

### Trust and the Web:

# Can the audit criteria apply to Web Archives?

Gerard Clifton Manager, Digital Preservation National Library of Australia



### Overview

- Approaches to Web archiving
- Users & uses
- Data collection & management
- TDR compliance issues for Web
- Ways forward?



# Aims of Web Archiving

- Collect & preserve online documentary heritage
- Usually by National Libraries or Archives
  - Examples:
    - PANDORA National Library of Australia & 9 other partner agencies
    - MINERVA Library of Congress, USA
    - Kulturarw<sup>3</sup> National Library of Sweden
    - WARP (Web Archiving Project) National Diet Library, Japan
    - WebArchiv National Library of the Czech Republic
    - Bibliothèque nationale de France
    - Groups: Nordic Web Archive, UK Web Archiving Consortium International Internet Preservation Consortium (IIPC)
    - Internet Archive

More information – PADI – Web archiving topic: <a href="http://www.nla.gov.au/padi/topics/92.html">http://www.nla.gov.au/padi/topics/92.html</a>



# Approaches to Web Archiving

- Comprehensive ('Whole Domain')
  - Whole domain snapshots
  - Large volumes, automated, low QA
    - Examples: Internet Archive, Kulturarw<sup>3</sup> (Sweden)
- Selective
  - Focused, selected harvests, high QA
    - Documents, publications, sites
    - Examples: PANDORA (NLA), UK Web Archiving Consortium MINERVA (LoC) (Thematic)
- Combined
  - Mix comprehensive, continuous (10%), selective, thematic
    - Bibliothèque nationale de France



### Users & Uses of Web Archives

- No 'typical user'
  - Anyone with a Web browser & access
- Uses\*
  - General uses
  - Evidence for civil or criminal cases
  - Patent searches for prior art
  - Researchers
    - Historians (of technology, Internet)
    - Data mining (specialist)

(\* IIPC use cases - http://netpreserve.org/publications/iipc-r-003.pdf)



### Users & Uses of Web Archives

- General uses
  - Finding things that have disappeared from the live Web
    - PANDORA:
      - First families 2001 (http://nla.gov.au/nla.arc-10421)
      - Sydney Olympics (http://nla.gov.au/nla.arc-10194 )
  - Finding things that have changed
  - Persistent citation
    - Indexing agencies

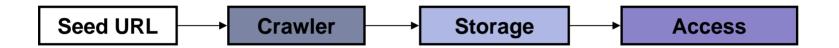


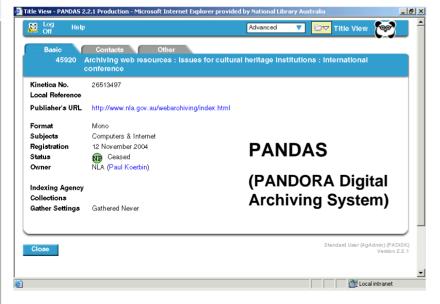
### **User Expectations**

- Stability
  - Persistence of identifiers etc.
- Authentic reflection of what was...
  - Time / Date snapshot
  - Separation
  - Completeness
  - (degree of) Functionality
- ...Availability into the future



## Data Collection & Management





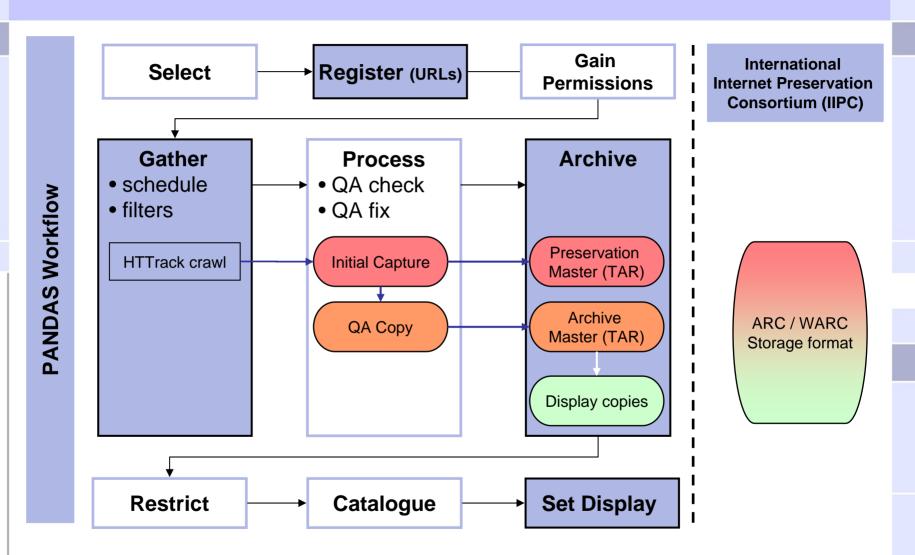


**APSR Forum on Long-Term Repositories** 

National Library of Australia, 31 August - 1 September, 2006



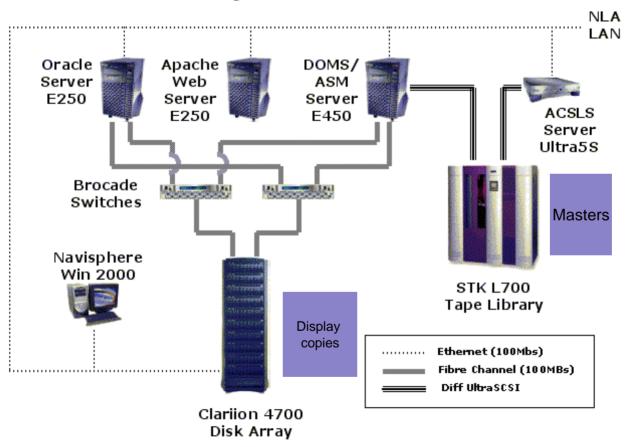
#### NATIONAL LIBRARY of AUSTRALIA



APSR Forum on Long-Term Repositories
National Library of Australia, 31 August – 1 September, 2006



#### **DOSS System Architecture**



APSR Forum on Long-Term Repositories

National Library of Australia, 31 August – 1 September, 2006

Further information:

http://www.nla.gov.au/dsp/doss/doss.doc



# Digital Object Management

- Administration
  - Management of works, copies, relationships, metadata
- Data Management
  - Redundant storage and backup
  - Refreshment cycles
  - Restrictions on access
  - User authentication
- Delivery
  - Persistent citation and access
  - Online delivery

**APSR Forum on Long-Term Repositories** 



### The Audit Checklist for TDR

#### A. Organisation

- 1. Governance & viability
- Structure & staffing
- Procedural accountability & policy framework
- 4. Financial sustainability
- 5. Contracts, licenses, liabilities

#### B. Functions, Processes

- 1. Ingest / Content acquisition
- 2. Archival storage & management
- 3. Preservation planning
- 4. Data management
- 5. Access management

#### C. Designated community

- Documentation
- Appropriate descriptive metadata
- 3. Use and usability
- 4. Verifying understandability

#### D. Technical infrastructure

- 1. System infrastructure
- 2. Appropriate technologies
- 3. Security



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- Flexibility in interpretation
  - Level of granularity has large effects for compliance
- Web archives don't follow deposit model
  - Agreements don't always fit
- Complexity & volume makes compliance difficult for some criteria
  - Ingest verification, metadata collection
  - Preservation process demonstration
- 'Designate community' not easily defined
  - Affects demonstrations of understandability



- A5.1. Appropriate deposit agreements
- Rights, responsibilities, expectations
- Mainly for third-party preservation
- Can be less formal
- Conditions should be notified to all depositors
- A5.2 Agreements specify preservation rights
- Written policies & agreements transferring preservation permission to repository
- Acceptable to ingest, then follow up later



- A5.1 Appropriate deposit agreements
- A5.2 Agreements specify preservation rights
- Harvest model, especially for comprehensive, may not include agreements

- Post statements of responsibility etc. for central access
- Send automated notifications at time of crawl



- B1.3 Written definition for each SIP (& AIP)
- Written inventory of agreement specifies what is transferred
- B1.6 Verify SIP for completeness & correctness
- Completeness of data transfer (no truncation)
- Complete set of material
- Correctness of files transferred received what was expected



- B1.3 Written definition for each SIP (& AIP)
- B1.6 Verify SIP for completeness & correctness
- Difficult to specify 'boundary' or full set of files (esp. if no contact)
- Harvest = crawler view cannot know what you don't have
- May be items that are not crawlable (Flash, JavaScript, DBs)
- Web servers not always accurate MIMEs misreported

- Definitions of SIP / AIP
  - Classes, sites, pages, files
  - Acceptable 'generic' specifications of what is 'complete'
- Metadata collection during crawl transactions, checksums
- Further development of tools for analysis & verification



- B1.5 Sufficient physical control of objects
- Analysis of digital content
- Verification, analysis and metadata creation
  - Detailed technical metadata
- AIP creation & association with metadata



- B1.5 Sufficient physical control of objects
- Level of detail required may not be possible for large heterogeneous collections
  - Limitations of current tools
  - Too labour intensive for manual creation

- Definitions of SIP / AIP
- Tools may verify & analyse >95% of materials (HTML, JPEG, GIF)
- Target additional formats for tools
- Web metadata set collection during crawl
- AIP creation WARC format includes metadata with content



- B3. Preservation planning & strategies
- Level of detail required difficult for large heterogeneous collections

- Definitions of SIP / AIP reduce scope
- Event recording logs etc.
- PANIC / AONS automated monitoring against registries



- C1.1 Definition of Designated Community
- 'General user'
  - 'General English-reading public educated to high school and above, with access to a Web browser (HTML 4.0 capable)'
- C4 Verify understandability
- Documented process for testing understandability to Designated Community
- Verification of testing



- C1.1 Definition of Designated Community
- C4 Verify understandability
- General user broad group, limited contact
- Heterogeneous material what extent needs to be verified as understandable? How many tests?

- Central definition & commitment etc. statements
- Reasonable definition of test scope
  - (e.g. range of browsers, range of material)
- Representative testers



# Moving Forward

- Define scope for Web SIP / AIPs
- Recast criteria for Web archives reduce uncertainties about compliance
- Levels for compliance?
- Improve tools, metadata collection
- Find the middle ground