Other Non Manufacturing	340	341	365	416	414	411	12	0	7	14	-1	-1
<i>Total Other Selected Industries</i>	<i>1,105</i>	<i>1,170</i>	<i>1,166</i>	<i>1,198</i>	<i>1,316</i>	<i>1,172</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>-11</i>
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,767	4,957	4,980	5,460	5,923	5,555	2	4	0	10	8	-6

TABLE 3 - ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AT AVERAGE 1979-80 PRICES (a) AND IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATORS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Period	(\$ MILLION) ^r			PERCENTAGE CHANGE ^r		
	Buildings and structures	Equipment, Plant and Machinery	TOTAL	Buildings and structures	Equipment, Plant and Machinery	TOTAL
1983-84	2,262	7,906	10,168	-20.2	-10.9	-13.1
1984-85	2,517	8,260	10,777	11.3	4.5	6.0
1985-86	3,151	8,249	11,400	25.2	-1	5.8
1984-85- June	665	2,145	2,810	3.4	2.5	2.7
1985-86- September	712	2,203	2,915	7.1	2.7	3.7
December	787	2,047	2,834	10.5	-7.1	-2.8
March	799	2,054	2,853	1.5	3	.7
June	853	1,945	2,798	6.8	-5.3	-1.9
1986-87- September	936	2,022	2,958	9.7	4.0	5.7
December	874	2,241	3,115	-6.6	10.8	5.3
March	924	1,928	2,852	5.7	-14.0	-8.4
IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR (1979-80 = 100.0)				PERCENTAGE CHANGE		
1983-84	151.0	139.1	141.7	r 4.9	7.5	r 6.6
1984-85	161.2	r 145.5	149.2	6.7	r 4.6	5.3
1985-86	180.5	166.2	170.2	12.0	14.2	14.1
1984-85- June	166.6	151.2	154.8	2.7	3.7	3.4
1985-86- September	172.2	157.5	161.1	3.4	4.2	4.1
December	178.3	164.3	168.2	3.5	4.3	4.4
March	183.7	169.9	173.7	3.0	3.4	3.3
June	187.1	174.0	178.0	1.9	2.4	2.5
1986-87- September	191.9	181.2	184.6	2.6	4.1	3.7
December	r 194.2	r 183.6	r 190.2	r 1.2	r 4.1	r 3.0
March	196.3	194.1	194.8	2.1	2.9	2.4

(a) See paragraph 26 of the explanatory notes.

TABLE 4. - ACTUAL AND EXPECTED (a) PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR FINANCIAL YEARS,
BY TYPE OF ASSET

Financial Year	12 months expectation as reported in AN-FEB of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 1)	12 months expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 2)	12 Months expectation as reported in JULY-AUG (ESTIMATE 3)	3 months actual and 9 months expectation as reported in OCT-NOV (ESTIMATE 4)	6 month actual and 6 month expectation as reported in JAN-FEB (ESTIMATE 5)	9 month actual and 3 month expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY (ESTIMATE 6)	12 months actual (ESTIMATE 7)
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	12,297	13,330	15,553	15,381	15,814	15,618	15,315
1982-83	15,250	15,300	16,610	16,100	15,951	15,806	15,606
1983-84	11,878	12,117	13,114	13,474	14,215	14,586	14,424
1984-85	11,339	12,622	14,787	r 15,678	r 15,915	r 16,234	r 16,093
1985-86	r 13,961	r 15,585	r 17,821	r 19,508	r 19,966	r 19,831	r 19,336
1986-87	r 17,781	r 18,128	r 19,533	r 21,243	r 22,642	22,903	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 18,123	19,930	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.25	1.15	.98	1.00	.97	.98	1.00
1982-83	1.02	1.02	.94	.97	.98	.99	1.00
1983-84	1.21	1.19	1.10	1.07	1.01	.99	1.00
1984-85	r 1.42	r 1.27	1.09	1.03	1.01	.99	1.00
1985-86	r 1.39	r 1.24	1.09	.99	.97	.97	1.00
5 Year Average	r 1.26	r 1.17	r 1.04	1.01	.99	.98	1.00
PERCENTAGE CHANGE OVER PREVIOUS ESTIMATE FOR SAME FINANCIAL YEAR							
1981-82	..	8.4	16.7	-1.1	2.8	-1.2	-2.0
1982-83	..	.3	8.6	-3.1	-9	-9	-1.3
1983-84	..	2.0	8.2	2.7	5.5	2.6	-1.1
1984-85	..	11.3	17.2	r 6.0	1.5	1.9	-8
1985-86	..	11.6	14.3	r 9.5	r 2.3	-4	r -2.7
1986-87	..	r 2.0	7.7	r 8.8	r 6.6	1.2	n.y.a.
1987-88	..	10.0	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
PERCENTAGE CHANGE OVER CORRESPONDING ESTIMATE FOR PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR							
1981-82	34.0	27.7	31.6	24.2	26.2	24.5	25.9
1982-83	24.0	14.8	6.8	4.7	.9	1.2	1.9
1983-84	-22.1	-20.8	-21.0	-16.3	-10.9	-7.7	-7.6
1984-85	-4.5	4.2	12.8	r 16.4	r 12.0	r 11.2	11.6
1985-86	r 23.1	23.5	r 20.5	24.4	r 25.5	r 22.5	20.2
1986-87	27.4	r 16.3	r 9.6	r 8.9	r 13.4	15.2	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 1.9	9.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.

For footnotes see end of table.

TABLE 4. - ACTUAL AND EXPECTED (a) PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR FINANCIAL YEARS.
BY TYPE OF ASSET - Continued

Financial Year	12 months expectation as reported in JAN-FEB of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 1)	12 months expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 2)	12 months expectation as reported in JULY-AUG (ESTIMATE 3)	3 months actual and 9 months expectation as reported in OCT-NOV (ESTIMATE 4)	6 month actual and 6 month expectation as reported in JAN-FEB (ESTIMATE 5)	9 month actual and 3 month expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY (ESTIMATE 6)	12 months actual (ESTIMATE 7)
BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	3,197	3,624	4,563	4,224	4,393	4,196	3,936
1982-83	4,390	4,473	4,899	4,450	4,378	4,279	4,080
1983-84	2,858	3,143	3,133	3,355	3,436	3,536	3,404
1984-85	2,596	2,985	3,541	3,719	4,085	4,220	4,062
1985-86	3,249	4,140	r 4,888	r 5,483	r 5,768	r 5,840	r 5,690
1986-87	r 4,568	r 4,958	r 6,045	r 6,714	r 7,032	7,314	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 5,127	6,743	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.23	1.09	.86	.93	.90	.94	1.00
1982-83	.93	.91	r .83	.92	.93	.95	1.00
1983-84	1.19	1.08	1.09	1.01	.98	.96	1.00
1984-85	1.56	1.36	1.15	1.09	.99	.96	1.00
1985-86	1.75	1.37	1.16	1.04	.99	.97	1.00
5 Year Average	1.33	1.16	r 1.02	1.00	.96	.96	1.00
EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	9,100	9,706	10,990	11,158	11,422	11,422	11,377
1982-83	10,860	10,827	11,710	11,650	11,573	11,528	11,526
1983-84	9,020	8,974	9,981	10,118	10,729	11,050	11,020
1984-85	8,743	9,638	11,246	r 11,959	r 11,830	r 12,004	r 12,031
1985-86	r 10,713	r 11,445	r 12,908	r 13,720	r 14,198	r 14,040	r 13,647
1986-87	r 13,213	r 13,170	r 13,458	r 14,528	r 15,515	15,589	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 12,996	13,187	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.25	1.17	1.04	1.02	1.00	1.00	1.00
1982-83	1.06	1.06	.98	.99	1.00	1.00	1.00
1983-84	1.22	1.23	1.10	1.09	1.03	1.00	1.00
1984-85	1.38	1.25	1.07	1.01	1.02	1.00	1.00
1985-86	1.27	1.19	1.06	r .99	.96	.97	1.00
5 Year Average	1.24	1.18	1.05	1.02	1.00	.99	1.00

(a) See paragraphs 9 to 14 of the explanatory notes.

TABLE 5. - ACTUAL AND EXPECTED (a) PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR FINANCIAL YEARS,
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Financial Year	12 months expectation as reported in JAN-FEB of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 1)	12 months expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 2)	12 Months expectation as reported in JULY-AUG (ESTIMATE 3)	3 months actual and 9 months expectation as reported in OCT-NOV (ESTIMATE 4)	6 month actual and 6 month expectation as reported in JAN-FEB (ESTIMATE 5)	9 month actual and 3 month expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY (ESTIMATE 6)	12 months actual (ESTIMATE 7)
FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	3,980	4,009	4,604	4,572	4,908	4,743	4,810
1982-83	5,109	4,888	5,961	5,462	5,174	5,087	5,261
1983-84	4,563	4,545	4,865	4,592	5,310	5,534	5,714
1984-85	4,749	5,173	5,997	6,511	6,492	6,799	6,962
1985-86	5,943	6,626	7,091	7,652	7,516	7,377	7,224
1986-87	7,988	6,581	7,385	8,098	8,094	8,157	n.y.a.
1987-88	7,273	8,231	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.21	1.20	1.04	1.05	.98	1.01	1.00
1982-83	1.03	1.08	.88	.97	1.02	1.03	1.00
1983-84	1.25	1.26	1.17	1.17	1.08	1.03	1.00
1984-85	1.47	1.35	1.16	1.07	1.07	1.02	1.00
1985-86	1.22	1.09	1.02	.94	.96	.98	1.00
5 Year Average	1.23	1.19	1.06	1.04	1.02	1.02	1.00
MINING (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	2,173	2,474	2,929	2,825	3,072	2,962	2,789
1982-83	3,593	3,766	3,682	3,627	3,827	3,676	3,751
1983-84	2,515	2,509	2,707	2,575	2,653	2,575	2,308
1984-85	1,830	2,047	2,175	2,272	2,330	2,121	2,014
1985-86	1,822	2,109	2,308	2,854	2,999	2,870	2,665
1986-87	3,131	3,099	3,384	3,611	3,805	3,733	n.y.a.
1987-88	3,137	3,156	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.28	1.13	0.95	0.99	0.91	0.94	1.00
1982-83	.94	.90	.92	.93	.88	.92	1.00
1983-84	.92	.92	.85	.90	.87	.90	1.00
1984-85	1.10	.98	.93	.89	.86	.95	1.00
1985-86	1.46	1.26	1.15	.93	.89	.93	1.00
5 Year Average	1.14	1.04	.96	.91	.88	.93	1.00

For footnotes see end of table.

TABLE 5. - ACTUAL AND EXPECTED (a) PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FOR FINANCIAL YEARS, BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES - Continued

Financial Year	12 months expectation as reported in JAN-FEB of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 1)	12 months expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY of previous financial year (ESTIMATE 2)	12 Months expectation as reported in JULY-AUG (ESTIMATE 3)	3 months actual and 9 months expectation as reported in OCT-NOV (ESTIMATE 4)	6 month actual and 6 month expectation as reported in JAN-FEB (ESTIMATE 5)	9 month actual and 3 month expectation as reported in APRIL-MAY (ESTIMATE 6)	12 months actual (ESTIMATE 7)
MANUFACTURING (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	4,151	4,357	4,845	4,827	4,788	4,706	4,478
1982-83	4,161	4,111	4,125	4,140	4,071	4,026	3,907
1983-84	2,717	2,737	3,045	3,281	3,239	3,221	3,034
1984-85	2,875	3,143	3,740	r 3,704	r 3,667	r 3,620	r 3,463
1985-86	r 3,706	r 3,395	r 4,675	r 4,974	r 5,042	r 5,020	r 4,964
1986-87	r 4,719	r 4,855	r 5,249	r 5,480	r 6,129	6,083	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 4,668	4,945	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.08	1.03	0.92	0.93	0.94	0.95	1.00
1982-83	.94	.95	.95	.94	.96	.97	1.00
1983-84	1.12	1.11	1.00	.92	.94	.94	1.00
1984-85	r 1.20	r 1.10	r .93	r .93	r .94	r .96	1.00
1985-86	1.34	1.27	1.06	1.00	.98	.99	1.00
5 Year Average	1.14	r 1.09	.97	.95	.95	.96	1.00
OTHER SELECTED INDUSTRIES (\$ MILLION)							
1981-82	1,994	2,489	3,176	3,158	3,046	3,206	3,235
1982-83	2,388	2,535	2,941	2,932	2,880	3,017	3,056
1983-84	2,083	2,326	2,497	2,725	3,013	3,256	3,369
1984-85	1,886	2,260	2,376	3,191	3,426	3,684	3,654
1985-86	2,491	2,954	3,722	r 4,070	r 4,409	r 4,613	r 4,483
1986-87	r 2,943	r 3,293	r 3,552	r 4,054	r 4,614	4,930	n.y.a.
1987-88	r 3,045	3,608	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
RATIO OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURE TO EACH PROGRESSIVE ESTIMATE							
1981-82	1.62	1.30	1.02	1.02	1.06	1.01	1.00
1982-83	1.28	1.21	1.08	1.04	1.06	1.01	1.00
1983-84	1.62	1.45	1.35	1.24	1.12	1.03	1.00
1984-85	1.94	1.62	1.27	1.14	1.07	.99	1.00
1985-86	1.80	1.52	1.20	1.10	1.02	.97	1.00
5 Year Average	1.65	1.42	1.18	1.11	r 1.06	1.00	1.00

(a) See paragraphs 9 to 14 of the explanatory notes.

TABLE 6 - RATIO OF ACTUAL TO SHORT TERM EXPECTED PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (a)
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET

Financial Year	Three Months Ending		Six Months Ending	
	31 December (Collected in September Survey)	30 June (Collected in March Survey)	31 December (Collected in June Survey)	30 June (Collected in December Survey)
FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES				
1981-82	1.01	1.05	1.13	.96
1982-83	.96	1.12	.94	1.03
1983-84	1.13	1.12	1.13	1.16
1984-85	.95	1.08	1.06	1.14
1985-86	.95	.92	1.10	.92
1986-87	r .97	n.y.a	r 1.10	n.y.a
5 Year Average	r .99	1.06	r 1.07	1.04
MINING				
1981-82	.93	.83	.87	.84
1982-83	.92	.71	.94	.77
1983-84	.76	.68	.80	.75
1984-85	.88	.83	.96	.74
1985-86	.91	.79	1.04	.81
1986-87	r .90	n.y.a	r 1.04	n.y.a
5 Year Average	.87	.77	r .96	.78
MANUFACTURING				
1981-82	.86	.84	.92	.88
1982-83	.91	.83	.92	.91
1983-84	.84	.81	.95	.88
1984-85	.90	.87	r .86	.90
1985-86	r .93	r .96	1.03	.97
1986-87	1.05	n.y.a	1.11	n.y.a
5 Year Average	.92	.87	.98	.91
OTHER SELECTED INDUSTRIES				
1981-82	.91	1.03	.97	1.14
1982-83	1.00	1.04	1.07	1.13
1983-84	1.11	1.13	1.13	1.26
1984-85	1.00	.97	1.08	1.14
1985-86	1.10	r .91	1.13	r 1.03
1986-87	r 1.17	n.y.a	r 1.27	n.y.a
5 Year Average	r 1.08	1.02	1.14	1.14
TOTAL SELECTED INDUSTRIES				
1981-82	.93	.94	.96	.94
1982-83	.94	.95	.96	.96
1983-84	.97	.96	1.01	1.03
1984-85	.94	.97	1.00	1.02
1985-86	.97	.91	1.08	.94
1986-87	1.02	n.y.a	r 1.13	n.y.a
5 Year Average	.97	.95	r 1.04	.98
BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES				
1981-82	.86	.81	.95	.81
1982-83	.88	.83	.92	.86
1983-84	.96	.87	1.02	.95
1984-85	1.06	.88	1.02	.99
1985-86	1.01	.91	1.13	r .97
1986-87	r .99	n.y.a	r 1.11	n.y.a
5 Year Average	r .99	.86	1.04	.92
EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY				
1981-82	.95	.99	.99	.99
1982-83	.97	1.00	.97	.99
1983-84	.97	.99	1.01	1.06
1984-85	.90	1.01	1.00	1.03
1985-86	.95	.90	1.06	r .92
1986-87	1.03	n.y.a	r 1.14	n.y.a
5 Year Average	.96	.98	1.04	1.00

(a) See paragraphs 9 to 14 of the explanatory notes.

TABLE 7 - APPROXIMATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS (a) OF PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET

	Total Expenditure %	Quarter to Quarter Movement %
FINANCE		
Buildings and Structures	14.5	17.7
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	2.0	2.5
<i>Total Finance</i>	2.7	3.8
MINING		
Buildings and Structures	1.6	2.5
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	6.3	7.3
<i>Total Mining</i>	3.5	4.2
MANUFACTURING		
Buildings and Structures	10.3	14.7
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	2.9	4.3
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	4.2	5.6
Textiles, Clothing and Footwear	18.2	19.7
Paper and Printing	14.4	28.9
Chemicals, Petroleum and Coal Products	5.2	4.5
Basic Metal Products	.8	1.0
Transport Equipment	3.5	4.0
Fabricated Metal Products	10.6	12.2
Other Manufacturing	9.8	14.5
<i>Total Manufacturing</i>	3.1	4.3
OTHER SELECTED INDUSTRIES		
Buildings and Structures	9.4	12.0
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	5.9	7.2
Electricity, Gas and Water	12.4	11.5
Wholesale Trade	9.7	12.5
Retail Trade	9.9	15.5
Transport and Storage	10.5	10.8
Other Non-Manufacturing	11.4	13.1
<i>Total Other Selected Industries</i>	5.2	6.6
TOTAL ALL INDUSTRIES		
Buildings and Structures	6.0	7.7
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	1.9	2.5
TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1.9	2.6

(a) See paragraphs 27 to 29 of the explanatory notes.