THE
AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

CALENDAR

1955

CANBERRA
THE UNIVERSITY'S postal address is Box 4, G.P.O., Canberra, A.C.T., Australia, its telegraphic address Natuniv, Canberra, and its telephone number Canberra U 0422. The University's official correspondence is conducted by the Registrar.

The address of the Department of Medical Chemistry is The Australian National University, 183 Euston Road, London, N.W.1.
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A GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE UNIVERSITY

The Decision to Establish the University

When the city of Canberra was designed in 1911, a site close beside the main city area was set aside “for University purposes”. A University College was established, in association with the University of Melbourne, in 1929, but was housed in temporary quarters off the University site. No further university development took place until towards the end of the 1939-45 war, when a group of people with academic interests, who were concerned in other connections with shaping the post-war development of Australia, came together and gave explicit form to proposals made over many previous years for a University in Canberra. It was from these deliberations that there emerged the bill which, on its enactment by the Commonwealth Parliament in August 1946, became the Australian National University Act.

The University envisaged in the Act was to differ in two main ways from the universities already established by the Australian States. In the first place, although the eventual possibility of offering undergraduate courses was not excluded, the University was to be primarily concerned with research and research training. In the second place it was envisaged that the University would select certain defined fields in which to begin its work, those first contemplated being the medical sciences, the physical sciences, the social sciences and Pacific studies.

After the passage of the Act in August 1946 the Interim Council, in which for the time being the Act vested power to establish the University, began its task.

Canberra

The city of Canberra, which has since 1927 been the capital of the Commonwealth of Australia, is situated in the Australian Capital Territory. The Territory is about 200 miles by road south-west of Sydney, and 400 miles north-east of Melbourne, and is connected to those cities by good air and road services and by rail. Canberra, which is still in the comparatively early stages of development as the national capital, is the headquarters of most of the Departments of the Commonwealth Government, and has a population of some 28,000. The city stands at an altitude of 1,800-2,000 feet, and has a pleasant and healthy climate. It has been laid out in accordance with a comprehensive plan, and an imaginative programme of tree-planting has made the city and growing suburbs very attractive.

An authoritative statement on the history and facilities of Can-
berra and the Capital Territory is included in each issue of the Official Year Book of the Commonwealth of Australia, which may be consulted in most libraries and in the offices of Australian diplomatic and consular representatives abroad.

**Government of the University**

The University Act places complete power of management in the hands of a Council, which includes representatives of Parliament, of the University staff, of the students and of Convocation, and nominees of the Governor-General. This Council came into being on 1 July 1951.

To provide for the development of the University before the Council could be formed, the Act established an Interim Council, comprising persons nominated by the Governor-General, and composed as far as possible on the analogy of the eventual Council. The Interim Council included substantial representation of the professorial staffs of the other Australian universities, and conducted the University's affairs from its appointment in August 1946 until the permanent Council took office in July 1951.

Very early in its operations the Interim Council established an Academic Advisory Committee of four members. The scholars chosen to serve on this committee all held senior academic appointments in the United Kingdom, and were either themselves Australian or were well acquainted with academic matters in Australia. The Committee met regularly from August 1947 to June 1951 and took a leading part in advising the Interim Council on the basic plans and early development of the University.

The University Act provides that certain members of the Council should be elected by Convocation. Convocation will eventually be a body composed primarily of graduates of the University, but in order to bring Convocation into existence at an early stage, and to foster the interest of Australian academic leaders in the University, special steps were taken. The University invited to membership of Convocation its academic and certain non-academic officers, the members of the Academic Advisory Committee, the Chancellors and Vice-Chancellors (or equivalent officers) of the other Australian university institutions and other research organizations and five other members nominated by each of those bodies. Though at present the only function of Convocation is to elect members of the Council, it is hoped that, as the University develops, ways will be found to give Convocation opportunities to exercise an influence in university affairs commensurate with the wisdom and experience of its members.
The University's senior academic body is the Board of Graduate Studies which comprises the Vice-Chancellor, the Master of University House, the Directors and Professors, the Registrar and the Librarian. While the Council is the governing body of the University it looks to the Board for guidance and advice in all matters of academic policy and practice.

The University Act does not prescribe any Faculty structure but experience has led, in the cases of the Research Schools of Social Sciences and Pacific Studies, to the creation of Faculty bodies to consider and make recommendations to the Board of Graduate Studies concerning the interests of those schools. In the natural science schools these matters are dealt with by an informal domestic committee.

**Early Activities of the University**

The Interim Council, as soon as it had decided to establish the four original research schools, set about recruiting senior staff members for them. Among the first senior officers to be appointed were the Librarian and the heads of certain Departments of the John Curtin School of Medical Research. These appointments took place in 1948 and 1949, at a time when buildings for the University were still at the stage of preliminary planning. Accordingly the Librarian began his book collection in Melbourne and the medical professors undertook their early work and set about building up their staffs in the places at which they happened to be working at the time of their appointment—the Professors of Biochemistry and Microbiology in Melbourne, the Professor of Medical Chemistry in London and the Professor of Physiology (who accepted appointment in the middle of 1950) in Dunedin. Senior members of the staffs of the other three research schools began to arrive in Canberra to take up their appointments during 1949, by which time temporary facilities for their work were available on the University site.

Professor Oliphant had been appointed in July 1950 as Director of the Research School of Physical Sciences and moved to Canberra with the nucleus of his research team. The earliest members of the academic staff in the other two schools also began to arrive in Canberra in 1950.

Late in 1952 the elements of the Medical School moved into temporary accommodation in Canberra and by that time all the existing Departments of the University save two, were working on the University site.

In the early stages of its work the Interim Council gave thought
to how it might best advance not only its own plans but the inter­
ests of the other Australian universities generally. With this aim it established a travelling scholarship scheme. Scholars were selected from amongst Australian graduates and enabled to spend two or three years abroad furthering their research training. Some seventy awards were made and many of the scholars returned to take up appointments in universities or other learned bodies in Australia.

With the same motive the Interim Council invited a series of academic leaders from other countries to visit Australia for periods of two or three months to make contact with workers in similar fields in the other universities and to give advice on the National University's development. In connection with these visits it became the practice to arrange a seminar in Canberra to which leading scholars in the appropriate field of study were invited. Perhaps the most important of these seminars were held as part of the University's contribution to the celebrations attending the Jubilee of the Commonwealth of Australia. The first, on Science in Australia, was held in July 1951 and the other, on Federalism, in August and September 1951.

Present Structure of the University

The four original schools of the University are now all established and at work in Canberra. They comprise the following Departments:

**John Curtin School of Medical Research**
- Biochemistry
- Experimental Pathology
- Medical Chemistry
- Microbiology
- Physiology

**Research School of Physical Sciences**
- Astronomy
- Geophysics
- Nuclear Physics
- Particle Physics
- Radiochemistry
- Theoretical Physics

**Research School of Social Sciences**
- Demography
- Economics
- History
- Law
- Political Science
- Social Philosophy
- Statistics

**Research School of Pacific Studies**
- Anthropology and Sociology
- Far Eastern History
- Geography
- International Relations
- Pacific History
The permanent academic staff of the University comprises Directors (of whom only one, Professor M. L. Oliphant, has so far been appointed), Professors, Readers, Senior Fellows, and Fellows. Each Professor is responsible for the research conducted and the research training given in his Department. A Director is expected to give general leadership to an entire School and to accept responsibility for the general planning of its requirements and efforts. Schools having no Directors are headed by Deans, the office being held by a Professor designated by the Council.

In addition to the permanent staff, Senior Research Fellows and Research Fellows are appointed for periods of from three to five years.

The administrative staff is led by the Vice-Chancellor, who is the principal executive officer of the University, and the Registrar, who is in charge of the work of all the other officers of the central administration.

The nature of much of the University's work is such as to call for abundant technical, clerical and secretarial support, and a high level of competence is being maintained in the recruitment of officers in these classes.

The University has adopted a liberal scheme of study leave. The Directors and Professors are entitled to a year's leave after each three years of service, Readers and Senior Fellows after five years and Fellows after six years. In each case the University continues the payment of a member's salary while he is on leave and makes a contribution towards his expenses; for example, the maximum contribution in the case of a professor will be £1,000.

The University has established a superannuation scheme similar to the F.S.S.U. in the United Kingdom and has also made arrangements which enable members of the staff to join the Commonwealth Superannuation Scheme if they prefer to arrange their superannuation in that way.

The conditions on which all members of the academic staff are appointed lay it down that the member's principal responsibility is to conduct research, and the University's policy is to make every effort to ensure that the member's time will be unencumbered by other duties. There is, however, a responsibility on members of the staff to assist in the training of graduate students and to make such contributions as they can to the work being done by the other Australian universities.

The University Library, which moved to Canberra early in December 1950, now comprises some 75,000 volumes and pamphlets in Western languages, and about 20,000 volumes in Oriental lan-
guages, principally Chinese. The book collection has been assembled with the needs of the several schools in mind. The Library has a wide range of periodical literature and is strong in the fields of mathematics, physics, chemistry and the non-clinical medical sciences. The resources of the Commonwealth National Library are available to members of the University, who also have the advantage of access to many specialized collections of material held by government instrumentalities in Canberra.

Buildings and Accommodation

The Research School of Physical Sciences is housed in its own permanent building, which was opened in September 1952. The Research Schools of Social Sciences and Pacific Studies and the University Library have temporary quarters in a building which was the original home of the Canberra Community Hospital and which is on the University site. The Departments of the John Curtin School of Medical Research (save for the Department of Medical Chemistry) are housed in special temporary laboratories, built by local contractors and fitted in such a way that the equipment used in them will be readily transferable to the permanent laboratories, on the construction of which a start has already been made. The Medical Chemistry Department is working for the time being in London.

The period of the University's establishment in Canberra was one of acute shortage of building labour and materials and the housing situation in the city was in any case extremely difficult. The University was therefore obliged to take a far more vigorous interest in the housing of its staff and students than is normally the practice in Australia. Houses and flats have been purchased or built, or their tenancies otherwise acquired, in numbers sufficient to accommodate the whole of the University staff, and University House is able to cater for the residential needs of single students and staff members.

A start has been made on the development of roads and plantations on the University site.

Finance

Parliament granted the University a total of £650,000 for running expenses in the financial year 1953-54, and approved grants for capital and other non-recurrent expenditure of £850,000.

Admission and Training of Students

The University confers the degrees of Master of Arts, Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy. The normal degree to which students will proceed is that of Doctor of Philosophy.
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Before being admitted as a student a candidate will normally be required to show that he has graduated from another university of senior standing and that he has since had an initial training in research.

In general, students for the degree of Ph.D. will be required to spend three years of full-time work in the University and will during that time be required to live in Canberra. Those whose fields of study make fieldwork important are given opportunities to undertake such work and may receive contributions towards their expenses. Periods of fieldwork are counted as part of the study required for a degree.

The principal work of the student is the pursuit of an approved piece of research under supervision, and the submission of a thesis based upon that research. There is usually an oral examination on the thesis. The student is also given training in the research techniques required for the pursuit of his subject, and opportunities for considering the relationship of his specialized work with a more general background of theory. In most cases students are required to attend some seminar classes and to prepare interim papers.

Students are required to pay an inclusive fee of fifty guineas per annum.

Provision is also made for the award of higher doctorates in Letters, Laws and Science, and of honorary degrees.

Single students are required to live in University House, which is a collegiate building and also serves as a social centre for the whole of the University.

The University awards each year a limited number of scholarships to enable students from Australia and elsewhere to come to the University and study for a degree. The present practice is to call for applications for scholarships in about July of each year.
## PRINCIPAL DATES 1955

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<td>Joint Faculties' Board Board of Graduate Studies. Last day for payment of fees</td>
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COUNCIL

CHANCELLOR

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL
Herbert Cole Coombs, M.A. (W.A.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

VICE-CHANCELLOR
Leslie Galfreid Melville, C.B.E., B.Ec. (Syd.), F.I.A.

THE COUNCIL

Members elected by the Senate

John Archibald McCallum, B.A. (Syd.)
Elected 5 June 1952; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Dorothy Margaret Tangney, B.A., Dip. Ed. (W.A.)
Elected 13 July 1951; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Members elected by the House of Representatives

Kim Edward Beazley, B.A. (W.A.)
Became member of Interim Council 10 June 1949; elected to Council by House of Representatives 13 July 1951; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Donald Alastair Cameron, O.B.E., B.A., M.B., B.S. (Syd.)
Elected 13 July 1951; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Members appointed by Governor-General

Allen Stanley Brown, C.B.E., M.A., LL.M. (Melb.)
Became member of Interim Council 1 January 1949; appointed by Governor-General 30 June 1949; appointed to Council by Governor-General 13 July 1951; re-appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Edgar Rowland Dawes
Appointed 1 July 1951; re-appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Herbert John Goodes, C.B.E., B.A. (W.A.)
Became member of Interim Council 9 August 1946; appointed to Council by Governor-General 1 July 1951; re-appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Sir Albert Cherbury David Rivett, K.C.M.G., M.A., B.Sc. (Oxon), D.Sc. (Melb., Oxon and Manchester), F.R.S.
Appointed to Interim Council 9 August 1946; appointed to Council 1 July 1951; re-appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.
Warren d’Arcy McDonald  
Appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Sir Frank Richardson, Kt  
Appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Appointed 1 July 1951; re-appointed 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Members elected by Convocation

Kenneth Hamilton Bailey, C.B.E., M.A., B.C.L. (Oxon), LL.M. (Melb.)  
Became member of Interim Council 9 August 1946; elected to Council by Convocation 1 July 1951; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Sir Roland Wilson, Kt, C.B.E., B.Com. (Tas.), D.Phil., Dip. Econ. and Pol. Sc. (Oxon), Ph.D. (Chicago)  
Elected 1 July 1951; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Joseph Garnett Wood, Ph.D. (Cantab.), D.Sc. (Adel.)  
Appointed to Interim Council by Governor-General 13 August 1948; membership lapsed 30 June 1951; elected to Council by Convocation 1 August 1952; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Wilfred David Borrie, M.A. (N.Z.)  
Elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

Herbert Burton, B.A. (Q’ld), M.A. (Oxon and Melb.)  
Elected 1 July 1951; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

Herbert Cole Coombs, M.A. (W.A.), Ph.D. (Lond.)  
Became member of Interim Council 9 August 1946; membership lapsed 1 January 1949; appointed by Governor-General 20 January 1949; co-opted to Council 1 July 1951; elected by Convocation 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

James Wightman Davidson, M.A. (N.Z.), Ph.D. (Cantab.)  
Elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

Appointed to Interim Council by Governor-General 9 August 1946; elected to Council by Convocation 1 July 1951; re-elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

Member ex officio

The Vice-Chancellor  
Became member 1 November 1953.

Members elected by Students

Joseph Mark Gani, B.Sc. (Lond.)  
Elected 1 July 1954; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.

Members elected by Staff
John Carew Eccles, M.B., B.S. (Melb.), M.A., D.Phil. (Oxon),
F.R.A.C.P., F.R.S.N.Z., F.R.S.
Elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.
Percy Herbert Partridge, M.A. (Syd.)
Elected 1 July 1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1957.

Members co-opted
The Chancellor
Co-opted 10 August 1951; present tenure expires 31 July 1955.
Marcus Laurence Elwin Oliphant, B.Sc. (Adel.), M.A., Ph.D.
(Cantab.), LL.D. (St. Andrews), D.Sc. (Melb., Toronto, Belf.,
Birm. and N.S.W. Univ. Tech.), F. Inst. P., F.R.S.
Appointed to Interim Council by Governor-General 14 June
1950; elected to Council by Staff 13 April 1951; co-opted 1 July
1953; present tenure expires 30 June 1955.
Co-opted 10 September 1954; present tenure expires 30 June
1958.
COUNCIL COMMITTEES AND GROUPS OF ADVISERS

STANDING COMMITTEE

Chairman: The Vice-Chancellor

Mr A. S. Brown
Dr H. C. Coombs
Professor J. C. Eccles

Professor P. H. Partridge
Sir Roland Wilson
Professor R. D. Wright

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Chairman: Dr H. C. Coombs

The Vice-Chancellor
Professor K. H. Bailey
Mr A. S. Brown
Dr D. A. Cameron
Mr H. J. Goodes

Professor P. H. Partridge
Sir Frank Richardson
Senator Dorothy M. Tangney
Professor R. D. Wright

ADVISERS ON BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Chairman: Mr Warren McDonald

Mr M. J. Moir
Mr L. D. Pryor

The Vice-Chancellor
Mr R. Purchase
Mr Beresford Smith

ADVISERS ON LEGISLATION

Chairman: Professor K. H. Bailey

The Vice-Chancellor
Sir Robert Garran
Mr E. J. Hook

Dr S. J. Stoljar
Mr H. F. E. Whitlam
Sir Roland Wilson
THE BOARD OF GRADUATE STUDIES

Chairman: The Vice-Chancellor

Professor Albert
Professor Davidson
Professor Eccles
Professor Ennor
Professor Fenner
Professor FitzGerald
Professor Jaeger
The Librarian
The Master of University House
Professor Moran

Professor Nadel
Professor Oliphant
Professor Partridge
The Registrar
Professor Sawer
Professor Spate
Professor Swan
Professor Titterton
Professor Woolley

FELLOWS OF UNIVERSITY HOUSE

Master
Emeritus Professor A. D. Trendall, M.A. (Cantab), Litt.D. (N.Z.), F.S.A.

Fellows
Professor Woolley (Deputy-Master)
Professor Eccles
Dr S. Fazekas de St. Groth (Steward)
Dr Germaine A. Joplin
Professor Moran
Professor Oliphant
Professor Partridge
Dr W. E. H. Stanner (Bursar)

Honorary Fellow

Secretary to the Governing Body
Miss May Rice

Household Superintendent
Miss Margaret A. Colman, B.Sc., Dip.Ed. (Syd.), A.I.D.
FACULTIES AND FACULTY BOARDS

THE RESEARCH SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

THE FACULTY

The Dean: Professor Sawyer

Mr B. S. Benjamin
Mr W. D. Borrie
Mr H. P. Brown
Mr. N. G. Butlin
Mr R. McD. Chapman
Mr B. M. Cheek
Mr L. F. Fitzhardinge
Dr R. A. Gollan
Dr A. R. Hall
Mr E. J. Hannan
Mr H. J. N. Horsburgh

Dr Norma R. McArthur
Professor Moran
Mr R. S. Parker
Professor Partridge
Mr J. A. Passmore (on leave)
Dr J. O. N. Perkins
Dr C. A. Price
Dr S. J. Stoljar
Professor Swan
Dr G. S. Watson
Mr L. C. Webb

THE FACULTY BOARD

Chairman: The Dean

Mr W. D. Borrie
Mr H. P. Brown
Mr N. G. Butlin
Mr L. F. Fitzhardinge
Professor Moran

Mr R. S. Parker
Professor Partridge
Mr J. A. Passmore (on leave)
Professor Swan
Mr L. C. Webb

THE RESEARCH SCHOOL OF PACIFIC STUDIES

THE FACULTY

The Dean: Professor Nadel

Dr Joyce I. Ackroyd
Professor Davidson
Miss Ethel Drus
Professor FitzGerald
Dr J. D. Freeman
Mr R. P. Gilson
Mr J. N. Jennings
Mr H. W. H. King
Mr T. Langford-Smith

Dr P. Lawrence
Lord Lindsay of Birker
Dr A. C. Mayer
Mr B. C. McKillop
Mr G. Mulder
Mr R. E. C. Penny
Professor Spate
Dr W. E. H. Stanner

THE FACULTY BOARD

Chairman: The Dean

Professor Davidson
Professor FitzGerald
Mr J. N. Jennings

Lord Lindsay of Birker
Professor Spate
Dr W. E. H. Stanner

1 On leave until December, 1955; Professor Partridge, Acting Dean.
2 On leave until August, 1955; Professor Spate, Acting Dean.
STAFF OF THE UNIVERSITY

This list sets out the membership of the academic staff as at 1 December 1954, but also includes prospective members whose dates of appointments fell shortly thereafter. The date immediately after a member's name is the date from which the present appointment took effect.

THE JOHN CURTIN SCHOOL OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

ADVISER

DEAN
Arnold Hughes Ennor, D.Sc. (Melb.)

BIOCHEMISTRY

Professor:

Senior Research Fellow:
Frederick Darien Collins, M.Sc. (N.Z.), Ph.D. (Liverpool).
1 September 1953; Research Fellow, 1 October 1952.

Research Fellows:
Clifford Colin Kratzing, M.Sc. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Lond.). 2 July 1952; Scholar, 2 July 1949.
John Francis Morrison, B.Sc. (Syd.), M.Sc. (Q’ld), D.Phil. (Oxon). 17 February 1954; Scholar, 11 August 1951.

EXPERIMENTAL PATHOLOGY

Senior Fellow:
George Bellamy Mackaness, M.B., B.S. (Syd.), M.A., D.Phil. (Oxon), D.C.P. (Lond.). 1 July 1953; Scholar, 1 July 1948; Research Fellow, 1 July 1951.

Senior Research Fellows:
Leigh Frederick Dodson, M.B., B.S. (Syd), D.Phil. (Oxon), D.C.P. (Syd.). 19 August 1953; Scholar, 19 August 1950.
STAFF

Professor: MEDICAL CHEMISTRY
Adrien Albert, B.Sc. (Syd.), Ph.D., D.Sc. (Lond.). 1 January 1949.
Fellow:
Desmond Joseph Brown, M.Sc. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Lond.). 18 October 1949; Research Fellow, 1 April 1949.

Research Fellows:

Professor: MICROBIOLOGY
Senior Fellow:
Stephen Nicholas Emery Egon Fazekas de St. Groth, M.D., Ch.B., Sc.M. (Budapest). 1 June 1953; Senior Research Fellow, 1 January 1952.

Senior Research Fellow:

Research Fellows:

Professor: PHYSIOLOGY
Fellow:

Senior Research Fellow:
Paul Fatt, B.A. (Calif.), Ph.D. (Lond.). 1 July 1953; Research Fellow, 23 October 1952.

Visiting Fellow:

VETERINARY OFFICER

LABORATORY MANAGER
THE RESEARCH SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

DIRECTOR

ASTRONOMY

Professor:

Research Associates:

GEOPHYSICS

Professor:

Fellow:
Germaine Anne Joplin, B.A., D.Sc. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Cantab.). 1 August 1952.

Senior Research Fellow:

Research Fellow:

NUCLEAR PHYSICS

Professor:

Research Fellows:
Edward Kenneth Inall, B.Sc., B.E. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Reading). 1 August 1951.
Peter Bradley Treacy, M.Sc. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Cantab.). 1 December 1951.

PARTICLE PHYSICS

Professor:
Marcus Laurence Elwin Oliphant, F.R.S. 1 July 1950.
Senior Fellow:

Fellows:
John William Blamey, M.Sc. (Melb.). 1 April 1953; Research Fellow, 1 January 1950.

RADIOCHEMISTRY
Reader:
Frank Scarf, M.Sc (Birm.). 16 April 1951.

Chemist:

Research Fellows:

THEORETICAL PHYSICS
(Appointments are pending in this Department)

SENIOR RESEARCH ENGINEER
Leonard Ulysses Hibbard, B.Sc. M.E. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Birm.). 12 January 1954; Research Fellow in Particle Physics, 1 January 1949.

RESEARCH ENGINEER
David Barry Shenton, B.Sc. (Lond.). 1 September 1952; Designer, 1 October 1949; Research Assistant, 1 September 1950.

LABORATORY MANAGER
Ronald Purchase. 1 July 1949.

CHIEF TECHNICAL OFFICER
Sidney Raymond Cornick. 1 October 1948.
THE RESEARCH SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEAN
Percy Herbert Partridge, M.A. (Syd.) (Acting).

DEMOGRAPHY

Reader:
Wilfred David Borrie, M.A. (N.Z.), 28 July 1952; Research Fellow in the Social Sciences, 1 June 1947; Research Fellow, 1 January 1949; Senior Research Fellow, 12 August 1949.

Fellow:

Research Fellow:

ECONOMICS

Professor:
Trevor Winchester Swan, B.Ec. (Syd.). 1 July 1950.

Reader (Economic Statistics):

Reader (Economic History):
Noel George Butlin, B.Ec. (Syd.). 6 September 1954; Scholar, 24 July 1949; Senior Research Fellow, 1 August 1951.

Fellow:
Alan Ross Hall, B.Ec. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Lond.). 26 November 1953; Scholar, 1 March 1950; Research Fellow, 26 November 1951.

Research Fellows:
Bruce Mansfield Cheek, M.A. (Adel.). 1 July 1952.
James Oliver Newton Perkins, M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.). 5 August 1953.

HISTORY

Reader (Sources of Australian History):

Research Fellows:
Robin Allenby Gollan, M.A. (Syd.), Ph.D. (Lond.). 5 January 1953; Scholar, 3 September 1948.
STAFF

LAW

Professor:

Senior Fellow:
Samuel Jacob Stoljar, LL.M., Ph.D. (Lond.). 21 September 1954.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Reader:

Reader (Public Administration):
Robert Stewart Parker, M.Ec. (Syd.). 1 March 1954; Research Fellow in the Social Sciences, 19 October 1947 to 24 February 1949.

Research Fellow:

SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY

Professor:
Percy Herbert Partridge, M.A. (Syd.). 1 August 1952.

Reader (Philosophy):

Research Fellows:

STATISTICS

Professor:
Patrick Alfred Pierce Moran, M.A. (Cantab. and Oxon), D.Sc. (Syd.). 1 January 1952.

Senior Fellow:

Research Fellow:
THE RESEARCH SCHOOL OF PACIFIC STUDIES

DEAN
Siegfried Frederick Stephen Nadel, D.Phil. (Vienna), M.A., Ph.D. (Lond.) (on leave until August 1955).
Oskar Hermann Khristian Spate, M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.) (Acting).

ANTHROPOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY

Professor:
Siegfried Frederick Stephen Nadel, D.Phil. (Vienna), M.A., Ph.D. (Lond.). 1 August 1950.

Reader (Comparative Social Institutions):

Senior Fellow:
John Derek Freeman, Ph.D. (Cantab.). 1 February 1955.

Research Fellows:
Adrian Curtis Mayer, B.A. (Annapolis), Ph.D. (Lond.). 15 April 1953; Scholar, 1 May 1950.
Peter Lawrence, M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.). 1 May 1954; Scholar, 1 July 1948; Research Assistant, 1 May 1952.

FAR EASTERN HISTORY

Professor:
Charles Patrick FitzGerald. 15 March 1954; Visiting Reader in Oriental Studies, 1 February 1950; Reader in Far Eastern History, 26 September 1951.

Senior Research Fellow:
Gerrit Mulder, Drs (Leyden). 2 July 1953.

Research Fellows:
Bruce Crago McKillop, B.A. (Syd. and Cantab.). 4 February 1953.

GEOGRAPHY

Professor:

Reader (Geomorphology):
Joseph Newell Jennings, M.A. (Cantab.). 1 October 1952.
Research Fellows:

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Professor:
Vacant

Senior Fellow:
Michael Francis Morris Lindsay (Lord Lindsay of Birker), M.A. (Oxon). 1 March 1954; Senior Research Fellow, 1 June 1951.

Research Fellow:
George Richard Storry, M.A. (Oxon), Dip. Ed. (Lond.). 1 January 1952; Scholar, 1 January 1948. (Tenure expires 26 January 1955.)

PACIFIC HISTORY

Professor:

Research Fellows:
Richard Phillip Gilson, M.Sc. (Lond.), M.A. (Southern Calif.). 1 September 1952.
Ethel Drus, M.A. (Cape Town). 1 August 1953.
SENIOR ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

VICE-CHANCELLOR

REGISTRAR
Ross Ainsworth Hohnen, B.Ec. (Syd.). 1 July 1949; Assistant to the Registrar, 19 September 1948 (on leave until October, 1955).
David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin, B.Sc. (Econ) (Lond.) (Acting).

ASSISTANT REGISTRARS
David Kenneth Ronald Hodgkin, B.Sc. (Econ) (Lond.). 20 October 1952.
Kenneth Russell Long, B.A. (Syd.) (Acting).
Joan Allison Clemenger, B.A. (Melb.) (Acting).

ACCOUNTANT

ASSISTANT ACCOUNTANT

UNIVERSITY ENGINEER

DESIGNER
Frederick Ward. 1 January 1954.

STAFF ARCHITECT

SENIOR LIBRARY STAFF

LIBRARIAN

DEPUTY LIBRARIAN
Noel Stockdale, B.A. (Melb.). 26 September 1951; Order and Periodicals Officer, 13 September 1948.

SENIOR ASSISTANT
RESEARCH STUDENTS WHO HELD UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS ON 1 DECEMBER 1954

Ballingall, Carol Estella
Barnard, Alan
Barnard, Noel
Bauer, Francis Henry
Beck, Alan Edward
Bennett, John Michael
Boyle, Alan John Fraser
Brown, Tillman Merritt
Bulmer, Ralph Neville Hermon
Clifford, Harold Trevor
Curtis, David Roderick
Das, Sadhu Charan
Docker, Edward George
Dougall, Donald Keir
Fallding, Harold Joseph
Forster, Colin
Fry, Eric Charles
Gani, Joseph Mark
Goodman, Rupert Douglas
Hay, Halcro Johnston
Hieser, Ronald Oswald
Inglis, Kenneth Stanley
Klestadt, Eric
Leslie, Francis Henry
Marshall, Ian David
Martin, Allan William
Mathur, Kripa Shanker
McDonald, John Stuart
McKay, Raymond John
Mercer, John Hainsworth
Morton, Arthur Hilary
Newbury, Colin Walter
O'Loughlin, Carleen
Packer, David Reginald Griffiths
Penny, Keith
Perry, Thomas Melville
Pitchford, John David
Praed, John Max
Rawson, Donald William

Anthropology (10 January 1953)
Economics (21 May 1952)
Far Eastern History (1 Feb. 1952)
Geography (16 January 1954)
Geophysics (1 June 1952)
Geography (15 March 1954)
Nuclear Physics (1 February 1953)
Economics (15 February 1954)
Anthropology (6 March 1954)
General (4 August 1953)
Physiology (16 February 1954)
Statistics (16 July 1954)
History (15 June 1954)
Exp’tal Pathology (8 August 1953)
Sociology (16 March 1953)
Economics (16 March 1954)
Economics (17 March 1952)
Statistics (12 January 1954)
Political Science (2 June 1952)
Nuclear Physics (9 February 1953)
Economics (20 February 1953)
General (24 August 1953)
Far Eastern History (1 March 1954)
Far Eastern History (3 September 1954)
Microbiology (16 March 1953)
History (10 March 1952)
Anthropology (20 March 1954)
Demography (15 March 1954)
General (18 August 1953)
Geography (15 April 1954)
Nuclear Physics (13 April 1953)
Pacific History (26 May 1953)
Economics (17 July 1953)
Demography (16 March 1953)
Pacific History (25 January 1954)
Geography (15 March 1954)
Economics (13 March 1954)
Social Philosophy (24 March 1953)
Political Science (2 September 1953)
Reay, Marie Olive
Rendell, Margaret Patricia
Riviere, Anthony Christopher
Rodgers, Alexander William
Rosenberg, Harry
Sadka, Emma
Salisbury-Rowswell, Richard Frank
Snelling, Norman John
Smellie, Donald William
Smith, Bernard William
Soper, Charles Samuel
Tugby, Donald John
Ward, Russell Braddock
Wheeldon, Leslie Wylie
Wilkes, Gerald Alfred
Wilson, Robert Kent

Anthropology (16 March 1953)
Far Eastern History (3 Mar. 1953)
Nuclear Physics (17 March 1953)
Astronomy (15 March 1954)
Biochemistry (16 March 1953)
Pacific History (13 March 1954)
Anthropology (21 May 1952)
Geophysics (22 March 1954)
Geophysics (5 October 1953)
Pacific History (4 January 1954)
Economics (14 January 1952)
Anthropology (29 March 1954)
History (16 March 1953)
Biochemistry (15 June 1953)
General (29 August 1953)
Geography (1 March 1952)
FORMER MEMBERS OF THE INTERIM COUNCIL
AND COUNCIL

Ashby, Eric. 9 August 1946 to 1 September 1948.
Barnard, Noel. 1 June 1952 to 30 June 1953.
Boniwell, Martin Charles.*
Cooper, Walter Jackson. 29 June 1949 to 30 June 1951.
Copland, Douglas Berry. 1 May 1948 to 30 April 1953.
Crisp, Leslie Finlay. 18 July 1949 to 1 March 1950.
Crocker, Walter Russell. 1 July 1951 to 28 April 1952.
Currie, George Alexander. 1 July 1951 to 28 April 1952.
Daley, Charles Studdy. 9 August 1946 to 30 June 1951.
Eggleston, Frederic William. 9 August 1946 to 30 June 1951.
Ennor, Arnold Hughes. 1 July 1951 to 30 June 1952.
Fry, Eric Charles. 29 May 1952 to 30 June 1954.
Garran, Robert Randolph. 9 August 1946 to 30 June 1951.
Gorton, John Grey. 1 July 1951 to 5 June 1952.
Martin, Allan William. 1 July 1953 to 30 June 1954.
Martin, Leslie Harold. 11 August 1948 to 30 June 1951.
Medley, John Dudley Gibbs. 9 August 1946 to 30 June 1951.
Mills, Richard Charles. 9 August 1946 to 30 June 1951.
O'Byrne, Justin Hilary. 29 June 1949 to 30 June 1951.
Spender, Percy Claude. 29 June 1949 to 16 March 1951.
Ward, Hugh Kingsley. 11 August 1948 to 30 June 1953.
Watson, George Albert.*
Weedon, William John. 16 April 1951 to 21 August 1951.
Whitlam, Harry Frederick Ernest.*

* Members of the Interim Council for various periods by virtue of appointment as Acting Solicitor-General.
Former Members of the Academic Staff

Barker, Frederick Charles. Research Fellow in Theoretical Physics, 1 October 1949 to 13 September 1954.

Belshaw, Cyril Shirley. Scholar, 1 May 1949 to 9 February 1950; Research Fellow in Anthropology, 10 February 1950 to 9 August 1953.

Butler, Stuart Thomas. Scholar, 15 January 1949 to 31 July 1953; Senior Research Fellow in Theoretical Physics, 1 August 1953 to 30 June 1954.

Champion, Kenneth Stanley Warner. Research Fellow in Nuclear Physics, 1 August 1949 to 31 July 1952.

Crocker, Walter Russell. Professor of International Relations, 1 November 1949 to 22 December 1954.


Gooden, John Stanley. Research Fellow in Nuclear Physics, 1 June 1948 to 9 June 1950 (deceased).


Oxnam, Desmond Walter. Research Fellow in Economics, 1 March 1952 to 31 August 1953.

Read, Kenneth Eyre. Research Fellow in Anthropology, 1 June 1950 to 3 February 1953.

Rolph, William Kirby. Research Fellow in Political Science, 6 September 1952 to 23 December 1953 (deceased).

Short, Laurence Neville. Scholar, 3 August 1948 to 2 August 1950; Research Fellow in Medical Chemistry, 5 August 1950 to 2 August 1951; Fellow, 3 August 1951 to 21 September 1952.

Slater, Edward Charles. Research Fellow in Biochemistry, 1 August 1948 to 30 April 1951.

Symonds, John Lloyd. Research Fellow in Nuclear Physics, 27 June 1948 to 30 September 1951.

Watson, George Michael. Research Fellow in Experimental Pathology, 1 December 1948 to 30 November 1951; Senior Research Fellow, 1 December 1951 to 30 November 1954.

Wilson, Robert Sharp. Fellow in Particle Physics, 1 January 1951 to 4 October 1954 (deceased).

Former Vice-Chancellor

Douglas Berry Copland. 1 May 1948 to 30 April 1953.
FORMER MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Brown, Maurice. Assistant to the Registrar, 1 January 1950 to 31 December 1951; Assistant Registrar, 1 January 1952 to 24 December 1954.
Osborne, Robert Gumley. Registrar, 30 July 1947 to 16 March 1949.

RESEARCH FELLOWS IN THE SOCIAL SCIENCES*

Borrie, Wilfred David. 1 June 1947 to 31 December 1948.
Gibson, Quentin Boyce. 16 October 1948 to 15 October 1950.
Hogbin, Herbert Ian Priestley. 1 September 1948 to 31 August 1949.
La Nauze, John Andrew. 1 June 1947 to 31 May 1948.
Parker, Robert Stewart. 19 October 1947 to 24 February 1949.
Rudduck, Grenfell. 1 August 1947 to 31 July 1949.
Strehlow, Theodor Georg Heinrich. 1 July 1949 to 30 June 1951.
Wilson, George Thomas Jamieson. 1 October 1949 to 30 September 1950.

FORMER SCHOLARS

( Holders of University Scholarships, with fields and years of award)

Allen, James Albert Physical Sciences 1948
Belshaw, Cyril Shirley Pacific Studies 1949
Benjafield, David Gilbert Social Sciences 1950
Bennett, John Henry Medical Research 1950
Bentley, Geoffrey Arthur Medical Research 1950
Bick, Ian Ralph Connolly Medical Research 1948
Blakley, Raymond Leonard Medical Research 1951
Brewer, Kenneth Ronald Walter Physical Sciences 1952
Brown, Ronald Drayton Medical Research 1950
Buckingham, Michael Joslin General 1950
Burridge, Kenelm Oswald Lancelot Pacific Studies 1951
Butler, Stuart Thomas Physical Sciences 1949
Butlin, Noel George Social Sciences 1949
Cameron, Burgess Don Social Sciences 1950
Carver, John Henry Physical Sciences 1949
Cope, John Oswald Physical Sciences 1948
Cox, Stuart Francis Medical Research 1948
Crawcour, Edwin Sydney Pacific Studies 1951
Crowley, Francis Keble Social Sciences 1949
Crozier, Dorothy Felice Pacific Studies 1948
Culvenor, Claude Charles Joseph Medical Research 1948
Davenport, James Bernard Medical Research 1950
Davies, Alan Fraser Social Sciences 1949
Dodson, Leigh Frederick Medical Research 1950

* These Fellowships were a special series of travelling awards, made between 1947 and 1951, and discontinued thereafter.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Former Scholars</th>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Donagan, Alan Harold</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>1951</td>
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<tr>
<td>Draper, Morrell Henry</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<tr>
<td>Eccles, Rosamond Margaret</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1951</td>
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<td>Foulkes, Ernest Charles</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gibson, Frank William</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gollan, Robin Allenby</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Haddon-Cave, Charles</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Hagger, Alfred James</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Hall, Alan Ross</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1951</td>
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<td>Hampton, Alexander</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1952</td>
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<td>Harris, Henry</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Hartwell, Ronald Max</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Hercus, Graham Robertson</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Holmes, Margaret</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<td>Hurst, Charles Angus</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<tr>
<td>Joklik, Wolfgang Karl</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Joyce, Roger Bilbrough</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<td>Klemens, Paul Gustav</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Kondaiah, Evani</td>
<td>Physical Sciences</td>
<td>1952</td>
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<td>Kratzing, Clifford Colin</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Lawrence, Peter</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Legge, John David</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>McArthur, Annie Margaret</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<td>McCrea, John Fallding</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>McGlashan, Leonard Redvers Paul</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>1952</td>
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<td>Mackaness, George Bellamy</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Main, James Millar</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
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<td>Mayer, Adrian Curtis</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<td>Mills, John Archer</td>
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<td>Mitchell, Raymond Bruce</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>1952</td>
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<td>Morell, David Busby</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Morison, William Loutit</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
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<td>Morrison, John Francis</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1951</td>
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<td>Mulhall, Harold</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
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<td>Mulvaney, Derek John</td>
<td>General</td>
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<td>Nadel, George Hans</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
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<td>Parsons, Ross Waite</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
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<td>Phillips, John Norbert</td>
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<td>Prescott, John Russell</td>
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<td>Ross, Ian Gordon</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>Sellwood, Robert Valentine</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
<td>1948</td>
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<td>Short, Lawrence Neville</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
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<td>Storrey, George Richard</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stratmann, Carl James</td>
<td>Medical Research</td>
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<td>Williams, Charles Murray</td>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>1950</td>
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<tr>
<td>Worsley, Peter Maurice</td>
<td>Pacific Studies</td>
<td>1951</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wright, Ian Francis</td>
<td>Nuclear Physics</td>
<td>1950</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GRADUATES OF THE UNIVERSITY

1951
Garran, Sir Robert Randolph  
Hon. LL.D.
1952
Bruce of Melbourne, The Rt. Hon. Viscount  
Hon. LL.D.
Cockroft, Sir John Douglas  
Hon. D.Sc.
1954
Przybyski, Antoni  
Ph.D.
Burridge, Kenelm Oswald Lancelot  
Ph.D.
Worsley, Peter Maurice  
Ph.D.
Liesching, Susan Elizabeth  
M.A.

MEMBERS OF CONVOCATION
(as at 1 December 1954 with dates on which membership began)

Abbie, Andrew Arthur (29 Mar. 1951)
Ackroyd, Joyce Irene (16 June 1952)
Ainslie, James Percival (29 Mar. 1951)
Albert, Adrien (29 Mar. 1951)
Ashby, Eric (29 Mar. 1951)
Austin, Robert Blackie (29 Mar. 1951)
Bailey, Kenneth Hamilton (29 Mar. 1951)
Ballingall, Carol Estella (7 May 1952)
Barker, Frederick Charles (1 Oct. 1951)
Barnard, Alan (17 Mar. 1952)
Barnard, Noel (17 Mar. 1952)
Bauer, Francis Harold (1 Sept. 1952)
Bayliss, Noel Stanley (29 Mar. 1951)
Beasley, Frank Reginald (29 Mar. 1951)
Beazley, Kim Edward (29 Mar. 1951)
Beck, Alan Edward (22 July 1952)
Bellingham, Lois Amalie (29 Mar. 1951)
Belshaw, Cyril Shirley (29 Mar. 1951)
Belshaw, James Pilkington (29 Mar. 1951)
Bennett, John Michael (21 May 1954)
Berry, Harold (22 Nov. 1954)
Blackburn, Charles Bickerton (29 Mar. 1951)
Blakley, Raymond Leonard (25 Nov. 1953)
Blamey, John William (29 Mar. 1951)
Boniwell, Martin Charles (29 Mar. 1951)
Borrie, Wilfred David (29 Mar. 1951)
Boyle, Alan John Fraser (1 Feb. 1953)
Brewer, Kenneth Ronald Walter (13 Aug. 1952)
Bromley, John Edward (17 Mar. 1952)
Brown, Allen Stanley (29 Mar. 1951)
Brown, Desmond Joseph (29 Mar. 1951)
Brown, Horace Plessay (29 Mar. 1951)
Brown, Maurice (1 Jan. 1952)
Brown, Tillman Merritt (21 May 1954)
Bruce, Stanley Melbourne (10 Aug. 1951)
Bull, Lionel Bailey (13 Nov. 1953)
Bulmer, Ralph Neville Hermon (21 May 1954)
Burges, Norman Alan (29 Mar. 1951)
Burn, Alan (29 Mar. 1951)
Burridge, Kenelm Oswald Lancelot (7 Apr. 1951)
Burton, Herbert (29 Mar. 1951)
Butler, Stuart Thomas (1 Aug. 1953)
Butlin, Noel George (1 Aug. 1951)
Cameron, Donald Alastair (4 July 1951)
Carey, Samuel Warren (6 Nov. 1952)
Carter, Edwin Keith (5 Feb. 1954)
Carver, John Henry (24 Feb. 1953)
Champion, Kenneth Stanley Warner (29 Mar. 1951)
Chapman, Robert McDonald (24 Feb. 1953)
Cheek, Bruce Mansfield (1 July 1952)
Cheeseman, Gordon William Henry (1 Aug. 1951)
Clark, Charles Manning Hope (29 Mar. 1951)
Clark, Ernest Haydn (29 Mar. 1951)
Clegg, William Edward (29 Mar. 1951)
Clemenger, Joan Allison (29 Mar. 1951)
Clunies-Ross, Ian (30 Nov. 1953)
Cockroft, John Douglas (5 Sept. 1952)
Collins, Frederick Darlen (1 Oct. 1952)
Cook, Norma Gertrude (3 Apr. 1953)
Coombs, John Saxon (1 Sept. 1952)
Coombs, Herbert Cole (29 Mar. 1951)
Cooper, Walter Jackson (29 Mar. 1951)
Copland, Douglas Berry (29 Mar. 1951)
CONVOCATION

Cornell, James Gladstone (29 Mar. 1951)
Craig, Jean Isobel (1 Sept. 1953)
Crawcour, Edwin Sydney (17 Mar. 1952)
Crawford, Raymond Maxwell (29 Mar. 1951)
Crisp, Leslie Finlay (29 Mar. 1951)
Crocker, Walter Russell (29 Mar. 1951)
Crozier, Dorothy Felice (19 Oct. 1953)
Currie, George Alexander (29 Mar. 1951)
Curtin, Pierce William Edward (29 Mar. 1951)
Curtis, David Roderick (26 Mar. 1954)
Cuskey, Joy Ida (5 Mar. 1953)

Dadd, Frances Marie (9 Sept. 1954)
Daley, Charles Studdy (29 Mar. 1951)
Das, Sadhu Charan (31 July 1954)
Davidson, James Wightman (29 Mar. 1951)
Dawes, Edgar Rowland (26 July 1951)
Dedman, John Johnstone (28 May 1950)
de Meel, Henry (19 April 1953)
Denning, Arthur (29 Mar. 1951)
je Vaucouleurs, Gerard Henri (1 July 1951)
Dew, Harold Robert (29 Mar. 1951)
Dickson, Bertram Thomas (29 Mar. 1951)
Docker, Edward George (15 June 1954)
Dodson, Leigh Frederick (19 Aug. 1953)
Dorrill, William Franklin (26 Mar. 1954)
Drus, Ethel (1 Aug. 1953)

Eccles, John Carew (1 Dec. 1951)
Eccles, Rosamond Margaret (29 Mar. 1951)
Edge, Ronald Dovaston (2 July 1954)
Edwards, Lewis David (11 May 1951)
Elkin, Adolphus Peter (29 Mar. 1951)
Ennor, Arnold Hughes (29 Mar. 1951)
Ewens, John Qualtrough (29 Mar. 1951)
Fallding, Harold Joseph (16 Mar. 1953)
Fatt, Paul (23 Oct. 1952)
Fazekas de St. Groth, Stephen Nicholas Emery Egon (1 Jan. 1952)
Fenner, Frank John (29 Mar. 1951)
Fildes, Joyce Eleanor (1 Sept. 1952)
Firth, Raymond William (29 Mar. 1951)
FitzGerald, Charles Patrick (29 Mar. 1951)
Fitzhardinge, Laurence Frederic (29 March 1951)
Florey, Howard Walter (29 Mar. 1951)
Forster, Colin (26 Mar. 1954)
Foster, John Frederick (13 April 1951)
Franke, Otto Herzberg (11 Nov. 1953)
Fry, Eric Charles (17 Mar. 1952)
Fryberg, Abraham (11 May 1951)

Gani, Joseph Mark (26 Mar. 1954)
Garran, Robert Randolph (29 Mar. 1951)
Gascoigne, Sidney Charles Bartholomew (25 June 1953)
Gibson, Alexander Boyce (29 Mar. 1951)
Gillett, Eric William (29 Mar. 1951)
Gilson, Richard Philip (1 Sept. 1952)
Glasse, Robert Marshall (21 May 1954)
Gollan, Robin Allenby (5 Jan. 1953)
Goodes, Herbert John (29 Mar. 1951)
Goodman, Rupert Douglas (16 June 1952)
Gorton, John Grey (27 June 1951)
Graham, Doris Mary (5 Feb. 1954)
Gum, Colin Stanley (29 Mar. 1951)

Hall, Alan Ross (26 Nov. 1951)
Hamilton, William Stenhouse (29 Mar. 1951)
Hancock, William Keith (29 Mar. 1951)
Hannan, Edward James (11 May 1953)
Harman, Roy William (29 Mar. 1951)
Hay, Halcro Johnston (20 Feb. 1953)
Hibbard, Leonard Ulysses (29 Mar. 1951)
Hieser, Ronald Oswald (9 Feb. 1953)
Hill, Malcolm Robert (21 May 1954)
Hodgkin, David Kenneth Ronald (20 Oct. 1954)
Hogg, Arthur Robert (25 June 1953)
Hohren, Ross Ainsworth (29 Mar. 1951)
Holloway, Bruce William (2 Feb. 1953)
Huxley, Leonard George Holden (29 Mar. 1951)
Hyffen, Torleiv (29 Mar. 1951)

Inall, Edward Kenneth (1 Aug. 1951)
Jaeger, John Conrad (1 Jan. 1952)
Jennings, Joseph Newell (1 Oct. 1952)
Joklik, Wolfgang Karl (1 Nov. 1952)
Jones, Thomas Gilbert Henry (11 May 1951)
CONVOCATION

Joplin, Germaine Anne (1 Aug. 1952)
Jupp, Kathleen Margaret (17 Sept. 1954)

Kett, William George (29 Mar. 1951)
Kiddle, Margaret (1 Feb. 1954)
King, Charles Stanley (29 Mar. 1951)
King, Herbert William Henry (3 Mar. 1952)
Klestadt, Eric (26 Mar. 1954)
Kondaiah, Evani (16 June 1952)
Kramer, Harold (14 Oct. 1953)
Kratzing, Clifford Colin (2 July 1952)

Lane, Barbara Savadkin (23 Mar. 1953)
Lane, Robert Brockstedt (23 Mar. 1953)
Langford-Smith, Trevor (22 June 1953)
Lawrence, Peter (1 May 1954)
Leslie, Francis Henry (17 Sept. 1954)
Lewis, Phillip Harold (7 May 1953)
Liesching, Susan Elizabeth (6 Aug. 1953)
Lindsay, Michael Francis Morris (1 June 1951)
Long, Kenneth Russell (18 April 1953)
Lowe, Charles John (29 Mar. 1951)

MacDougall, James Kenneth (29 Mar. 1951)
Mackaness, George Bellamy (1 July 1951)
MacKirdy, Kenneth Alexander (3 Mar. 1952)
McGwrick, Robert Bowden (29 Mar. 1951)
Marshall, Ian David (7 Jan. 1953)
Martin, Allan William (17 Mar. 1952)
Martin, Leslie Harold (29 Mar. 1951)
Mason, Stephen Finney (1 April 1953)
Mathur, Kripa Shanker (21 May 1954)
Mayer, Adrian Curtis (15 Apr. 1953)
McArthur, Annie Margaret (21 May 1954)
McArthur, Norma Ruth (7 Oct. 1952)
McAulay, Alexander Leicester (29 Mar. 1951)
McCullum, John Archibald (5 June 1952)
McDonald, Arthur Leopold Gladstone (29 Mar. 1951)
McDonald, John Stuart (26 Mar. 1954)
McKillop, Bruce Crago (4 Feb. 1953)
McRae, Christopher Ralph (29 Mar. 1951)
Medley, John Dudley Gibbs (29 Mar. 1951)
Melville, Leslie Galfreid (1 Nov. 1953)

Mills, Reginald (26 Jan. 1954)
Menzies, Robert Gordon (14 June 1951)
Mitchell, Mark Ledingham (29 Mar. 1951)
Moran, Patrick Alfred Pierce (1 Jan. 1952)
Morris, John Demetrius (29 Mar. 1951)
Morrison, John Francis (17 Feb. 1954)
Morris, Joan (29 Mar. 1951)
Morton, Arthur Hilary (14 April 1953)
Moyes, John Steward (29 Mar. 1951)
Mulder, Gerrit (2 July 1953)

Nadel, Siegfried Frederick Stephen (29 Mar. 1951)
Nadel, George Hans (24 July 1953)
Napier, John Mellis (29 Mar. 1951)
Newbury, Colin Walter (24 July 1953)
Nicholson, Alexander John (30 Nov. 1953)

O'Byrne, Justin Hilary (29 Mar. 1951)
Oliphant, Marcus Laurence Elwin (29 Mar. 1951)
O'Loughlin, Carleen (5 Feb. 1954)
Osborne, Robert Gumley (29 Mar. 1951)
Oxnam, Desmond Walter (1 Mar. 1952)

Packer, David Reginald Griffiths (31 Mar. 1952)
Page, Earle Christmas Grafton (29 Mar. 1951)
Parker, Douglas William Leigh (29 Mar. 1951)
Parker, Robert Stewart (1 Mar. 1954)
Partridge, Percy Herbert (1 Aug. 1953)
Paterson, Mervyn Silas (1 June 1953)
Paton, George Whitecross (29 Mar. 1951)
Penny, Ronald Edgar Cooper (1 Feb. 1952)
Penny, Keith (26 Mar. 1954)
Perry, Thomas Melville (21 May 1954)
Perkins, James Oliver Newton (5 Aug. 1953)
Phillips, Derek Michael Phillips (29 Mar. 1951)
Phillips, John Norbert (1 Oct. 1953)
Pitcchford, John David (26 Mar. 1954)
Pitman, Edwin James George (29 Mar. 1951)
Praed, John Max (24 Mar. 1953)
Prescott, Stanley Lewis (1 April 1953)
Price, Archibald Grenfell (29 Mar. 1951)
Price, Charles Archibald (13 Feb. 1952)
Przybylski, Antoni (29 Mar. 1951)

Rawson, Donald William (5 Feb. 1954)
Read, Kenneth Eyre (29 Mar. 1951)
Reay, Marie Olive (16 Mar. 1953)
Rendell, Margaret Patricia (3 Mar. 1953)
Richards, John Robins (1 Oct. 1952)
Rimsky-Korsakoff, Svetlana (15 July 1954)
Rivett, Albert Cherbury David (29 Mar. 1951)
Riviere, Anthony Christopher (18 Mar. 1953)
Roach, James Robert (6 July 1951)
Roberts, Stephen Henry (29 Mar. 1951)
Rodgers, Alexander William (21 May 1954)
Roper, Ernest David (29 Mar. 1951)
Rosenberg, Harry (14 April 1953)
Rowe, Albert Percival (29 Mar. 1951)

Sadka, Emma (26 Mar. 1954)
Salisbury-Rowsell, Richard Frank (25 June 1952)
Sawer, Geoffrey (29 March 1951)
Scarff, Frank (29 Mar. 1951)
Scarrow, Howard Albert (17 Mar. 1952)
Shenton, David Barry (1 Sept. 1952)
Short, Laurence Neville (29 Mar. 1951)
Singleton, Patrick Duffield (4 April 1951)
Slater, Eric Charles (29 Mar. 1951)
Smellie, Donald William (5 Feb. 1954)
Smith, Bernard William (26 Mar. 1954)
Smith, Helen Elaine (19 Mar. 1953)
Smith, William Irving Berry (5 June 1952)
Somerville, Jack Murielle (29 Mar. 1951)

Snelling, Norman John (21 May 1954)
Soper, Charles Samuel (14 Jan. 1952)
Spate, Oskar Hermann Christian (29 Mar. 1951)
Spender, Percy Claude (29 Mar. 1951)
Stanner, William Edward Hanley (29 Mar. 1951)
Stockdale, Noel (18 Apr. 1954)
Stolar, Samuel Jacob (21 Sept. 1954)
Story, George Richard (1 Jan. 1952)
Story, John Douglas (29 Mar. 1951)
Sunderland, Sydney (29 Mar. 1951)
Swan, Trevor Winchester (29 Mar. 1951)
Symonds, John Lloyd (29 Mar. 1951)

Tangney, Dorothy Margaret (27 June 1951)
Tiegs, Oscar Werner (29 Mar. 1951)
Titterton, Ernest William (29 Mar. 1951)
Treacy, Peter Bradley (1 Dec. 1951)
Trendall, Arthur Dale (27 April 1953)
Tugby, Donald John (21 May 1954)

Underwood, Eric John (29 Mar. 1951)
Valentine, Charles (25 June 1954)
Vanderlaan, Karl Otto Hermann (21 May 1953)
Velins, Erika (12 Mar. 1953)
Vickery, James Richard (30 Oct. 1953)

Wadham, Samuel MacMahon (8 June 1951)
Walker, Kenneth Ridley (5 Feb. 1954)
Walpole, Bruce Phillip (26 Mar. 1954)
Ward, Hugh Kingsley (29 Mar. 1951)
Ward, Russell Braddock (16 Mar. 1953)
Wark, Ian William (4 Nov. 1953)
Watson, George Albert (29 Mar. 1951)
Watson, George Michael (29 Mar. 1951)

Webb, Leicester Chisholm (1 May 1951)
Webster, Hugh Colin (11 May 1951)
Webster, Robert Joseph (29 Mar. 1951)
Weeden, William John (16 April 1951)
West, Francis James (9 Oct. 1952)
Wheare, Kenneth Clinton (29 Mar. 1951)

Wheeldon, Leslie Wylie (15 June 1953)
White, Michael James Denham (30 Nov. 1953)
Whittam, Harry Frederick Ernest (29 Mar. 1951)
Whitten, Wesley Kingston (13 Dec. 1951)

Wilson, Robert Kent (1 Mar. 1952)
Wilson, Roland (29 Mar. 1951)
Windeyer, William John Victor (26 July 1951)
Wood, Joseph Garnett (29 Mar. 1951)
Woodroffe, Gwendolyn Marion (12 Mar. 1953)

Woolcock, Maude Joan (29 Mar. 1951)
Woolley, Richard van der Riet (29 Mar. 1951)

Worsley, Peter Maurice (8 Aug. 1951)
Wright, Phillip Arundell (29 Mar. 1951)

Wright, Roy Douglas (29 Mar. 1951)
Wurth, Wallace Charles (29 Mar. 1951)
ACT, STATUTES AND RULES

Australian National University Act 1946-47 (a)

An Act to establish and incorporate a University in the Australian Capital Territory

Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, as follows: —

1. This Act may be cited as the Australian National University Act 1946-1947.(a)

2. This Act shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by Proclamation.(a)

3. In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears—
   "the Canberra University College" means the college established under that name by the Canberra University College Ordinance 1929-1940 of the Australian Capital Territory;
   "the Council" means the Council of the University;
   "the Statutes" means the Statutes of the University in force in pursuance of this Act;
   "the University" means The Australian National University constituted under this Act.

4. (1) A University, consisting of a Council and Convocation, and graduate and under-graduate members, shall be established at Canberra, in the Australian Capital Territory.
    (2) When the Council has been duly constituted and appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the

(a) The Australian National University Act 1946-1947 comprises the Acts set out in the following table: —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Act</th>
<th>Year &amp; Number</th>
<th>Date of Assent</th>
<th>Date of Commencement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australian National University Act 1946</td>
<td>1946, No. 22</td>
<td>1 Aug. 1946</td>
<td>7 February 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australian National University Act 1947</td>
<td>1947, No. 21</td>
<td>10 June 1947</td>
<td>10 June 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australian National University Act (No. 2) 1947</td>
<td>1947, No. 56</td>
<td>25 Nov. 1947</td>
<td>23 December 1947</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
University shall be a body corporate by the name of "The Australian National University" and by that name shall have perpetual succession, and shall have a common seal, and be capable by that name of—

(a) suing and being sued in all courts;
(b) taking, purchasing and holding real and personal property (including property devised, bequeathed or given to the University);
(c) granting, selling, alienating, assigning and demising real or personal property; and
(d) doing all other matters and things incidental or appertaining to a body corporate.

5. (1) The common seal of the University shall be kept in such custody as the Council directs, and shall not be used except upon the order of the Council.

(2) All courts, judges and persons acting judicially shall take judicial notice of the common seal of the University affixed to any document, and shall presume that it was duly affixed.

6. The functions of the University shall include the following:

(a) To encourage, and provide facilities for, post-graduate research and study, both generally and in relation to subjects of national importance to Australia;
(b) To provide facilities for university education for persons who elect to avail themselves of those facilities and are eligible so to do; and
(c) Subject to the Statutes, to award and confer degrees and diplomas.

7. The University may establish such Research Schools as are deemed desirable, including—

(a) a School of Medical Research, to be known as "The John Curtin School of Medical Research";
(b) a Research School of Physical Sciences;
(c) a Research School of Social Sciences; and
(d) a Research School of Pacific Studies.

8. The University may provide specialist training in such subjects as are considered desirable for the purposes of members of the Public Service or of the staff of any public authority.
9. The University may provide for the incorporation in the University of the Canberra University College.

10. The governing authority of the University shall be the Council.

11. (1) The Council shall consist of not more than thirty members.

(2) Two members shall be members of the Senate, elected by the Senate.

(3) Two members shall be members of the House of Representatives, elected by that House.

(4) A number of members determined in accordance with this sub-section, but not at any time exceeding eight, shall be appointed by the Governor-General, being persons who, in the opinion of the Governor-General, by their knowledge and experience can advance the full development of the University. The number of members appointed under this sub-section shall be four, together with one further member for every member in excess of five elected by Convocation for the time being holding office.

(5) A number of members determined in accordance with this sub-section, but not at any time exceeding nine, shall be elected by Convocation. When Convocation is first constituted five such members shall be elected, and an additional member shall be elected for every fifty members by which the number of members of Convocation from time to time exceeds the minimum number required for the original Constitution of Convocation.

(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall be *ex officio* a member of the Council.

(7) Two members shall be appointed or elected, in the manner provided by the Statutes, to represent under-graduate students and other students of the University.

(8) Three members shall be appointed or elected, in the manner provided by the Statutes, to represent the professorial and teaching staff of the University.

(9) The members of the Council for the time being appointed or elected in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section may, in the manner provided by the Statutes, co-opt not more than three additional members of the Council.

(10) The members elected or appointed under sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) of this section shall be severally elected or appointed for periods not exceeding three years.
(11) Subject to the last preceding sub-section and to sections thirteen and fourteen of this Act, the members of the Council (other than the Vice-Chancellor) shall hold office for such periods as the Statutes provide.

(12) The Statutes may provide for the retirement in rotation of members of the Council of any particular class.

(13) A person ceasing to be a member of the Council shall, unless otherwise disqualified, be eligible to become a member for a further period.

(14) In the event of a casual vacancy in the Council, a member shall be elected or appointed in the same manner as that in which the member whose seat is vacant was elected or appointed or, in such cases and in such circumstances as are specified in the Statutes, in such other manner as is prescribed by the Statutes, and the person so elected or appointed shall hold office for the residue of his predecessor’s term of office.

12. (1) At any time before the Council has been duly constituted and appointed, the Governor-General may establish an Interim Council, consisting of such persons as he thinks fit.

(2) Unless sooner dissolved by the Governor-General, the Interim Council shall remain in existence until the date on which the Council is duly constituted and appointed.

(3) The Interim Council shall do such things as it considers necessary in connexion with the establishment of the University and the commencement of the functions of the University, and for that purpose shall have all the powers and functions of the Council (except the powers and functions of the Council under section seventeen of this Act).

(4) While the Interim Council is in existence, any reference in any provision of this Act, other than sections eleven, fourteen, fifteen, seventeen and twenty-four, to the Council shall be read as a reference to the Interim Council.

13. No person who—

(a) is not of the full age of twenty-one years;

(b) is an undischarged bankrupt, or has his affairs under liquidation by arrangement with his creditors;

(c) has been convicted of an offence and sentenced to imprisonment, unless he has received a free pardon or has undergone the sentence; or

(d) is an insane person within the meaning of the laws relating to insanity in force for the time being in any State or Territory of the Commonwealth,
shall be capable of being or continuing to be a member of the Council.

14. If any member of the Council—
(a) dies;
(b) declines to act;
(c) resigns his seat;
(d) is absent without leave of the Council from six consecutive meetings of the Council; or
(e) in the case of a member elected by either House of the Parliament—ceases to be a member of that House,

his seat shall become vacant and shall be filled as a casual vacancy in accordance with sub-section (14) of section eleven of this Act.

15. (1) The Chancellor shall preside at all meetings of the Council at which he is present.

(2) At any meeting of the Council at which the Chancellor is not present, the member specified in, or ascertained in accordance with, the provisions of the Statutes or, if the Statutes do not make any such provision, the member elected by the members present from among their number, shall preside.

16. (1) Convocation shall consist of—
(a) all members and past members of the Council;
(b) all graduates of the University of the degree of Master or Doctor;
(c) all other graduates of the University of three years' standing; and
(d) such graduates of other Universities, or other persons, as are, in accordance with the Statutes, admitted as members of Convocation.

(2) Until Convocation is constituted, the Council shall cause to be kept a roll of all persons who are entitled to become members of Convocation and thereafter shall cause to be kept a roll of all members of Convocation.

(3) When the number of persons so enrolled amounts to fifty, the Council shall report the fact to the Governor-General.

(4) The report mentioned in the last preceding sub-section shall be published in the Gazette, and Convocation shall be deemed to be constituted on the day of that publication.

(5) Meetings of Convocation may be convened by the Vice-Chancellor, or as provided in the Statutes.
17. (1) The Council shall, at its first meeting, and whenever a vacancy in the office of Chancellor occurs, elect one of its number to be Chancellor of the University.

(2) The Chancellor shall hold office for such period as is specified in the Statutes and on such conditions as are provided by the Statutes.

18. (1) The first Vice-Chancellor of the University shall be appointed by the Governor-General and shall hold office, subject to good behaviour, for a period of five years.

(2) Whenever a vacancy in the office of Vice-Chancellor occurs, the Council shall appoint a person (whether a member of the Council or not) to be Vice-Chancellor.

(3) The Vice-Chancellor (other than the first Vice-Chancellor) shall be appointed for such period as is specified in the Statutes and on such conditions as the Council determines.

(4) The Vice-Chancellor shall be the executive officer of the University, and shall possess such powers and perform such duties as the Statutes prescribe or, subject to the Statutes, the Council determines.

19. (1) At any meeting of the Council, not less than one half of the total number of members for the time being shall form a quorum.

(2) At any meeting of Convocation, twenty-five members shall form a quorum.

20. Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent any person from being immediately, or at any time, re-appointed or re-elected to any office or place under this Act if he is otherwise capable, for the time being, of holding that office or place.

21. No proceedings of the Council or of Convocation, or of any committee thereof, and no act done by a person acting as Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor, shall be invalidated by reason of any defect in the appointment or election, or of any disqualification of, any member of the Council or of Convocation, or of any such person, or in the convening or conduct of any meeting, or by reason of there being any vacancy in the number of members of the Council.

22. (1) The Statutes may provide for the establishment of a Board of Graduate Studies consisting of such Professors in the University and other persons as are specified in, or appointed in accordance with, the Statutes.

(2) Subject to this Act, the Board of Graduate Studies shall have such powers and functions in relation to courses of study
in the University and other matters as the Statutes provide, or as are delegated to it by the Council.

Powers of Council.

23. Subject to this Act and the Statutes, the Council may from time to time appoint deans, professors, lecturers, examiners and other officers and servants of the University, and shall have the entire control and management of the affairs and concerns of the University, and may act in all matters concerning the University in such manner as appears to it best calculated to promote the interests of the University.

Standing Committee of Council.

24. (1) There shall be a standing committee of the Council, appointed by the Council, which shall consist of not more than seven members, including the Vice-Chancellor.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor shall be Chairman of the Committee, and in his absence the members present shall elect one of their number to act as Chairman.

(3) The Standing Committee shall exercise such powers and perform such functions as are conferred upon it by the Council.

(4) Four members of the Standing Committee shall constitute a quorum.

Delegation by Council.

25. (1) The Council may, in relation to any matter or class of matters, or in relation to any activity or function of the University, by resolution, delegate all or any of its powers and functions under this Act (except this power of delegation and its powers in relation to the making of Statutes) to any member or to any Committee of its members, or to any officer or officers of the University.

(2) Every delegation under this section shall be revocable by resolution of the Council, and no delegation shall prevent the exercise of any power or function by the Council.

Control and management of property.

26. (1) Subject to this section, the Council shall have the control and management of all real and personal property at any time vested in or acquired by the University, and may dispose of real or personal property in the name and on behalf of the University.

(2) The Council shall not, except with the approval of the Governor-General, alienate, mortgage, charge or demise any lands, tenements or hereditaments of the University, except by way of lease for any term not exceeding twenty-one years from the time when the lease is made, in and by which there is reserved, during the whole of the term, the highest rent that can reasonably be obtained without fine.
27. (1) The Council may from time to time, make, alter and repeal Statutes with respect to all or any of the following matters:—

(a) The management, good government and discipline of the University;

(b) The use and custody of the common seal;

(c) The method of election of members of the Council who are to be elected;

(d) The manner and time of convening, holding and adjourning the meetings of the Council and Convocation; the voting at such meetings (including postal or proxy voting); the appointment, powers and duties of the chairman thereof; the conduct and record of the business; the appointment of committees of the Council and Convocation; and the quorum, powers and duties of such committees;

(e) The resignation of members of the Council and of the Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor;

(f) The tenure of office, stipend and powers and duties of the Vice-Chancellor;

(g) The number, stipend, manner of appointment and dismissal of deans, professors, lecturers, examiners and other offices and servants of the University;

(h) The matriculation of students;

(i) The times, places and manner of holding lectures, classes and examinations, and the number and character of such lectures, classes and examinations;

(j) The promotion and extension of University teaching;

(k) The granting of degrees, diplomas, certificates and honours;

(l) The granting of fellowships, scholarships, exhibitions, bursaries and prizes;

(m) The admission of students of other Universities to any corresponding status or of graduates of other Universities to any corresponding degree or diploma without examination;

(n) The admission of members of Convocation;

(o) The fees to be paid for examinations, for the granting of degrees, diplomas and certificates, for attendance at the lectures and classes of the University and for use of the facilities of the University;

(p) The establishment, management and control of libraries, laboratories and museums in connexion with the University;

Statutes. Amended by No. 21, 1947, s. 3.
(q) The establishment or affiliation of residential colleges within the University;
(r) The affiliation or admission to the University of any educational or research establishment wheresoever situated;
(s) The control and investment of the property of the University;
(t) The provision of superannuation benefits for, and for the families of, the salaried teachers and other salaried officers of the University or any class of those teachers or officers;
(u) Academic costume; and
(v) Generally, all other matters authorized by this Act, or necessary or convenient for giving effect to this Act.

(2) The Statutes may provide for empowering any authority (including the Council) or officer of the University to make by-laws, rules or orders (not inconsistent with this Act or with any Statute) for regulating, or providing for the regulation of, any specified matter (being a matter with respect to which Statutes may be made) or for carrying out or giving effect to the Statutes, and any such by-law, rule or order shall have the same force and effect as a Statute.

28. (1) Every Statute when approved by the Council shall be sealed with the common seal, and shall be transmitted by the Chancellor for the approval of the Governor-General, and upon being so approved shall be notified in the Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

(2) The notification of any Statute in the Gazette shall specify the place at which copies of the Statute may be purchased.

(3) A copy of every such Statute shall be laid before each House of the Parliament within fifteen sitting days of that House after notification of the Statute in the Gazette.

(4) The production of a copy of a Statute under the common seal of the University, or of a document purporting to be a copy of a Statute and to have been printed by the Government Printer, shall, in all proceedings, be sufficient evidence of the Statute.

(5) The Statutes shall be numbered consecutively in the order in which they are notified in the Gazette, and a notice in the Gazette of the fact that a Statute has been made and specifying the number of the Statute shall be sufficient compliance with the requirement of sub-section (1) of this section that the Statute shall be notified in the Gazette.
29. (1) Fees shall be payable by students of the University except, in the case of any student who is granted any fellowship, scholarship, exhibition, bursary or similar benefit, to the extent to which he is thereby exempted from payment of fees.

(2) The Governor-General may, by Proclamation, determine that fees shall not be payable by students of the University and while the Proclamation is in force, fees shall not be so payable.

30. (1) There shall be payable to the University—

(a) in each financial year during the period of five years commencing on the first day of July, One thousand nine hundred and forty-six—such sum, not exceeding Three hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds, as the Treasurer is satisfied is necessary to meet the expenses of the University in that financial year; and

(b) in each financial year thereafter—the sum of Three hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds.

(2) The amounts payable to the University under this section shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund which, to the necessary extent, is hereby appropriated accordingly.

31. All fees and all other moneys received by the Council under the provisions of this Act or otherwise shall be applied by the Council solely for the purposes of the University.

32. No religious test shall be administered to any person in order to entitle him to be admitted as a student of the University, or to hold office therein, or to graduate thereat, or to enjoy any benefit, advantage or privilege thereof.

33. (1) The Council shall, within six months after the close of each University year, transmit to the Governor-General a report of the proceedings of the University during that year, containing a true and detailed account of the income and expenditure of the University during the year, audited in such manner as the Treasurer of the Commonwealth directs.

(2) A copy of every such report shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

34. (1) Every person who, at the date on which the Canberra University College is incorporated in the University in pursuance of section nine of this Act, holds any salaried office or employment in the Canberra University College, and has not attained the age of sixty-five years, shall be entitled to be appointed to an office or to be employed in the University on terms and conditions (including terms and conditions as to remuneration and duration of appointment, but not including
terms and conditions prescribing the title, duties or status of the office or employment) not less favourable than those upon which he so holds that office or employment:

Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to or in relation to any employment as a part-time lecturer, or any remuneration in respect of a part-time lectureship.

(2) A person to whom the last preceding sub-section applies shall not have any right to damages or compensation in respect of the termination, in consequence of the coming into operation of this Act, of his tenure of any office or employment in the Canberra University College.
Interpretation Statute


2. (1) Where a Statute provides for empowering an authority or officer of the University to make by-laws, rules or orders, then unless the contrary intention appears expressions used in any such by-law, rule or order shall have the same meaning as in the Act or in the Statute.

(2) This Statute applies to by-laws, rules and orders made under Statutes in like manner as it applies to Statutes.

3. In a Statute, unless the contrary intention appears—

"Director" means the Director of a Research School in the University;

"the Act" means the Australian National University Act 1946-1947;

"the Rules" means the Rules made in pursuance of the Statute, and "the By-laws" or "the Orders" has a corresponding meaning.

4. In a Statute, unless the contrary intention appears, references to an authority, officer or office shall be construed as references to that authority, officer or office in and of the University.

5. In a Statute, rule, by-law, order or other document of the University, a Statute may be cited by its title or by its number, and a reference to a Statute by its number or title shall be construed as a reference to that Statute as amended from time to time.

Elections (Members of Council) Statute

1. Subject to this Statute, the Council may make Rules with respect to the method of election of members of the Council—

(a) by Convocation;

(b) to represent the students of the University;

(c) to represent the professorial and teaching staff of the University,

and with respect to the tenure of office of the members elected, and the elections shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules.

2. Every election referred to in this Statute shall be conducted by the Registrar, who shall be the Returning Officer, and his decision on

1 Made by the Council on 13 Oct. 1950; approved by the Governor-General on 16 Nov. 1950; operative from 22 Nov. 1950.

2 Made 13 Oct. 1950; approved 16 Nov. 1950; operative from 22 Nov. 1950.
all matters affecting the eligibility of candidates and the conduct and result of an election shall be final.

3. Elections shall be conducted by a method of preferential voting.

4. At an election referred to in this Statute the voting shall be by secret ballot.

5. A candidate for election by a specified class of electors shall be a member of that class.

6. The Rules shall provide for the retirement in rotation of the elected members of the Council.

7. If an elected member of the Council ceases to hold the qualification by virtue of which he was elected, his seat shall thereupon become vacant.

8. Co-option of members of the Council may be effected by the resolution of a majority of the members of the Council referred to in sub-section (9) of section 11 of the Act, voting at a meeting summoned for that purpose, and the resolution may determine the period during which a co-opted member shall hold office, and may provide for the retirement in rotation of the co-opted members.

Statute No. 3

Convocation Statute

1. In addition to the persons on whom membership is conferred by the Act, the following persons shall be members of Convocation:

(a) persons who were members of Convocation immediately before the commencement of this section;

(b) the Directors, Professors, Readers, Research Associates, Senior Fellows, Fellows, Senior Research Fellows and Research Fellows;

(c) the Master and Fellows of University House;

(d) the Registrar, the Librarian and the Accountant;

(e) the occupants of such other offices as the Council from time to time declares to be senior offices for the purpose of this Statute;

(f) the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor or equivalent officers of each of the other Universities in Australia, the Chairman of the Council and the Principal of the Canberra University College and the Warden of the Newcastle University College; and

1 Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Statute No. 3 were repealed on 13 January 1955 and replaced by Statute No. 18 (Convocation Amendment Statute No. 3), the provisions of which have now been incorporated in the above consolidation.
(g) the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization.

2. The Council may, by the vote of an absolute majority, admit as additional members of Convocation persons who, in the opinion of the Council, are specially qualified to advance the interests of the University.

3. (1) Subject to the next succeeding sub-section, a person who is or becomes a member of Convocation shall remain a member notwithstanding that he ceases to hold the qualification by virtue of which he became a member.

(2) A Senior Research Fellow or a Research Fellow shall cease to be a member of Convocation if he leaves the service of the University before completing a period of three years' service.

4. The Council may from time to time make Rules with respect to the functions, meetings and officers of Convocation.

Statute No. 4

Board of Graduate Studies Statute

1. There shall be a Board of Graduate Studies comprising the Vice-Chancellor, the Master of University House, the Directors, the Professors, the Registrar and the Librarian. The Council may, on the advice of the Board, appoint as a member of the Board any person who holds an honorary appointment in the University with a rank not lower than that of Professor.

2. Subject to this Statute, the Board may make Rules with respect to its proceedings and officers.

3. The Board shall be the principal academic body of the University; it shall have the right to advise the Council on any question affecting education, learning or research in the University.

4. The Vice-Chancellor shall be the Chairman of the Board.

5. (1) The Board may, by resolution, delegate all or any of its powers and functions (except this power of delegation) under any Statute, by-law, rule, order or resolution of the Council to any Committee of its members, or to any of its members or to any officer of the University.

(2) Every delegation under this section shall be revocable by resolution of the Board, and no delegation shall prevent the exercise of any power or function by the Board.

6. The Registrar shall be secretary of the Board.

1 Made 13 Oct. 1950; approved 16 Nov. 1950; operative from 22 Nov. 1950.
2 As amended by Statute No. 9—Board of Graduate Studies Amendment Statute No. 1.
3 As amended by Statute No. 16—Board of Graduate Studies Amendment Statute No. 2.
Enrolment, Courses of Research and Degrees Statute

1. The following degrees may be conferred by the University:
   - Master of Arts (M.A.).
   - Master of Science (M.Sc.).
   - Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.).
   - Doctor of Letters (Litt.D.).
   - Doctor of Science (D.Sc.).
   - Doctor of Laws (L.L.D.).

2. The Board of Graduate Studies shall from time to time recommend to the Council the making, altering and repeal of Rules with respect to:
   - the enrolment of students;
   - the requirements of courses of research;
   - the granting of degrees, including honorary degrees;
   - the granting of fellowships, scholarships and other awards or distinctions;
   - the fees to be paid by students and other persons working in the University;
   - the discipline of the University.

Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Statute

1. The members of the Council first elected under sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 11 of the Act and the members first appointed under sub-section (4) of that section shall hold office for a period of two years.

2. The periods of office of the members of the Council first elected under sub-sections (2), (3), (4), (5), (7) and (8) of section 11 of the Act shall commence on the first day of July One thousand nine hundred and fifty-one.

3. Subject to this Statute, the Council may make rules with respect to the period of office of the members of the Council elected under sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 11 of the Act and of the members appointed under sub-section (4) of that section.

4. A member of the Council, other than the Vice-Chancellor, may resign his seat by notice in writing to the Council delivered to the Registrar.

1 Made 9 Mar. 1951; approved 16 May 1951; operative from 28 June 1951.
2 Made 8 June 1951; approved 27 June 1951; operative from 29 June 1951.
3 As amended by Statute No. 11—Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Amendment Statute No. 1.
Statute No. 7

Common Seal Statute

1. The common seal of the University shall be kept in the custody of the Registrar or in such other custody as the Council directs, and shall not be used except upon the order of the Council or as provided by this Statute.

2. The Registrar shall affix the common seal of the University—
   (i) to the certificate or other like document issued to any person as evidence that a degree or diploma has been conferred upon or awarded to him by the University;
   (ii) to each Statute approved by the Council;
   (iii) to other documents which are approved by the Council and which are required to be under the common seal of the University.

3. Where a document is required to be under the common seal of the University but the affixing of the seal is not authorized by the last preceding section, the Chancellor or the Vice-Chancellor may direct the Registrar to affix the seal of the University to that document, and at the first opportunity the Chancellor or the Vice-Chancellor as the case may be shall report to the Council the action so taken.

4. The affixing of the common seal of the University to any document shall be attested by the Chancellor or the Vice-Chancellor and by the Registrar.

Statute No. 8

Chancellorship Statute

1. Subject to this Statute the Chancellor shall hold office from the date of his election until 31 July in the fourth year after his election.

2. The Chancellor shall preside at meetings of the Council and on ceremonial occasions at which he is present.

3. The Chancellor may resign his office by notice in writing to the Council delivered to the Registrar.

4. The office of Chancellor shall become vacant if the Chancellor ceases to be a member of the Council.

5. Whenever a Chancellor is elected, and at such other times as are necessary, the Council shall elect one of its members to be

1 Made 13 Apr. 1951; approved 31 Aug. 1951; operative from 27 Sept. 1951.
2 Made 28 Apr. 1952; approved 17 Jan. 1953; operative from 11 June 1953.
Deputy Chairman of the Council. The Deputy Chairman of the Council shall preside at any meeting of the Council at which the Chancellor is not present.

Statute No. 9

Board of Graduate Studies Amendment Statute No. 1

(The provisions of this Statute have now been incorporated in the consolidation of Statute No. 4—Board of Graduate Studies Statute. See p. 51.)

Statute No. 10

Convocation Amendment Statute No. 1

(Repealed on 13 January 1955 and replaced by Statute No. 18. See p. 65.)

Statute No. 11

Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Amendment Statute No. 1

(The provisions of this Statute have now been incorporated in the consolidation of Statute No. 6—Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Statute. See p. 52.)

Statute No. 12

Vice-Chancellorship Statute

Whereas by section 18 of the Act provision is made for the appointment, on such conditions as the Council determines, of a Vice-Chancellor who shall be the executive officer of the University:

And whereas by sections 11 and 24 of the Act it is provided that the Vice-Chancellor shall _ex officio_ be a member of the Council and the chairman of the Standing Committee of the Council:

And whereas by the Board of Graduate Studies Statute it is provided that the Vice-Chancellor shall be a member and the chairman of the Board:

And whereas it is expedient to make further provision by Statute with respect, amongst other things, to the powers, duties and tenure of office of the Vice-Chancellor:

The Council hereby makes the following Statute:—

1. The Vice-Chancellor has the general oversight of the affairs, is

1 Made 27 Apr. 1953; approved 7 Aug. 1953; operative from 31 Aug. 1953.
FACULTIES AND FACULTY BOARDS

responsible to the Council for the administration, and promotes generally the interests, of the University.

2. The powers and functions of the Vice-Chancellor are exercisable in accordance with the Statutes, with the Rules or other instruments having the force of Statutes, and with the resolutions of the Council.

3. The Vice-Chancellor is *ex officio* a member of all boards and committees within the University.

4. The Council may by order at the time of appointing a Vice-Chancellor fix the period of his appointment.

Statute No. 13

Faculty and Faculty Boards Statute

1. There shall be a Faculty of Social Sciences and a Faculty of Pacific Studies.

2. Each Faculty shall comprise the Professors, Readers, Research Associates, Senior Fellows and Fellows of the appropriate Research School, and such other members of the staff of the University as the Faculty may by the vote of an absolute majority of all the members of the Faculty from time to time co-opt.

3. There shall be a Faculty Board of each Faculty, each such Board comprising the Heads of Departments and Readers of the appropriate Research Schools: provided that the Faculties may by resolution of a joint meeting elect, in addition to, or in place of Faculty Boards, a Board of the Joint Faculties, comprising the Heads of Departments and Readers of both Schools.

4. The Chairman of each Faculty or Faculty Board shall be the Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School. In the absence of the Chairman from any meeting the members present shall elect one of their number to preside at that meeting.

5. Each Faculty and each Faculty Board shall meet at least once in each term. Meetings shall be convened by the Registrar at the request of the Chairman or the Vice-Chancellor or of four members of the Faculty or Board.

6. Each Faculty and Faculty Board may, subject to the Statutes and Rules, regulate its proceedings by resolution.

7. Each Faculty may, through the appropriate Faculty Board, advise the Board of Graduate Studies, and through the Board of Graduate Studies the Council, on any academic matter, except the admission of particular persons to degrees or the appointment of particular persons to offices in the University.

8. Each Faculty Board may, either on its own or on the appropriate Faculty's initiative, advise the Board of Graduate Studies, and through the Board of Graduate Studies the Council on any academic matter. Subject to the Statutes and Rules, and to the directions of the Council and the Board of Graduate Studies, the Faculty Board shall recommend admissions to degrees and the making of appointments, and shall conduct the academic business of the appropriate School. For these purposes the Faculty Board may refer any question for the consideration of the appropriate Faculty and may appoint committees of members.

9. Each Faculty and Faculty Board shall report to the Board of Graduate Studies or to the Council on any question submitted to it by those bodies: provided that any such report to the Council shall be submitted through the Board of Graduate Studies.

10. At each meeting of a Faculty the Chairman shall report on such matters dealt with since the previous meeting of the Faculty as are in the competence of the Faculty. At each meeting of the Board of Graduate Studies, the Chairman of each Faculty shall report on matters dealt with by the Faculty and the appropriate Faculty Board.

11. The Faculties and the Faculty Boards shall make arrangements for dealing with matters of joint concern to the two Schools. For this purpose, joint meetings of the Faculties and Faculty Boards may be convened and joint ad hoc committees appointed.

12. Subject to this Statute the Council may make Rules with respect to the establishment, membership, powers, functions, officers and proceedings of the Faculties.

13. Each Faculty may by resolution delegate any of its powers except this power of delegation to any committee of its members or to any officer of the University. Each such delegation shall be revocable by resolution of the Faculty, and no delegation shall prevent the exercise of any power or function by the Faculty.

14. The Registrar shall be Secretary of each Faculty and Faculty Board.

15. The proceedings of each Faculty and Faculty Board shall be recorded in a minute book.

Statute No. 14 ¹

Staff Superannuation Statute

Part I—Interpretation

1. In this Statute, unless the contrary intention appears—
“approved life office” or “life office” means a company or society specified in the Schedule to this Statute;

"dependant", in relation to a member, means—

(a) the wife, husband, widow, widower or child of the member, whether in fact dependent on him or not; and

(b) any other member of the family of the member who, in the opinion of the Council is substantially dependent upon the member;

"designated beneficiary", in relation to a member, means a person or persons for the time being nominated by the member, in a form approved by the Council, to succeed to benefits under the Scheme after the death of the member;

"endowment assurance policy" means a policy of assurance on the life of a member which provides for payment of the sum assured—

(a) on the maturity of the policy; or

(b) subject to the policy conditions, on the death of the member occurring before the maturity date;

"member" means a member of the Scheme;

"pension date", in relation to a member, means the end of the secular year in which the member attains the age of sixty years;

"prescribed age", in relation to a member, means his age at the anniversary date of the policy on his life maintained under the Scheme next preceding his sixtieth birthday;

"pure endowment policy" means a policy of assurance on the life of a member which provides for—

(a) the payment of the sum endowed on the maturity date of the policy; and

(b) in the event of the death of the member before the maturity date, the return of the premiums paid in respect of the policy, either with or without interest as provided by the policy;

"salary", in relation to a member, means the annual basic salary paid to the member by the University, and does not include additions to the basic salary on account of cost-of-living adjustments or temporary additions to the basic salary;

"the policy", in relation to a member, means the policy or policies of assurance on the life of the member effected for the purposes of the Scheme or accepted for those purposes;

"the Scheme" means the superannuation scheme established under this Statute.
Part II—Administration

2. The Council is authorized to establish and maintain a Staff Superannuation Scheme in accordance with this Statute.

3. (1) Administration of the Scheme is vested in the Council.

(2) The Council may, in relation to a matter or class of matters, by resolution, delegate all or any of its powers and functions under this Statute (except this power of delegation) to a member of the Council, to a Committee of members of the Council or to an officer or officers of the University.

(3) A delegation under this section is revocable by resolution of the Council, and no delegation prevents the exercise of a power or function by the Council.

4. The Council shall cause proper accounts and records of the Scheme to be kept.

5. The Council may make agreements with Universities or other educational or research institutions for the setting up of joint machinery to facilitate the transfer of members from a superannuation scheme controlled by one such body to a superannuation scheme controlled by another, and generally in regard to matters affecting the Scheme.

Part III—The Superannuation Scheme

6. (1) Subject to this section, the following salaried officers and salaried teachers of the University are eligible to be members of the Scheme:

   - The Vice-Chancellor;
   - Full-time Members of the Academic Staff;
   - The holders of offices determined by the Council to be full-time senior administrative offices;
   - The Librarian;
   - Laboratory Managers;
   - Such other officers and teachers as the Vice-Chancellor determines.

(2) A person is not eligible to be a member while he is a contributor under the Superannuation Act 1922-1951.

(3) Except where the Council otherwise directs, a person is not eligible to become a member if he has attained the age of fifty-five years.

7. (1) A person becomes a member when, upon application in accordance with a form approved by the Council, the Council causes his name to be enrolled as a member.

(2) A person remains a member while he continues to be eligible to be a member and continues to be liable to make contributions under this Statute.
8. (1) A person appointed or re-appointed, after the commencement of this Statute, for a term of not less than three years, as an officer or teacher referred to in sub-section (1) of the last preceding section and who is otherwise eligible to become a member shall, subject to the next succeeding sub-section, agree, in the manner and terms required by the Council, as a condition of appointment or re-appointment, to become and remain, or to remain (as the case may require) a member of the Scheme.

(2) A person to whom the last preceding sub-section applies and who is not a member may, before his appointment or re-appointment, inform the Council that he prefers to become, or to continue as, a contributor under the Superannuation Act 1922-1951, and in any such case—

(a) that person shall not be required to become a member of the Scheme until the expiration of a period of three months after the date on which his appointment or re-appointment takes affect; and

(b) that person shall not be required to become a member of the Scheme if, at the expiration of that period, he is a contributor under the Superannuation Act 1922-1951, unless and until he ceases to be such a contributor.

(3) The Council may, in special circumstances, exempt a person from the requirements of this section.

9. (1) When a person becomes a member he shall effect with an approved life office an endowment assurance policy on his life, or, if he is not less than fifty years of age or has an unassurable life, a pure endowment policy, for such amount as, having regard to his age, is obtainable at an annual premium equal to the contributions payable by the University and himself as provided in this Statute in respect of his salary at the time when he becomes a member.

(2) The policy shall be expressed to mature at the member's prescribed age, and the member has a discretion to determine whether the policy shall or shall not provide for participation in any surplus that may be distributed by the life office from time to time by way of reversionary additions to the sums assured under participating policies.

(3) In the case of a person who, when he becomes a member, is not less than fifty years of age or has an unassurable life, he may elect that, in lieu of the effecting of a policy on his life, the contributions under section eleven of this Statute in respect of him shall be held and accumulated by the Council with power to invest them in securities authorized by law for the investment of trust funds.

(4) Where a member has made an election under the last preceding sub-section, the moneys held by the Council and any securities representing any such moneys, together with the income from
those moneys or securities, shall, for the purpose of this Statute, be treated as nearly as possible as if they were a life assurance policy effected on the life of the member for the purposes of this Statute.

10. (1) The Council may agree to accept for the purpose of the Scheme an existing policy of assurance on the life of a member in lieu of the policy required to be effected under the last preceding section, if the policy is transferred in statutory form to the University and at the date of the transfer is not encumbered.

(2) This section does not apply to an existing policy unless—

(a) the conditions of the policy are in accordance with the requirements of this Statute as to policies for the purposes of the Scheme; or

(b) the policy has been accepted for the purposes of the Federated Superannuation System for Universities (Great Britain).

11. (1) Subject to the next succeeding section, a member shall contribute five per centum of his salary and the University shall contribute annually a sum equal to ten per centum of the member's salary.

(2) Contributions under this section shall continue until the maturity date of the policy or the date on which the member ceases to be in the full-time service of the University (whichever is the earlier) but if the member continues in the service of the University after his pension date, contributions under this section shall continue until the member reaches the age of sixty-five years or ceases to be in the service of the University, whichever first happens.

(3) The contributions under this section shall, except as otherwise provided in this Statute, be applied by the Council in payment of the yearly premium on the policy.

(4) The University may deduct from payment of salary to the member the amounts necessary to meet the member's contributions under this section until the maturity date of the policy.

(5) The Council may pay a premium upon the policy in anticipation of contributions by the member or the University, or in default of contributions by the member.

12. (1) If, after the policy has been effected, the salary of a member is increased or reduced, the contributions under the last preceding section shall not be increased or reduced unless and until the rate of the increased salary is greater or less, by more than twenty-five pounds per annum, than the rate of salary upon which those contributions are being made for the time being.

(2) Where, by reason of a change in salary, the contributions in respect of a member are increased or reduced, the sum assured under the policy shall be appropriately adjusted.
(3) If a member is absent from the service of the University, with or without remuneration from the University—

(a) he shall pay his contributions for the period of his absence unless the Council, in its discretion, agrees to pay those contributions; and

(b) the Council may determine, in its discretion, whether the University or the member shall pay the University's contributions for that period and those contributions shall be paid accordingly.

13. Where the premiums upon a policy which is proposed to be accepted for the purposes of the Scheme are payable in sterling currency, the Council may make an arrangement with the member with respect to payment of the exchange upon those premiums and for the variation of the rights of the member under this Statute in consequence of the arrangement, and in any such case this Statute operates subject to the terms of the arrangement.

14. (1) A policy effected for the purposes of the Scheme shall be either in the name of the University or in the name of the member and in the latter case it shall be assigned in statutory form by the member to the University.

(2) The member shall arrange for the policy to be delivered by the life office to the University.

(3) The University shall retain possession of the policy, but will make it available for inspection by the member at any reasonable time.

15. (1) A member shall not, without the consent in writing of the Council, assign, either absolutely or as security, or charge his interest or any part of his interest in the policy.

(2) If a member—

(a) becomes bankrupt or, without the consent in writing of the Council, assigns or charges or attempts to assign or charge his interest or any part of his interest in the policy or does or suffers anything by which his interest in the policy, or any part of that interest, would or might, through his act or default or by operation or process of law, become vested in or payable to any other person; or

(b) becomes a lunatic or is in the opinion of the Council incapable of managing his own affairs, the rights and interests of the member in the policy forthwith determine and the Council may surrender the policy, or continue the policy for the time being and surrender it later, or continue it until maturity or the prior death of the member.

(3) Any moneys representing the member's rights and interests so determined which are received by the Council, whether upon sur-
render or at maturity of the policy or on the death of the member, shall, at the option of the Council, be—

(a) applied towards the maintenance or benefit of the member or his dependants or of such one or more of them as the Council, in its discretion, thinks fit; or

(b) paid in any of the ways mentioned in section seventeen of this statute.

16. The University has a lien or charge upon the policy in respect of a member and the moneys payable under the policy for all moneys owing by the member in pursuance of this Statute and for premiums paid in anticipation of contributions, or in default of contributions by a member, and not recouped.

17. If a member dies while in the full-time service of the University before the policy matures, the University shall receive payment of the moneys payable under the policy from the life office and subject to sections fifteen and sixteen of this Statute, shall pay those moneys, or the balance of those moneys, as the case may be—

(a) to the designated beneficiary;

(b) if there is no designated beneficiary—to a dependant or dependants of the member as determined by the Council in its absolute discretion; or

(c) if there is no designated beneficiary and no dependant—

(i) to the executor or administrator to whom probate of the will or letters of administration of the estate of the member has or have been granted; or

(ii) where, after a period considered by the Council to be reasonable, there is no such executor or administrator—to the next of kin of the member or as the Council, in its absolute discretion determines.

18. (1) If the policy matures while the member is in the full-time service of the University, the University shall receive payment of the moneys payable under the policy from the life office and, subject to sections fifteen and sixteen of this Statute and to this section, the University shall pay those moneys to the member on the pension date applicable to him.

(2) If the member dies before the pension date, the Council shall pay the moneys in the manner provided in the last preceding section.

(3) If the Council thinks fit, the University may, in lieu of paying to the member moneys referred to in this section, use those moneys in the purchase of an annuity payable to the member during his life-time.

(4) If the member continues in the full-time service of the Uni-
versity after his pension date, the moneys payable under the policy which would otherwise be payable to the member, together with contributions by and in respect of the member under section eleven of this Statute made after the maturity of the policy, shall be invested by the Council in securities authorized by law for the investment of trust moneys, and the securities shall be held until the member ceases, by death or retirement, to be in the service of the University, whereupon the securities shall be realized and the proceeds, together with any income received from the investments, shall—

(a) in the case of death—be paid in the manner specified in the last preceding section; or

(b) in the case of retirement—be paid to the member or used in the purchase of an annuity payable to the member during his life-time.

19. (1) If a member resigns from the full-time service of the University before attaining his prescribed age and his resignation is accepted by the Council, the Council shall, subject to sections fifteen and sixteen of this Statute, transfer the policy to the member or according to his discretion, and the transfer shall be in full settlement of all claims of the member under this Scheme.

(2) The provisions of this section extend to the case of a member whose appointment expires by effluxion of time before he attains his prescribed age and who is not forthwith appointed or re-appointed to an office by virtue of holding which he is eligible to continue to be a member of the Scheme.

20. If a member is dismissed from the full-time service of the University before he attains his prescribed age, the Council may deal with the policy or the policy moneys as it thinks just.

21. If a member becomes a contributor under the Superannuation Act 1922-1951, the policy shall be dealt with in such manner as the Council, in its discretion, determines.

THE SCHEDULE

The Australasian Temperance and General Mutual Life Assurance Society Limited.
Australian Mutual Provident Society.
The City Mutual Life Assurance Society Limited.
The Colonial Mutual Life Assurance Society Limited.
The Mutual Life and Citizens' Assurance Company Limited.
The National Mutual Life Association of Australasia Limited.
The Prudential Assurance Company Limited.
Statute No. 15

Convocation Amendment Statute No. 2

(Repealed on 13 January 1955 and replaced by Statute No. 18. See p. 65.)

Statute No. 16

Board of Graduate Studies
Amendment Statute No. 2

(The provisions of this Statute have now been incorporated in the consolidation of Statute No. 4—Board of Graduate Studies Statute. See p. 51.)

Statute No. 17 ¹

Academic Dress Statute

1. The academic dress of the Chancellor shall be a robe of black damask figured silk trimmed with gold lace and a black velvet square cap trimmed with gold lace, similar in each case to that ordained to be worn by the Chancellor of the University of London.

2. The academic dress of the Vice-Chancellor shall be a robe of black damask silk trimmed with gold lace and a black velvet square cap trimmed with gold lace, similar in each case to that ordained to be worn by the Vice-Chancellor of the University of London.

3. The academic dress of graduates of the University shall be as follows:

   (1) for masters—

      (a) a gown of black cloth, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by Masters of Arts of the University of Oxford;

      (b) a hood of black cloth, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by graduates of the University of London, lined with blue corded silk;

      (c) a square cap of black cloth; provided that a woman shall be at liberty to wear a soft black cloth cap of the shape worn for this purpose by women graduates of the University of Oxford.

   (2) for Doctors of Philosophy—

      (a) a gown of black cloth, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by Masters of Arts of the University of Oxford and faced with blue corded silk;

¹ Made 9 July 1954; approved 22 November 1954; operative from 2 December 1954.
(b) a hood of blue corded silk, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by Doctors of the University of Cambridge, lined with the same blue silk; and

(c) a round black velvet cap with a blue cord and tassel.

(3) for Doctors other than Doctors of Philosophy—

(a) a gown of scarlet cloth, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by Doctors of the University of Oxford, faced with blue corded silk;

(b) a hood of scarlet cloth, of the same shape as that ordained to be worn by Doctors of the University of Cambridge, lined with blue corded silk; and

(c) a round black velvet cap with a blue cord and tassel.

4. For the purpose of this Statute "ordained to be worn" means ordained to be worn as at the date of the commencement of this Statute.

5. The Vice-Chancellor may define the colours or ranges of colours which are approved for the purpose of this Statute.

Statute No. 18¹

Convocation Amendment Statute No. 3

(The provisions of this Statute have now been incorporated in the consolidation of Statute No. 3—Convocation Statute. See p. 50.)

Statute No. 19²

University House (Sale of Liquor) Statute

1. In this Statute "liquor" means wine, spirits, ale, beer, porter, cider, perry and any liquid containing alcohol ordinarily used or fit for use as a beverage.

2. Subject to section 4, liquor shall not be sold or purchased in University House unless the sale is made to, or the purchase is made by, a member or resident of University House.

3. The Governing Body of University House may make Orders regulating the sale and purchase of liquor in University House and those Orders may make provision for or in relation to the persons by whom, the hours within which, the prices at which and the conditions under which liquor may be sold.

4. The Governing Body of University House may, for the purposes

¹ Made 10 September 1954; approved 15 December 1954; operative from 13 January 1955.

² Made 10 September 1954; approved 15 December 1954; operative from 13 January 1955.
of a function to be held in University House, direct, by instrument in writing—

(a) that, during a period specified in the instrument, section 2 of this Statute shall not apply in relation to the sale of liquor in University House by a person specified in the instrument or the purchase of liquor in University House by a person included in a class of persons specified in the instrument; and

(b) that, during the period, the operation of an Order made under the last preceding section shall be suspended or varied in a manner specified in the instrument.

5. A person who sells or purchases liquor in University House otherwise than in accordance with this Statute or an Order or an instrument in writing made under this Statute by the Governing Body of University House shall be deemed to have sold or purchased liquor in University House contrary to a provision of this Statute.
RULES

Elections (Members of the Council) Rules

Part I—General

1. All elections pursuant to these Rules shall be conducted by the Registrar in accordance with the electoral system set out in the Schedule hereto.

2. If at any election the number of nominations does not exceed the number of seats to be filled, the Registrar shall declare the persons nominated to be elected.

3. The Registrar shall not accept a vote at any election unless he is satisfied that it has been cast by a qualified voter, and that that voter has voted only once.

4. Any casual vacancy in the office of an elected member of the Council shall be filled by the election of a member to fill the vacancy who shall be entitled to hold office during the residue of the term of the member whose office he fills:

Provided that—

If a person elected pursuant to these Rules ceases to be a member of the Council within six months of the time at which his tenure would have expired, the Council may if it thinks fit direct that the casual vacancy so caused shall be filled at the election conducted at the time when that person's seat would normally have become vacant.

5. Save as is otherwise provided in these Rules, all members elected pursuant to these Rules shall hold office for four years.

Part II—Elections by Convocation

1. Each member of Convocation shall keep the Registrar informed of his address, and the Registrar shall keep a roll of addresses so supplied to him.

2. When an election under this Part is necessary, the Registrar shall publish the fact by notice on the notice board at the University and in one daily paper in Canberra, Sydney and Melbourne, a copy of which notice he shall send by post to each member of Convocation at the address shown on the roll. The notice shall—

(a) set out the number of seats to be filled, and the names of the members of the Council elected by Convocation whose seats do not fall vacant at the time of the election concerned;

(b) invite nominations of persons for election, and specify the form in which nominations must be made;

1 Made by the Interim Council on 9 March 1951.
ELECTIONS

(c) prescribe a date and time by which nominations must reach the Registrar.

3. If the number of nominations exceeds the number of seats to be filled, the Registrar shall send to each member of Convocation having an address known to him—
   (a) a voting paper;
   (b) a notice setting out how the voter’s preference is to be shown, and prescribing a date and time by which voting papers must reach the Registrar.

4. The three of the first six members elected by Convocation who stand highest at the polls shall hold office for four years, and the other three members shall hold office for two years. If the first six members elected by Convocation are declared elected without a ballot, the Registrar shall decide by lot which three of them shall hold office for four years, and the other three shall hold office for two years.

Part III—Elections by Students

1. In this Part a student means a person for the time being enrolled as a student of the University.

2. When an election under this Part is necessary, the Registrar shall publish the fact by notice on the notice board at the University and in a daily paper in Canberra.

   The notice shall—
   (a) state that a seat is to be filled, and set out the name of the member of the Council elected by the students whose seat does not fall vacant at the time of the election concerned;
   (b) invite nominations of persons for election, and specify the form in which nominations must be made;
   (c) prescribe a date and time by which nominations must reach the Registrar.

3. If the number of nominations exceeds the number of seats to be filled, the Registrar shall send to each student—
   (a) a voting paper;
   (b) a notice setting out how the voter’s preference is to be shown, and prescribing a date and time by which voting papers must reach the Registrar.

4.¹ (i) Members elected by the students shall hold office for one year.
   (2) Nothing in this Rule affects the tenure of office of any member elected by the students and holding office on 1 January 1953.

¹ As amended by the Elections (Members of the Council) Rules: Amending Rule No. 1—Tenure of Members Elected by the Students, made by the Council 22 Jan. 1953.
Part IV—Elections by Staff

1. In this Part a member of the staff means a person who holds a full-time academic appointment in the University of or above the grade of Research Fellow. Before each election pursuant to these Rules the Council shall draw up a list of persons entitled to vote and only persons whose names appear on that list shall vote.

2. When an election under this Part is necessary, the Registrar shall publish on the notice board at the University and send to each member of the staff a notice which shall—

(a) set out the number of seats to be filled and the names of any member of the Council elected by the staff whose seat does not fall vacant at the time of the election concerned;

(b) invite nominations of persons for election and specify the form in which nominations must be made;

(c) prescribe a date and time by which nominations must reach the Registrar.

3. If the number of nominations exceeds the number of seats to be filled the Registrar shall send to each member of the staff—

(a) a voting paper;

(b) a notice setting out how the voter's preference is to be shown, and prescribing a date and time by which voting papers must reach the Registrar.

4. Of the first three members elected by the staff, the member who stands highest at the polls shall hold office for four years, and the other two members shall hold office for two years. If the first three members elected by the staff are declared elected without a ballot, the Registrar shall decide by lot which of them shall hold office for four years, and the other two shall hold office for two years.

THE SCHEDULE

1. In the conduct of an election the Registrar shall allow the intervals specified hereunder between the events severally set out—

(i) between the publication of the fact that an election is necessary and the time prescribed for the receipt of nominations; not less than fourteen and not more than thirty days;

(ii) between the time prescribed for the receipt of nominations and the issue of voting papers; not more than twenty-eight days;

(iii) between the time of issuing voting papers and the time by which voting papers must reach the Registrar; not less than twenty-eight and not more than sixty days.

2. Nominations of candidates shall be made to the Registrar. A nomination shall be signed by two persons qualified to vote at the
election and shall contain the written consent of the candidate to his nomination.

3. With every voting paper there shall be issued a form of declaration and three envelopes, one envelope marked “Voting Paper”, one marked “Declaration”, and one addressed to the Registrar.

4. Every voting paper shall contain the names of the candidates in alphabetical order (the names of any retiring candidates being indicated) and shall be initialled by the Registrar or his deputy and no voting paper other than one so initialled shall be accepted. Where a voting paper has been lost or destroyed a duplicate shall be supplied on written application to the Registrar.

5. The voter shall indicate the order of his preference on the voting paper by writing the arabic numeral one against the name of the candidate, or an unbroken series of arabic numerals beginning at one against the names of the candidates for whom he wishes to vote, one number against the name of each such candidate; but he shall not be obliged to place a number against the name of every candidate.

6. Each voter shall post or deliver to the Registrar his voting paper and declaration each enclosed in a separate and distinctive envelope. These envelopes shall both be enclosed in another envelope addressed to the Registrar.

7. All such envelopes received by the Registrar shall remain unopened until the close of the poll. The Registrar or his deputy shall then in each case open the outer envelope and also the envelope containing the declaration. If the declaration be duly signed by a qualified voter the envelope containing the voting paper shall be placed and mixed with other similar envelopes. The Registrar or his deputy shall then open the envelopes containing the voting papers and ascertain the result of the election.

8. Each candidate shall be entitled to nominate a scrutineer to represent him at the scrutiny.

9. Neither the Registrar nor anyone acting as his deputy nor any scrutineer shall in any way disclose or aid in disclosing in what manner any voter has voted.

10. No voting paper shall be accepted unless it is received by the Registrar before the close of the poll.

11. The Registrar shall decide whether any voting paper shall be accepted or rejected.

12. In an election at which only one candidate is to be elected the result of the election shall be determined in the manner following:—

(i) the Registrar shall count the first preference votes given for each candidate on all unrejected voting papers;
(2) the candidate who has received the largest number of first preference votes shall, if that number constitutes an absolute majority of votes, be elected;

(3) if no candidate has received an absolute majority of first preference votes, the counting of votes shall proceed as follows:—

(a) the candidate who has received the fewest first preference votes shall be excluded, and each voting paper counted to him shall be counted to the candidate next in the order of the voter's preference;

(b) if a candidate then has an absolute majority of votes he shall be elected, but if no candidate then has an absolute majority of votes, the process of excluding the candidate who has the fewest votes, and counting each of his voting papers to the unexcluded candidate next in the order of the voter's preference, shall be repeated until one candidate has received an absolute majority of votes; and

(c) the candidate who has received an absolute majority of votes shall be elected.

13.1 In an election at which more than one candidate is to be elected, the result of the election shall be determined in the manner following:—

(1) the first preference votes given for each candidate on all unrejected voting papers shall be counted;

(2) the aggregate number of such first preference votes shall be divided by one more than the number of candidates required to be elected, and the quotient increased by one, disregarding any remainder, shall be the quota, and (except as hereinafter provided in sub-section 10) no candidate shall be elected until he obtains a number of votes equal to or greater than the quota;

(3) any candidate who has, upon the first preference votes being counted, a number of such votes equal to or greater than the quota shall be declared elected;

(4) where the number of such votes obtained by any candidate is equal to the quota, the whole of the voting papers on which a first preference vote is recorded for such elected candidate shall be set aside as finally dealt with;

(5) Where the number of such votes obtained by any candidate is in excess of the quota, the proportion of votes in excess of the quota shall be transferred to the other candi-

1 As amended by the Elections (Members of the Council) Rules: Amending Rule No. 2—Transference of Votes, made by the Council 14 Aug. 1953.
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dates not yet declared elected, next in the order of the voter's preferences, in the following manner:

(a) all the voting papers on which a first preference vote is recorded for the elected candidate shall be re-examined, and the number of second preference votes, or (in the case provided for in section 15) third or next consecutive preferences, recorded for each unelected candidate thereon shall be counted;

(b) the surplus of the elected candidate shall be divided by the total number of votes obtained by him on the counting of the first preference votes, and the resulting fraction shall be the transfer value;

(c) the number of second or other preferences ascertained in paragraph (a) to be recorded for each unelected candidate, shall be multiplied by the transfer value;

(d) the resulting number shall be credited to each unelected candidate, and added to the number of votes obtained by him on the counting of the first preference votes.

(6)—

(a) where, on the counting of the first preference votes or on any transfer, more than one candidate has a surplus, the largest surplus shall be first dealt with. If then more than one candidate has a surplus, the then largest surplus shall be dealt with, and so on; Provided that, if one candidate has obtained a surplus at a count or transfer previous to that at which another candidate obtains a surplus the surplus of the former shall be first dealt with;

(b) where two or more surpluses are equal, the surplus of the candidate who was the highest on the poll at the count or transfer at which they last had an unequal number of votes shall be first dealt with, and if they have had an equal number of votes at all preceding counts or transfers, the Registrar shall decide which candidate's surplus shall be first dealt with.

(7)—

(a) Where the number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised up to or above the quota by a transfer as aforesaid, he shall thereupon be declared elected. And in such case, notwithstanding the fact that he may have reached the quota, such transfer shall be completed, and all the votes to which he is en-
titled therefrom shall be transferred to him, but no votes of any other candidate shall be transferred to him;

(b) where the number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised up to, but not above, the quota by a transfer as aforesaid, the whole of the voting papers on which such votes are recorded shall be set aside as finally dealt with;

(c) where the number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised above the quota by a transfer as aforesaid, his surplus shall be transferred to the candidates next in the order of the voters' respective preferences, in the following manner:—

(i) The voting papers on which are recorded the votes obtained by the elected candidate in the last transfer shall be re-examined, and the number of third, or (in the case provided for in sub-section 15) next consecutive preferences recorded for each unelected candidate thereon counted;

(ii) the surplus of the elected candidate shall be divided by the total number of voting papers mentioned in paragraph (i), and the resulting fraction shall be the transfer value;

(iii) the number of second (or other) preferences, ascertained in paragraph (i), to be recorded for each unelected candidate, shall be multiplied by the last-mentioned transfer value;

(iv) the resulting number shall be credited to each unelected candidate, and added to the number of votes previously obtained by him.

(8)—

(a) where, after the first preference votes have been counted and all surpluses (if any) have been transferred as hereinbefore directed, no candidate, or less than the number of candidates required to be elected, has or have obtained the quota, the candidate who is lowest on the poll shall be excluded, and all the votes obtained by him shall be transferred to the candidates next in the order of the voter's respective preferences, in the same manner as is directed in sub-section (5):

(b) the votes obtained by such excluded candidate as first preference votes shall first be transferred, the transfer value of each vote in this case being one;
(c) the other votes of such excluded candidate shall then be dealt with in order of the transfers in which, and at the transfer value at which, he obtained them;

(d) each of the transfers which takes place under the two previous clauses of this sub-section shall be deemed for all purposes to be a separate transfer.

(9)—

(a) where a number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised up to or above the quota by any such transfer as aforesaid, he shall thereupon be declared elected. And in such case, notwithstanding the fact that he may have reached the quota, such transfer shall be completed, and all the votes to which he is entitled therefrom shall be transferred to him, but no other votes shall be transferred to him;

(b) where the number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised up to, but not above, the quota, by any such transfer as aforesaid, the whole of the voting papers on which such votes are recorded shall be set aside as finally dealt with;

(c) where the number of votes obtained by a candidate is raised above the quota by any such transfer as aforesaid, the surplus shall be transferred to the candidates next in the order of the voters' respective preferences in the same manner as is directed in sub-section 7, paragraph (c); Provided that such surplus shall not be dealt with until all the votes of the excluded candidate have been transferred.

(d) where any surplus exists it shall be dealt with before any other candidate is excluded.

(10) The same process of excluding the candidate lowest on the poll and transferring his votes to other candidates shall be repeated until all the candidates, except the number required to be elected, have been excluded, and the unexcluded candidates who have not already been so declared, shall then be declared elected.

14. Where at any time it becomes necessary to exclude a candidate and two or more candidates have the same number of votes and are lowest on the poll, then whichever of such candidates was lowest on the poll at the last count or transfer at which they had an unequal number of votes shall be first excluded, and if such candidates have had an equal number of votes at all preceding counts or transfers, the Registrar shall decide which candidate shall be first excluded.

15. In determining which candidate is next in the order of the
voter's preference, any candidates who have been declared elected or who have been excluded shall not be considered, and the order of the voter's preference shall be determined as if the names of such candidates had not been on the voting paper.

16. Where on any transfer it is found that on any voting paper there is no candidate next in the order of the voter's preference, that voting paper shall be set aside as exhausted.

17. The Registrar may if he thinks fit, on the request of any candidate setting forth the reasons for the request, or of his own motion, re-count the ballot papers received in connexion with any election.

Courses and Degrees Rules

Part I—General

1. In these Rules "the Board" means the Board of Graduate Studies.

2. In these Rules "course" means course of post-graduate study and research.

Part II—Admission

3. A person wishing to become a research student shall make application to the Registrar in such form as the Board prescribes, and shall submit with his application an outline of the course he proposes to pursue.

4. The Board may admit as a research student any person who:—

   (1) holds a degree of another University, which degree and University are approved for this purpose by the Board; provided that the Board may in special cases and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit admit a person who does not hold such a qualification; and

   (2) has been accepted by the Faculty Board, Director or Dean of one of the Research Schools.

5. The Board shall, when it admits a research student, specify the Department or Departments in which he shall work and the date at which his course shall be deemed to begin or have begun.

6. The Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School shall appoint a supervisor of each research student admitted by the Board as a candidate for a degree, and shall report each such appointment to the Board.

7. The Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School shall before the expiration of three terms from the date on which a research student is admitted by the Board report to the Board the research topic approved by the Faculty

1 Made by the Council on 12 November 1954.
Board, Director or Dean for that research student and the degree for which the Faculty Board, Director or Dean has permitted him to become a candidate.

8. The Board may at any time after recommendation from the Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School, and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit, allow a research student for one degree to become a research student for another degree instead.

Part III—Enrolment

9. The Registrar shall keep a roll of students. A person who has been admitted as a research student and who satisfies the Registrar that he has paid the prescribed fees, if liable, and has begun his approved course may sign the roll, and shall by virtue of so signing become an enrolled student of the University.

Part IV—Fees

10. Students shall pay such fees as are from time to time prescribed by order of the Council, and payment shall be made in the manner so prescribed.

Part V—Courses

11. Each research student shall pursue his course to the satisfaction of the Board. If a supervisor is of opinion that a research student has failed to conduct his research satisfactorily he shall report to the Board accordingly and the Board may, after recommendation from the Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School, resolve that the research student shall cease to be a research student of the University.

12. Each research student shall satisfy such residential requirements as the Board shall prescribe.

13. Each research student shall, subject to the requirements of this part, attend at the University for forty weeks, including the periods of University terms, during each year, and may be required by his supervisor to attend for a further six weeks in each year.

14. (1) Subject to sub-rules (2), (3) and (4) of this rule, a candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy shall pursue his approved course within the University for such period, not being less than

AMENDMENT — Part V, 14 (2), Page 76.

(2) The Board may permit a candidate to pursue at another Institution such part of his approved course as it thinks fit; provided that a candidate shall keep five terms in the University, except that a candidate whose approved course is less than nine terms shall keep four terms.

Research School provide that a candidate's approved course shall extend over the period of less than nine, but not less than six terms.
CONSTITUTION OF COUNCIL

(4) Any part of a candidate's approved course undertaken with the approval of the Faculty Board, Director or Dean in the field shall be deemed to have been undertaken within the University.

15. (1) Subject to sub-rules (2) and (3) of this rule a candidate for the degree of Master of Arts or Master of Science shall pursue his approved course within the University for such period, not being less than six or more than nine consecutive terms, as the Board prescribes.

(2) The Board may permit a candidate to pursue at another institution such part of his approved course as it thinks fit; provided that the candidate shall keep four terms in the University.

(3) Any part of a candidate's approved course undertaken, with the approval of the Faculty Board, Director or Dean, in the field, shall be deemed to have been undertaken within the University.

16. (1) Except as provided in sub-rule (2) of this rule and in Part VI, rule 20, a candidate shall spend his full time in the pursuit of his approved course.

(2) The Board may admit as a candidate for the degree of Master of Arts or Master of Science a person engaged in employment other than the full-time pursuit of his course, if in the Board's opinion that employment is of a nature likely to assist the candidate in the pursuit of his course of study and research. The Board shall not prescribe for the approved course of such a candidate a period of less than nine or more than fifteen terms.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (2) of this rule, the Board may antedate the commencement of the course of any person employed by the University who is admitted as a candidate for a degree under that sub-rule if that person has before the making of this rule done work within the University which the Board considers proper to be considered as part of his approved course of study and research.

17. The Board may, after recommendation from the Faculty Board, Director or Dean, grant a research student special leave during his course on the ground of illness or other serious cause.

18. The Board may, after recommendation from the Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School, suspend a research student's course for such time as it thinks fit. The Board shall determine whether the period of such suspension shall be reckoned part of the student's approved course.

Part VI—Examinations and Degrees

19. The examination of candidates for degrees shall be conducted as follows:

(a) The candidate shall not less than three months before the time at which he wishes to be examined give notice to the
Registrar in such form as the Board requires. The Faculty Board, Director or Dean may dispense with this requirement in special cases.

(b) The Board shall after recommendation from the Faculty Board, Director or Dean of the appropriate Research School appoint not fewer than two examiners, one of whom shall be an external examiner. The Board may at any stage of the examination similarly appoint an additional examiner and shall do so in the event of disagreement between two original examiners. Each examiner shall submit an independent report on the examination, and shall recommend that the candidate be admitted, or not admitted, to the degree.

(c) If an examiner is unable to attend the oral examination required by paragraph (d) of this rule the Board may appoint an assessor who is able to attend. In such a case the internal examiner and the assessor shall report to the Board on the oral examination: provided that in any case of disagreement between the assessor and the external examiner the assessor shall consult the external examiner before furnishing his report.

(d) The candidate shall during the last term of his approved course or within one year after the end of that term (or, with the permission of the Board, within such period not exceeding three years after the end of that time as the Board determines) present to the Registrar three copies of a written thesis in such form as the Board prescribes, embodying the results of his approved research, and shall be examined orally on the substance of his thesis and his knowledge of his subject, unless the Board on the recommendation of the examiners exempts the candidate from oral examination.

(e) If the Board is of opinion that the candidate is fit to be admitted to the degree it shall recommend to the Council that he be admitted and on his fulfilling the prescribed conditions he shall be so admitted.

(f) The Board may, on the recommendation of the examiners, decide that the candidate be not admitted to the degree, but be at liberty to resubmit the thesis and be re-examined within such period, not exceeding twelve months, as the Board decides.

20. The Board may admit as a candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy any person who has held an appointment as a Research Fellow in the University for a period of not less than two years.

21. The Faculty Board, Director or Dean of any Research School may make such additional regulations not inconsistent with these
rules concerning the examination of candidates in that School as it thinks fit, and compliance with such regulations shall for a candidate in that School be a condition of taking an examination.

22. Any person who—

(i) holds a degree of this University; or

(ii) holds a degree of another University, which degree and University are approved for this purpose by the Board; and

(b) is certified by the Board to have or have had a substantial connection with this University,

may at the discretion of the Board be admitted as a candidate for the degree of Doctor of Letters or Doctor of Science or Doctor of Laws.

23. (1) A candidate for the degree of Doctor of Letters or Doctor of Laws or Doctor of Science shall submit his published works in such manner as the Board prescribes. The Board shall appoint not fewer than two examiners, one of whom shall be an external examiner. The Board may at any stage of the examination appoint an additional examiner. Each examiner shall submit an independent report on the examination.

(2) Each examiner shall recommend to the Board that the candidate be admitted, or be not admitted, to the degree.

(3) If the Board is of opinion that the candidate has made an original and substantial contribution to knowledge and scholarship, it shall recommend to the Council that he be admitted to the degree and on his fulfilling the prescribed conditions he shall be so admitted.

24. A candidate for any degree shall not submit for examination work in respect of which a degree has been awarded in any University.

25. Each candidate for a degree shall before the degree is conferred deposit in the Library a copy of every thesis or published work successfully submitted for examination for a degree.

26. (1) A person who is recommended by the Board to the Council on the ground of his distinguished eminence in learning may be admitted honoris causa to such of the degrees of Doctor of Letters, Doctor of Science or Doctor of Laws as the Board decides.

(2) A person who is recommended by the Board to the Council on the ground of his distinguished eminence in public service may be admitted honoris causa to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

27. A person who holds a permanent academic appointment in the University and who is recommended by the Board to the Council may be admitted to the degree either of Master of Arts or of Master of Science as the Board decides.
Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Rules

1. The members of the Council elected under sub-section (2) and (3) of section 11 of the Act and the members appointed under sub-section (4) of that section to hold office in each case from the first day of July One thousand nine hundred and fifty-three shall hold office for a period of two years.

2. Of the two members of the Council elected under sub-section (2) of section 11 of the Act to hold office from the first day of July One thousand nine hundred and fifty-five one (who shall be designated by the Senate) shall hold office for two years and the other shall hold office for three years. Thereafter all members elected under that sub-section shall hold office for three years.

3. Of the two members of the Council elected under sub-section (3) of section 11 of the Act to hold office from the first day of July One thousand nine hundred and fifty-five one (who shall be designated by the House of Representatives) shall hold office for two years, and the other shall hold office for three years. Thereafter all members elected under that sub-section shall hold office for three years.

4. If the number of members of the Council appointed under sub-section (4) of section 11 of the Act to hold office from the first day of July One thousand nine hundred and fifty-five is an even number, half of those members (who shall be designated by the Governor-General) shall hold office for two years, and the other half shall hold office for three years. If the number of members so appointed is an odd number, then a number of those members (who shall be designated by the Governor-General) equal to the next whole number greater than half their number shall hold office for two years, and the remaining members shall hold office for three years.

1 Made by the Council on 29 May 1953.
GENERAL INFORMATION

CONDITIONS OF AWARD OF SCHOLARSHIPS

Tenure

Scholarships are awarded for an initial period of two years, and may be renewed for a third year. Scholars are normally required to enrol as candidates for the Ph.D. degree. The University may terminate a scholarship at any time if, in the opinion of the Board of Graduate Studies, a scholar is not making satisfactory progress in his course.

An award is dependent on the satisfactory outcome of a medical examination conducted by a physician nominated by the University.

Living Allowances

Single scholars and married scholars not accompanied by their wives or children are required to live in University House. Such scholars at present receive an allowance of £A705 per annum.

Married scholars accompanied by their families at present receive an allowance of £A705 per annum. Those with dependent children may be granted an additional allowance, normally £A200 in respect of the first child, and £A50 per annum for each other child. The University will give assistance in the matter of accommodation for married scholars accompanied by their wives and families, but can give no undertaking in this respect.

Living allowances commence on the day the scholarship is taken up in Canberra and are paid monthly in arrear.

Travelling Grants

The University may make a contribution towards the expenses incurred by a scholar in coming to and returning from Canberra. The contribution is as follows:

(a) Scholars living in Australia

The equivalent of 2nd class rail fare.

The University will on request in advance consider making a grant of not more than £A50 towards other movement expenses.

(b) Scholars from abroad

An allowance will be fixed in each case. (For scholars from the United Kingdom the maximum is £Stg. 115 each way.)

Fees

Scholars are exempt from the payment of University tuition fees.

Field and Research Expenses

A scholar who is required to undertake field or research work away from Canberra will receive a special allowance.

Income Tax

At the present time scholarship allowances are exempt from Australian income tax.
Outside Work
A scholar shall not engage in paid outside work of any kind, or undertake or conduct any paid occupation or business or engage in the practice of any profession without the permission of the Council. In general, permission will not be granted for anything other than a very small amount of University teaching in a subject directly relevant to a scholar's training.

Superannuation
The University does not make provision for superannuation for scholars. The Vice-Chancellor may, however, grant a loan to a scholar to enable him to meet an existing superannuation commitment.

Thesis
A scholar is required to deposit in the University Library a copy of the thesis or other results of research at the conclusion of the course.

Terms
Except for periods approved for fieldwork, a scholar is required to be in attendance at the University for forty weeks each year and he may also be required to be in attendance for a further six weeks at the discretion of his supervisor.

UNIVERSITY HOUSE
University House is under the control of a Governing Body consisting of the Master (Professor A. D. Trendall) and eight Fellows. It was formally opened on 16 February 1954 by H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh and will provide accommodation for approximately 120 resident members.

Membership
The following persons are eligible for membership:—

(a) Members of the Council of the University
(b) Persons holding academic appointments and others engaged in full-time research in the University
(c) Senior Administrative Officers of the University (Registrar, Assistant Registrars, Accountant, Librarian)
(d) Research students of the University
(e) Other officers of the University who are graduates
(f) Graduates of the University.

The Governing Body may from time to time invite to membership of the House, in addition to those in the above categories, persons of high academic distinction normally resident in Canberra. The
annual subscriptions (due at the beginning of March and current for one year from that date) are three, five or eight guineas according to the status of members.

Residence
All members are eligible to reside in University House, subject to the approval of the Governing Body. Preference is given to members of the staff and to research students. Residence for the latter, if unmarried, is obligatory unless they have been granted special exemption by the Vice-Chancellor. A limited amount of accommodation is available for married couples without children.

The current weekly charges for rooms, including all meals are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Room Type</th>
<th>Charges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small single room in Eastern Annexe</td>
<td>£7 2 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large single room in Eastern Annexe</td>
<td>£7 7 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small flat (bed-sitting room and bathroom)</td>
<td>£8 2 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large flat (sitting-room, bedroom and bathroom)</td>
<td>£9 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Meals in Hall
Meals in Hall are served at the following hours:
- breakfast 8—8.20 a.m. (week-ends and holidays 8.15—8.45 a.m.)
- lunch 12.40—1.20 p.m.
- dinner 6.15—6.35 p.m.

Drinks are available before and after dinner in the Coffee Room and are charged to members against signed chits, for which accounts will be rendered monthly. Wines or beer are available at dinner on a similar basis, and may also be obtained for private consumption.

Non-resident members are requested to indicate their intention to dine in Hall not later than noon on the day in question by advising the Office.

Gowns are worn for dinner at the High Table.

Guests
Members are entitled to bring Guests into the Common Rooms and into Hall. The charge for their meals is 5/- for lunch and 7/- for dinner.

Guest-rooms are also available for visitors and requests for their use should be made by members to the Master.

Private Functions
Dining-rooms with accommodation for from six to sixty persons are available to members for their private cocktail, dinner or supper parties. Requests for these rooms and arrangements for the food and
drinks to be provided should be made through the Steward’s office at least one week in advance, if a special menu is required or more than ten guests are expected.

A large room on the ground floor of the Eastern Annexe has been prepared as a Ladies Wing for the use of members’ wives. It comprises a small rest room and a large lounge which may be divided up into smaller rooms suitable for tea, cocktail or supper parties, and arrangements for their use should be made through the Steward’s Office. A fully equipped kitchen (with refrigerator) has also been provided; crockery and cutlery may be borrowed on request from the Household Superintendent.

Common Rooms

Three Common Rooms are available to members from 8 a.m. till midnight—the Main Room which contains a wide selection of newspapers and periodicals, the Library-and-Music Room, and the Writing-and-Reading Room where quiet must be observed. There is also a Coffee Room beside the Hall, where coffee is served after dinner and where drinks may also be obtained.

The Eastern Annexe contains a large room (with seating accommodation for about seventy) suitable for meetings, play-readings, film shows, etc. It may be made available to approved academic bodies or societies on application to the Master at least eight days in advance.

Games Rooms are provided in the basement and include a billiards room (two tables), a table-tennis room, and two music-practice rooms.

Four Bendix washing machines are available in the basement to provide laundry facilities for residents and there are also drying-rooms and ironing tables.

Library

University House contains a small Library designed to provide suitable facilities for general reading and reference purposes, with particular regard to literature, the fine arts, Australiana and better-class fiction.

Resident members are entitled to borrow books, other than works of reference which are marked with an asterisk, from this Library. Not more than one work may be borrowed at any one time and no book should be kept for longer than fourteen days.
ANNUAL REPORTS

The University furnishes an annual report of its academic, financial and other transactions to the Governor-General, and the report is laid before Parliament. Copies of these reports are available gratis on request. The introductory passage from the report for the year 1953 will be found on pp. 89-95.

UNIVERSITY PUBLICATIONS

Apart from the Calendar, the University publishes the News, which is designed to give up-to-date information about University developments, including the appointment and movements of members of the staff and details of academic vacancies. About five issues appear each year; they are available gratis on request.

THE MORRISON LECTURE

The George Ernest Morrison Lecture in Ethnology was founded by Chinese residents in Australia and others in honour of the late Dr G. E. Morrison, a native of Geelong, Victoria.

The objects of the foundation of the lectureship were to honour the memory of a great Australian who rendered valuable services to China, and to stimulate interest in Australia in the art, science and literature of the Chinese Republic. From the time of its inception until 1948 the lecture was associated with the Australian Institute of Anatomy, but in the latter year the responsibility for the management of the lectureship was accepted by the University.

The following lectures have been delivered:

Dr W. P. Chen (Consul-General for China in Australia), "The Objects of the Foundation of the Lectureship, and a Review of Dr Morrison's Life in China", 10 May 1932.


J. S. MacDonald (Director, National Art Gallery, New South Wales), "The History and Development of Chinese Art", 3 May 1934.

Dr W. P. Chen (Consul-General for China in Australia) "The New Culture Movement in China", 10 May 1935.

Dr Wu Lien-tah (Director, National Quarantine Service, China), "Reminiscences of George E. Morrison; and Chinese Abroad", 2 September 1936.

A. F. Barker (Professor of Textile Industries, Chiao-Tung University, Shanghai, China), "The Impact of Western Industrialism on China", 17 May 1938.

Professor S. H. Roberts (Vice-Chancellor, University of Sydney), "The Gifts of the Old China to the New", 5 June 1939.

His Grace the Archbishop of Sydney, Howard Mowll, "West China as Seen through the Eyes of the Westerner", 29 May 1940.


Professor D. B. Copland (Vice-Chancellor, Australian National University), "The Chinese Social Structure", 27 September 1948.

Professor J. K. Rideout (Department of Oriental Languages, University of Sydney), "Politics in Medieval China", 28 October 1949.


Lord Lindsay of Birker (Senior Research Fellow in International Relations, Australian National University), "China and the West", 20 October 1953.


OTHER UNIVERSITY LECTURES

During 1955 the University will continue a series of Public Lectures, given by prominent scholars from within and outside the University on matters of academic and public interest. These lectures are given at intervals of three or four weeks during term.

It is the University's practice to invite newly appointed professors to give Inaugural Lectures. It is expected that several inaugural lectures will be delivered in 1955.

During 1951 the University accepted a proposal of the Australian Automobile Association that the University should conduct an annual lecture on some aspect of national roads policy. The first of these lectures was delivered on 20 March 1952 by Sir John Kemp on "Some Aspects of Modern Transport and their Relation to Road Construction". The series is now, however, in abeyance.

MEMBERSHIP OF INTER-UNIVERSITY BODIES

The University is a member of The Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth, whose headquarters are at 36 Gordon Square, London, W.C.1. The Secretary of the Association, Dr J. F. Foster, will gladly answer enquiries about the University, with whose development he has been closely concerned. Details of
apointments and awards offered by the University are available from the Association.

The University is also a member of the recently formed International Association of Universities, whose offices are at 19 Avenue Kléber, Paris 16.

STAFF ASSOCIATION

The Australian National University Staff Association was formed in September 1953. In general the object of the Association is to advance the welfare of its members in their capacity as members of the staff of the University.

Membership is open to all those on the staff of the University possessing university degrees or equivalent professional qualifications, including senior administrative, library and technical officers.

A committee of seven, consisting of a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary, a Treasurer and three other members, is elected annually to conduct the affairs of the Association between general meetings.

GENERAL STAFF ASSOCIATION

During 1953 the need had been felt for an organization which could represent the views of all members of the staff of the University. A constitution was prepared and was accepted by a general meeting in April 1954; it provided, among other things, that membership of the Association should be open to all the University staff, and that the Association should be registered.

A council representing all sections of the University is elected annually.

STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

The first steps towards the formation of a Students' Association were taken in March 1952, when the small body of scholars then resident in Canberra met on a number of occasions to discuss matters of common interest. This group became the Interim Committee of the Australian National University Students' Association, and undertook the tasks of framing a constitution and of attempting to work out answers to some of the problems then faced by scholars. The constitution came into effect in June 1953 and the Association was formally established.

The general aims of the Association, as stated in the preamble to the constitution, are to promote the welfare and further the interests of members by affording a recognized means of communication between them and the University authorities and by encouraging social and sporting activities among the research students of the University. The Association has already brought a number of important matters which affect research students before the relevant authorities, and seen them dealt with effectively, while some successful social and sporting events have also been organized. It is hoped
that with increases in the size of the student body and the provision of a social centre at University House activities of this kind will be extended.

SPORTS UNION

During 1954 a University Sports Union was formed to concern itself with the sporting interests of the University.

One function envisaged for the Sports Union has been the consideration of the sporting requirements of the University and the offering of suggestions to Council about the direction in which the University's sporting facilities could most appropriately be extended.

Although capital outlay on sporting facilities is a University responsibility, the Sports Union has in mind the need to provide adequate equipment for various sports. To this end an annual subscription is levied upon members.

Membership of the Sports Union—which carries the right to use all sporting facilities under the jurisdiction of the Sports Union—is open to all those associated with the University.

The clubs at present affiliated with the Sport Union are the Cricket Club, the Tennis Club and the Basketball Club.

**PRINCIPAL BENEFACTIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Benefactor</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1951</td>
<td>Lady Isaacs</td>
<td>£100</td>
<td>for the furtherance of study in the Department of Anthropology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lady Groom</td>
<td>£500</td>
<td>for the foundation of a scholarship, preferably in Law, to be known as the &quot;Littleton Groom Memorial Scholarship&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Swedish-Australian Cultural Fund</td>
<td>£1,600</td>
<td>to be used to strengthen the ties of friendship between Australia and Sweden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Norwegian-Australian Cultural Fund</td>
<td>£2,265</td>
<td>to be used to strengthen the ties of friendship between Australia and Norway.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Danish-Australian Cultural Fund</td>
<td>£2,100</td>
<td>to promote and maintain scientific and cultural contacts with Denmark.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954</td>
<td>Miss Amy E. Hall</td>
<td>£300</td>
<td>for the purchase of a grand piano for University House.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNUAL REPORT

Introduction to the Report of the Council for the period
1 January 1953 to 31 December 1953

To His Excellency Field Marshal Sir William Joseph Slim, G.C.B.,
Birm. and Cantab.), D.C.L. (Oxon), Governor-General and Com-
mander-in-Chief in and over the Commonwealth of Australia.

May it please Your Excellency:

I have the honour to submit to Your Excellency the report of the
Council of The Australian National University for the period from
1 January 1953 to 31 December 1953.

The Council

The Council met seven times during the year, in January, April,
May, August, October, November and December.

On 30 June 1953, the terms of office of the following members
of the Council expired:

Members appointed by the Governor-General
Mr A. S. Brown
Mr E. R. Dawes
Major-General W. J. V. Windeyer

Members elected by the Senate
Senator J. A. McCallum
Senator D. M. Tangney

Members elected by the House of Representatives
Mr K. E. Beazley
Dr D. A. Cameron

Members elected by Convocation
Professor H. Burton
Professor R. D. Wright
Professor H. K. Ward

Members elected by the Staff
Professor A. H. Ennor
Professor M. L. Oliphant

Member elected by the Students
Mr E. C. Fry

Mr N. Barnard, the other student representative, indicated that
he wished to resign his seat at the same time.

Elections and appointments took place in accordance with the
provisions of the University Act, and the following new Councillors
took office as from 1 July 1953:

Members appointed by the Governor-General
Mr A. S. Brown
Mr H. J. Goodes
Mr Warren McDonald
Mr E. R. Dawes
Sir Frank Richardson
Mr H. J. Goodes
Sir David Rivett
Major-General W. J. V. Windeyer
Members elected by the Senate
Senator J. A. McCallum  Senator D. M. Tangney

Members elected by the House of Representatives
Mr K. E. Beazley  Dr D. A. Cameron

Members elected by Convocation
Mr W. D. Borrie  Dr H. C. Coombs
Professor H. Burton  Professor J. W. Davidson
Professor R. D. Wright

Members elected by the Staff
Professor J. C. Eccles  Professor P. H. Partridge

Members elected by the Students
Mr E. C. Fry  Mr A. W. Martin

Member co-opted:
Professor M. L. Oliphant

During the year the tenure of student Councillors was, in accordance with the wish of the student body, fixed at one year. Accordingly the terms of office of the persons taking their seats on 1 July 1953, will be as follows:

For two years
Mr A. S. Brown
Mr E. R. Dawes
Mr H. J. Goodes
Mr Warren McDonald
Sir Frank Richardson
Sir David Rivett
Major-General W. J. V. Windley
Senator J. A. McCallum
Senator D. M. Tangney
Mr K. E. Beazley
Dr D. A. Cameron
Professor M. L. Oliphant

For four years
Mr W. D. Borrie
Professor H. Burton
Dr H. C. Coombs
Professor J. W. Davidson
Professor R. D. Wright
Professor J. C. Eccles
Professor P. H. Partridge

For one year
Mr E. C. Fry
Mr A. W. Martin

The Council paid a special tribute on his retirement to Professor H. K. Ward, whose devoted service to the University dated from his appointment to the Interim Council in 1948.

During the year Dr H. C. Coombs continued to act as Deputy Chairman of the Council.

Vice-Chancellorship
On 1 February Sir Douglas Copland, the first Vice-Chancellor of the University, began three months' leave of absence prior to his assumption of office as Australian High Commissioner in Ottawa.
In June Mr L. G. Melville, who was then Executive Director of the International Bank and the International Monetary Fund, accepted the Council's invitation to the Vice-Chancellorship. Mr Melville took up duty in Canberra on 31 October 1953. During the period between Sir Douglas Copland's departure and Mr Melville's arrival Professor Oliphant, at the Council's urgent request, acted as Vice-Chancellor.

**Academic Developments**

During the year the Council created a Professorship in Far Eastern History. Late in the year an invitation was extended, after careful enquiry, to Mr C. P. FitzGerald, Reader in Far Eastern History, to occupy the Chair, and arrangements were made for him to take this early in 1954.

A number of the principal Australian banks having indicated that they would make available a total sum of £3,500 per annum for five years, the Council established a Visiting Professorship in Economics and Finance, and began preliminary enquiries towards the making of a first appointment to that Chair.

On the basis of earlier experience of informal Faculty bodies, legislation was enacted to bring into formal existence Faculties and Faculty Boards in the Research Schools of Social Sciences and Pacific Studies.

New Staff grades of Senior Fellow and Departmental Assistant were established.

The award of General Scholarships, which had begun in 1948, and provided opportunities for Australian graduates in fields outside the University's special interests to study abroad, was discontinued in 1953.

At its October meeting the Council enacted a Superannuation Statute bringing formally into force a superannuation scheme on the general pattern of the Federated Superannuation System for Universities in the United Kingdom.

In 1953 the total number of students enrolled was 46. Of these 37 were students for the degree of Ph.D. and two for that of M.A. Seven were not candidates for degrees. The distribution of students in Departments was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anthropology and Sociology</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Astronomy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demography</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Far Eastern History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geogrophy</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geophysics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microbiology</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuclear Physics</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pacific History</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physiology</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Political Science</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Philosophy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Legislation

During the year the following Statutes and Rules were made by the Council:

- Statute No. 12—Vice-Chancellorship Statute
- Statute No. 13—Faculties and Faculty Boards Statute
- Statute No. 14—Staff Superannuation Statute
- Statute No. 15—Convocation Amendment Statute No. 2
- Elections (Members of the Council) Rules—Amending Rule No. 1
- Constitution of the Council (Period of Office) Rules
- Elections (Members of the Council) Rules—Amending Rule No. 2
- Order No. 1—Tenure of Vice-Chancellor

Library

Accessions to the Library during 1953 numbered 12,260 items, of which 2,716 items were gifts. The development of the Library is covered by a separate section of this report.

Site and Buildings

Early in 1953 the enactment of the Australian National University (Lands) Ordinance 1953 and the execution of an attendant lease and agreement between the Commonwealth and the University vested in the University its site of some 204 acres in Acton.

The construction of the main laboratories of the Research School of Physical Sciences was completed, and the major part of the work involved in providing an office and small laboratory block and accommodation for the Department of Geophysics was done.

Sir Howard Florey visited Canberra between March and June, and Professor Albert (Medical Chemistry) between February and April. Final discussions concerning the planning of the laboratories for the John Curtin School of Medical Research took place, arrangements being made to transfer the architectural work in connection with the building from the previous architect to the firm of Mussen, Mackay and Potter. Building work on the workshops for the School and earth-moving work in connection with the main building, proceeded.

The building of University House was practically completed by the end of the year, and arrangements were then being made for the occupation of the building by students and members of the staff early in 1954.

University House: Management

In August, 1953, the Council appointed seven of the eight original Fellows of University House, and later in the year Professor A. D. Trendall, Professor of Greek and Archaeology in the University of Sydney, accepted an invitation to become first Master of the House, and indicated that he would be able to take up full-time duty at the end of First Term, 1954.
Obituary

To the great regret of his colleagues and friends within and beyond the University, Dr W. K. Rolph, a Canadian scholar who had been working as a Research Fellow in the Department of Political Science, died on 23 December 1953.

General

At the end of September the small office which the University had for some years maintained in London was closed. The University will now be represented in the United Kingdom by the Association of Universities of the British Commonwealth, of which it is a member.

In September, 1953, a University Staff Association was formed to advance the welfare and represent the views of members of the academic and senior administrative, Library and technical staff.

A Students’ Association with corresponding aims had been begun in March 1952 and came formally into existence with the adoption of a constitution in June, 1953.

Conclusion

The general pattern of the National University has now begun to take form. The construction of the main laboratories of the Research School of Physical Sciences has been completed and the offices are near completion. Four departments of the John Curtin School of Medical Research are working in temporary laboratories, and it is hoped that the permanent building will be ready towards the end of 1955. It will then be possible to bring to Canberra the Department of Medical Chemistry, now working in London. The Research Schools of Social Sciences and Pacific Studies are less well housed but are finding it possible for the time being to work effectively in the temporary buildings now available. University House, the residential college, will be completed early in 1954 and will provide a meeting place for workers in all the Schools. The most urgent need, after the permanent medical building, is now a suitable home for the valuable library which is housed in the wooden huts of the Old Hospital Buildings and exposed to a very considerable fire risk.

While much work still needs to be done on the buildings and grounds, and the buildings are very uneven in quality, the University is now established as a centre of learning. Its equipment is generally first-class and the staff is able to concentrate on serious research. A growing number of distinguished scientists is coming to Canberra to take advantage of the opportunities offered by this unique institution. The results of the research work of staff and scholars are now being published, and more are steadily becoming available. It is by the quality of that work that the University will expect to be judged, though it is contributing to the academic life of Australia in many other ways.
It is the task of the University, within its selected fields of study, to contribute to an understanding of the physical world and to an understanding of our neighbours in the Pacific and of our own social institutions. How that can best be done will not always be easy to determine. The odds that any particular piece of research will be fruitful are in fact quite small, and often the least promising investigations prove the most dramatic in results. What can be said today is that, given well-directed research by a group of competent scientists, discoveries of great importance can be confidently expected from time to time.

For the physical and medical sciences that is now generally accepted. For the social sciences the value of the results is not always so apparent, and the purpose of the enquiries is less well understood. This, however, should be quite clear: if Australia, surrounded as it is by great, densely populated countries, is to realise its aims of developing its sparsely populated continent in its own way and of living on friendly terms with its neighbours, it must demonstrate its capacity to make the fullest use of its own resources and must welcome with help and understanding its neighbours' efforts to develop theirs. We are surrounded by ancient civilizations. But we also stand in the sobering relation of guardian to some primitive civilizations of the Pacific whom we have to guide to a new way of life that will enable them to prosper in a scientific age.

It is a condition for the well-being of Australia that we should know and understand the people who surround us in Asia and the Pacific. To know and understand these peoples we must have a knowledge of their history, of their religion, of their social customs and of their geography and resources, human and material. These are the things that the Australian National University is seeking to know about our neighbours.

Since its formation in 1946 the Australian National University has had to grow in a period of great difficulties. Only timber huts were immediately available to the University at a time when the building industry was struggling with acute shortages. Staff had to be recruited against many competing demands for scientists, and had to be housed when they were brought to Canberra. The task of development was tackled with vigour, and it is a matter for astonishment that so much has been accomplished in so short a time. There are still many imperfections, but it can be said that the University is now a going concern working at a high academic level. Though discomforts continue, the staff has been housed.

In the course of this rapid growth of a young University, during a period of scarcity and inflation, it was inevitable that there would be some growing pains. A choice had to be made between getting things done and doing them according to the most highly approved methods. Fortunately the choice was for action rather than perfection. To get buildings erected at all use had to be made of the highly unsatis-
factory cost-plus system. Large quantities of research materials had to be made available for the scientific staff before proper stores were available. To take care of a staff unfamiliar with Canberra, assistance had to be given in housing and in other ways on a scale that is unusual in older Universities. To get houses the University had to enter cautiously a market where the demand was already excessive.

Happily, conditions are now very much easier in all ways and the University can concentrate on consolidating the advance already made. The cost-plus system for building was discarded some time ago, and the prospects of building quickly and more cheaply are good. With the ending of the cost-plus system, better controls of building operations are being introduced. With store-houses available, the research materials are now efficiently controlled and a satisfactory accounting has become possible. With the completion of University House, and a more normal rate of recruitment, the pressure on housing will be reduced and the University should gradually be able to curtail its activities in this field.

Though it has given abundant evidence that it is a viable academic community, the University is still far from fully established. Recruitment both of staff and students must go forward, co-operation with other bodies must be extended, and constant care must be taken to see that members of the staff are free to concentrate on scholarly work in their own fields.

(Copies of the full Report are available on request from the Registrar.)
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