

1 **Association of genetic risk factors with cognitive decline:**
2 **The PATH Through Life Project**

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12 **Abstract**

13 We examined the association of 28 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), previously
14 associated with dementia or cognitive performance, with tests assessing episodic memory,
15 working memory, vocabulary and perceptual speed in 1,689 non-demented older Australians
16 of European ancestry. In addition to testing each variant individually, we assessed the
17 collective association of the 12 risk SNPs for Late-onset Alzheimer’s disease (LOAD) using
18 weighted and unweighted genetic risk scores (GRS). Significant associations with cognitive
19 performance were observed for *APOE* * ϵ 4 allele, *ABCA7*-rs3764650, *CR1*-rs3818361,
20 *MS4A4E*-rs6109332, *BDNF*-rs6265, *COMT*-rs4680, *CTNNB1*-rs6125962, *FRMD4A*-rs17314229,
21 *FRMD4A*-rs17314229, intergenic SNP chrX-rs12007229, *PDE7A*-rs10808746, *SORL1*-rs668387
22 and *ZNF224*-rs3746319. Additionally, the weighted GRS was associated with worse performance
23 on episodic memory. The identification of genetic risk factors, that act individually or collectively,
24 may help in screening for people with elevated risk of cognitive decline and for understanding
25 the biological pathways that underlie cognitive decline.

26

27 **Keywords:** Alzheimer’s Disease; Cognitive Decline; SNPs; Genetic Risk Scores, Population-Based
28 Study.

29 1. Introduction

30 Cognitive differences in the elderly consist of differences in stable, life-long cognitive traits
31 and differences in age-associated cognitive change. For both of these there is significant
32 inter-individual variability in the population (Wilson et al., 2002). Loss of cognitive function
33 due to age-associated cognitive decline is associated with increased difficulties in performing
34 tasks involving memory or rapid information processing and can have a major impact on
35 an individual's quality of life, even in the absence of dementia (Boyle et al., 2012; Kobayashi
36 et al., 2014; Tucker-Drob, 2011; Wilson et al., 2013; Yam and Marsiske, 2013; Zahodne
37 et al., 2013). Identifying factors that predispose individuals to a faster rate of cognitive
38 decline is an important step for developing intervention and treatment strategies aimed at
39 maintaining cognitive health.

40

41 Genetic factors likely contribute to the inter-individual variability observed in cognitive
42 decline, with common genetic variants estimated to account for between 40-50% of the
43 variability associated with general cognitive functioning in later life and 24% of the variability
44 in lifetime cognitive change (Davies et al., 2011; Deary et al., 2012). To date the majority
45 of genetic research on cognitive decline has focused on candidate genes that have been
46 previously associated with age-related disease, traits or mechanisms (Payton, 2009; Harris
47 and Deary, 2011), and particularly with genes related to neurotransmitters, neurotrophins,
48 cognitive function and neurodegenerative disease. Two of the most widely studied such
49 genes are *COMT*, which encodes the neurotransmitter catechol-O-methyl transferase, and
50 *BDNF*, which encodes the neurotrophin brain-derived neurotrophic factor. Functional variants
51 in these genes have been primarily associated with decline in executive functioning and
52 memory, respectively, although results are inconsistent (Payton, 2009). Late-onset Alzheimer's
53 disease (LOAD) susceptibility genes are also good candidates for association with cognitive
54 decline as the pathological features of LOAD progress to varying degrees in individuals
55 without dementia or cognitive impairment and are associated with non-clinical cognitive

56 decline (Boyle et al., 2013b; Savva et al., 2009). This cross-over effect is exemplified by the
57 *APOE* * ϵ 4 allele, which confers the largest known genetic risk for LOAD, approximately
58 2-3 times and 10-12 times for heterozygotes and homozygotes respectively (Farrer et al.,
59 1997). The *APOE* genotypes is also associated with specific effects on the cognitive domains
60 of episodic memory, executive functioning, perceptual speed and global cognitive ability
61 (Wisdom et al., 2011).

62

63 Despite the publication of numerous genetic associations with cognitive decline, the variants
64 identified typically explain a very small fraction of the phenotypic variability and many
65 remain to be replicated. Furthermore, failure to replicate an initial positive result is common
66 due to differences in participant characteristics (e.g. baseline education, mean age, gender
67 and ethnicity) and methodologies (e.g. sample size, duration of the study, number of follow-ups,
68 population stratification, variation in classification and cognitive measures) (Payton, 2009).

69

70

71 Here we investigate the association between selected genetic risk factors with cognitive
72 decline in a longitudinally followed community-based cohort of 1,689 older adults without
73 dementia who have undergone comprehensive cognitive testing. First, we investigate whether
74 12 SNPs from the top replicated LOAD associated genes (Morgan and Carrasquillo, 2013;
75 Supplementary Tables 1 and 2) are individually, or collectively as a genetic risk score (GRS),
76 associated with cognitive decline. Second, we investigate whether 16 SNPs, previously
77 associated with either dementia or cognition (Table 1 and Supplementary Table 2), are also
78 associated with cognitive decline.

79

80 **2. Methods**

81 **2.1. Participants**

82 Participants were recruited randomly from the electoral rolls (registration is a legal requirement

83 for Australian Citizens) of Canberra and Queanbeyan into the Personality and Total Health
84 (PATH) Through Life Project. PATH consists of three cohorts 20-24 (20+), 40-44 (40+)
85 and 60-64 (60+) years at baseline, who have participated in a large longitudinal community
86 survey of health and wellbeing in adults, the background and procedures for which have
87 been described in detail elsewhere (Anstey et al., 2012). Written informed consent was
88 obtained from all participants and approval for the study was obtained from the Human
89 Research Ethics Committee of The Australian National University.

90

91 The 60+ cohort is the focus of this study. Individuals were assessed at 4-year intervals for
92 a period of 8 years with interviews conducted in 2001-2002 (n = 2,551), 2005-2006 (n =
93 2,222) and 2009-2010 (n = 1,973). Individuals were excluded from further analysis based
94 on the following criteria: attendance at only one interview (n = 309), no genomic DNA
95 available for genotyping (n = 185), *APOE* $\epsilon 2/\epsilon 4$ genotype (n = 60; to avoid the conflation
96 of $\epsilon 2$ protective and $\epsilon 4$ risk effect), non-European ancestry (n = 110), probable dementia
97 at any wave (Mini Mental State Examination score < 24 (Folstein et al., 1975), self-reported
98 medical history of epilepsy, stroke, transient ischaemic attack, brain tumour or brain infection
99 (n = 327). Missing values, which can reduce power and result in biased estimates, were
100 imputed for the covariate 'Education' (total years of education) using random forests via
101 the 'missForest' package available in R (Stekhoven and Bühlmann, 2012) (n = 139). This
102 left a final sample of 1,689 individuals. At baseline, the individuals retained in the final
103 sample had on average of 0.69 more years of education and scored 0.74 points higher on
104 the MMSE than those excluded (Table 1).

105

106 **2.2. Cognitive Assessment**

107 All participants were assessed at baseline and at each subsequent interview for the following
108 five cognitive abilities: perceptual speed was assessed using the Symbol Digit Modalities
109 Test, which asks the participant to substitute as many digits for symbols as possible in

110 90s (Smith, 2002); episodic memory was assessed using the immediate recall and delayed
111 recall of the first trial of the California Verbal Learning Test, which involves recalling a
112 list of 16 nouns (Delis et al., 1987); working memory was assessed using the Digit Span
113 Backward from the Wechsler Memory Scale, which presents participants with series of
114 digits increasing in length at the rate of one digit per second and asks them to repeat the
115 digits backwards (Wechsler, 1945); and vocabulary was assessed with the Spot-the-Word
116 Test, which asks participants to choose the real words from 60 pairs of words and nonsense
117 words (Baddeley et al., 1993). (Supplementary Tables 5 and 6).

118

119 **2.3. Genotyping**

120 Sixty-four single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) were selected for genotyping based on
121 previous associations with dementia, cognition, neuroanatomical differences and blood
122 pressure (Supplementary Table 2). Genomic DNA was extracted from cheek swabs (n =
123 4,597) using Qiagen DNA blood kits or from peripheral blood leukocytes (n = 64) using
124 QIAamp DNA 96 DNA blood kits.

125

126 Pre-amplification of the targeted loci was performed using the TaqMan PreAmp Master
127 Mix Kit (Life Technologies). Each reaction included 2.5 μ L TaqMan PreAmp Master Mix
128 ($2\times$), 1.25 μ L Pre-amplification Assay Pool, 0.5 μ L H₂O and 1.2 μ L genomic DNA. These
129 reactions were incubated in a Biorad thermocycler for 10 min at 95°C, followed by 12 cycles
130 of 95°C for 15 sec and 60°C for 4 min, and then incubated at 99.9°C for 10 minutes. The
131 PreAmplified products were then held at 4°C until they were diluted 1:20 in $1\times$ TE buffer
132 and then stored at -20°C until use.

133

134 2.5 μ L diluted pre-amplified products was mixed with 2.5 μ L TaqMan OpenArray Master
135 Mix. The resulting samples were dispensed using the OpenArray® AccuFill™ System onto
136 OpenArray plates with each plate containing 48 samples and 64 SNP assays per sample.

137 The QuantStudio™ 12K Flex instrument (Applied Biosystems, Carlsbad, California) was
138 used to perform the real time PCR reactions on the loaded OpenArray plates. The fluorescence
139 emission results were read using the OpenArray® SNP Genotyping Analysis software v1
140 (Applied Biosystems) and the genotyping analysis was performed using TaqMan® Genotyper
141 v1.3, using the autocalling feature. Participant-specific quality controls included filters for
142 genotype success rate ($> 90\%$), genotype-derived gender concordant with reported gender
143 and sample provenance error assessed via pairwise comparisons of genotype calls between
144 all samples to identify samples with $> 90\%$ similarity. Samples that were flagged in the
145 initial quality control checks were repeated, those that still failed quality control were excluded.
146 SNP-specific filters included genotype call rate ($> 90\%$) and Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium
147 ($p > 0.001$) assessed using an exact test with the PLINK toolkit (Purcell et al., 2007).

148

149 For this study, data for 28 of the 64 genotyped SNPs was extracted based on a priori hypotheses
150 (Supplementary Table 1). These SNPs have being previously identified as being associated
151 with dementia or cognition through GWAS or candidate gene studies (Supplementary Table
152 2) and consist of 12 SNPs that have been highly replicated as being associated with LOAD
153 and an additional 16 SNPs whose associations are ambiguous and are in need of further
154 replication. Genotyping of the PATH sample for *APOE* variants was performed separately
155 and has been described previously (Jorm et al., 2007). The SNPs were in Hardy-Weinberg
156 equilibrium and genotype frequencies are presented in Supplementary Tables 3 and 4.

157

158 **2.4. Data Preparation and Statistical Analysis**

159 Data were analysed in the R Statistical Computing environment (R Core Team, 2013).
160 We created an index for episodic memory using the average scores of the immediate and
161 delayed recall tasks. To allow for comparison across all cognitive tasks, the tests scores
162 for each cognitive task at all three waves were transformed into Z scores ($M = 0$, $SD =$
163 1), using the baseline means and standard deviations. Higher test scores indicate better

164 cognitive function.

165

166 Genetic dominance was assumed for previously reported risk alleles (Bertram et al., 2007)
167 for LOAD GWAS SNPs, and for minor alleles (alleles with the lowest frequency in the
168 population) of the 16 additional SNPs. The *APOE* ϵ_4 and ϵ_2 alleles were assumed to
169 be dominant to the ϵ_3 allele. For *APOE* participants were classified as either *APOE* ϵ_4+
170 ($\epsilon_4/\epsilon_4 + \epsilon_4/\epsilon_3$), ϵ_2+ ($\epsilon_2/\epsilon_2 + \epsilon_2/\epsilon_3$) or ϵ_3 (ϵ_3/ϵ_3). Because we wanted to
171 assess the independent contributions of ϵ_4 and ϵ_2 to cognitive decline, those with the
172 ϵ_2/ϵ_4 genotype were excluded.

173 Three genetic risk scores (Che and Motsinger-Reif, 2013) were calculated using the LOAD
174 GWAS SNPs: 1) a simple count genetic risk (SC-GRS): the sum of all risk alleles across
175 all loci; 2) an odds-ratio weighted genetic risk score (OR-GRS): the sum of all risk alleles
176 across all loci, weighted by effect size of the risk allele on AD, as reported in the AlzGene
177 Database (Bertram et al., 2007); 3) an explained variance-weighted genetic risk score (EV-GRS):
178 the sum of all risk alleles across all loci, weighted by minor allele frequency and effect size
179 on AD, as reported in the AlzGene Database. For all genetic risk scores a higher value
180 indicates greater risk. The MAF and OR used to derived the GRS are presented in Supplementary
181 Table 1. Individuals missing any genetic data ($n = 69$) were excluded from the analysis.

182

183 Linear mixed effect models (LMM) with maximum likelihood estimation and subject-specific
184 random slopes and intercepts were used to assess the effect of predictors on change in cognitive
185 test scores over time. Age, centered on mean age at baseline, was used as an indicator
186 of time in the study. The predictor variables included in the analysis were the individual
187 SNPs or the three GRS's: SC-GRS, OR-GRS and EV-GRS. Covariates used in the models
188 included, sex, education and for individual SNP models *APOE* genotype. LMM's were
189 estimated using the R package 'lme4' (Bates et al., 2014) and F and p values were estimated
190 using Satterthwaite-type approximation were used to determine the statistical significance

191 of the fixed effects. To evaluate if the random slopes were significantly different from 0 and
192 to determine if there was residual variability in the rate of change that could be explained
193 by predictor variables, LMM's that included random slopes were compared to models that
194 did not include random slopes using parametric bootstrap methods where 1000 simulations
195 of the likelihood ratio test statistic were generated (R package 'pbkrtest', Halekoh and
196 Højsgaard, 2012). For each SNP and GRS we compared the model fit of the full model
197 with the covariates-only model to evaluate if there was an overall effect of the SNP or GRS
198 on cognitive decline. Model fit was assessed using a Kenward-Rodger approximation for
199 F -tests (R package 'pbkrtest', Halekoh and Højsgaard, 2012). Two R^2 statistics were calculated
200 to quantify, 1) the proportion of outcome variation explained by the fixed factors (marginal
201 R^2) and 2) the amount of outcome variation explained by the fixed and random factors
202 (conditional R^2 ; Johnson, 2014; Nakagawa and Schielzeth, 2013; R package 'MuMIn' Barton
203 and Barton, 2013). Additionally, we performed a secondary analysis in which changes in
204 the rate of cognitive decline by genotype were estimated separately for participants who
205 were classified as cognitive impaired (CI) at wave 3 if they scored ≤ 27 on the MMSE
206 ($n = 118$) and those classified as cognitively normal (CN, $n = 1340$). For the secondary
207 analysis, LMM's were performed with the inclusion of the additional terms for a time by
208 cognitive status and separate time by genotype interactions for the CI and CN classifications.
209 We did not adjust for multiple comparison as strong a priori evidence for all our hypothesis
210 based on previous findings for LOAD and cognitive decline was available; a P -value < 0.05
211 was considered statistically significant.

212

213 **3. Results**

214 **3.1. Population characteristics of the PATH cohort**

215 General demographics of the PATH cohort are presented in 1. Linear Mixed Models 1-3 in
216 Supplementary Table 7-9 show the average rate of change for each cognitive test. Random
217 slopes for all cognitive tests scores were significantly different from 0, indicating that there

218 was sufficient variability in the rate of change between participants thus allowing potential
219 genetic predictors of this change to be tested (bootstrap P value: Episodic Memory =
220 0.04; Digits backwards = 0.01; Spot-the-Word test = 0.0001; Symbol digits modalities
221 test = 0.01). Significant change in test scores over time was observed for all cognitive tests
222 except Digits Backwards. In model 2, participants experienced an overall decline in test
223 scores for Episodic memory and Symbol digits Modalities Test, and an increase in test
224 scores for Spot-the-Word. 'Time' explained 57-89% of outcome variation for the entire
225 model. The covariates in model 3 improved the model fit for all cognitive tests and explained
226 7-21% of the outcome variation in the fixed effects, although they did not explain any additional
227 random effect variation for the entire model (Supplementary Tables 9).

228

229 **3.2. Main effects of LOAD GWAS SNPs**

230 There was a significant improvement in model fit for various cognitive tests after the introduction
231 of the *APOE*, *ABCA7*, *CR1* and *MS4A4E* SNPs into their respective models. *APOE* $\epsilon 4+$
232 was associated with a greater rate of decline in Episodic memory [and the association remained](#)
233 [unchanged when *APOE* \$\epsilon 3/\epsilon 4\$ heterozygotes were assessed separately from *APOE* \$\epsilon 4\$ homozygotes](#)
234 [and *APOE* \$\epsilon 2\$ carriers](#); *ABCA7*-rs3764650-G was associated with a lower initial status at
235 baseline in Episodic memory test scores; *CR1*-rs3818361-A was associated with a greater
236 rate of decline in Episodic memory and; *MS4A4E*-rs670139-T was associated with a higher
237 baseline Spot-the-Word Test score and a slower decline in Episodic memory test scores.

238 The group differences resulted in a small increase in the marginal R^2 ranging from 0.001 to
239 0.002, though there was no increase in the conditional R^2 statistics. Table 2, Supplementary
240 Tables 10-21.

241 The remaining SNPs (*BIN1*, *CD2AP*, *CD33*, *CLU*, *EPHA1*, *MS4A4A*, *MS4A6A* and *PICALM*)
242 were not significantly associated with baseline status or rate of change for any of cognitive
243 tests.

244 [In the secondary analysis assessing the rate of cognitive decline separately for participants](#)

245 who were classified as CI (supplementary Table 44), the *APOE* $\epsilon 4+$ was associated with
246 a faster rate of decline in Episodic memory for CI and CN participants, with a steeper
247 decline observed in CI participants, and a reduced rate of decline in Digits Backwards
248 test scores in CN participants; *ABCA7*-rs3764650-G was associated with a faster rate of
249 decline in Digits backwards tests scores in CI participants and; *EPHA1*-rs11767557-T was
250 associated with as faster rate of decline SDMT tests in CI participants.

251

252 **3.3. Effect of Genetic Risk Scores**

253 The equally-weighted SC-GRS has an approximately normal distribution in the PATH
254 Cohort (Figure 1; mean = 10.5; range = 3-18). The bimodal distribution and long upper
255 tails of the weighted OR- and EV-GRS reflect the strong effect of *APOE* relative to other
256 loci (Figure 1; mean = 1.47; range = -0.7-4.5 & mean = 0.92; range = -0.1-2.4 respectively).
257 The SC-GRS was not significantly associated with either initial status at baseline or rate
258 of change for any of the cognitive tests. There was a significant improvement in model
259 fit for Episodic memory for both the OR- and EV-GRS, with higher OR- and EV-GRS
260 being associated with a greater rate of decline in cognitive performance. These associations
261 resulted in a small increase in the amount of explained variation in the fixed effects, in
262 comparison to that explained by time and the covariates, of 0.001 and 0.002 for the OR-GRS
263 and EV-GRS respectively though there was no increase in the conditional R^2 statistics.
264 (Table 2, supplementary Tables 22-24). The OR- and EV-GRS were not associated with
265 cognitive performance when the *APOE* allele was excluded (supplementary Tables 25-27).
266 In the secondary analysis (supplementary Table 44), the OR- and EV-GRS were associated
267 with a faster rate of decline in episodic memory in both CI and CN participants, with a
268 steeper decline observed in CI participants.

269

270 **3.4. Main effects of SNPs associated with dementia or cognition**

271 Statistics for the models introducing the additional dementia and cognition SNPs are shown

272 in Table 3. See Supplementary Tables 28-43 for full models with random and fixed effects.
273 A significant improvement in model fit was observed for a number of cognitive tests after
274 the introduction of the following SNPs: *BDNF*, *COMT*, *FRMD4A*-rs7081208, Intergenic
275 chrX, *PDE7A* and *ZNF224* into their respective models. In these models significant parameter
276 estimates were observed. *BDNF*-rs6265-T was associated with a lower baseline Digits Backwards
277 tests scores while *COMT*-rs4680-A with a greater rate of decline in Episodic memory test
278 scores. *FRMD4A*-rs7081208-A was associated with a lower baseline score as well as a slower
279 rate of decline in Digits Backwards test scores and with higher baseline scores, but a greater
280 rate of decline in Spot-the-Word test scores. Intergenic-rs12007229-A was associated with a
281 greater rate of decline in Episodic memory test scores. *PDE7A*-rs10808746-A was associated
282 with a slower rate of decline in Symbol Digits Modalities test scores; *ZNF224*-rs3746319-A
283 associated with a higher baseline Spot-the-Word Test scores.

284 Statistically significant parameter estimates in the absence of improvement in model fit
285 were also observed, with *CTNNB1*-rs6125962-C associated with a reduced rate of decline
286 in Episodic memory test scores; *FRMD4A*-rs17314229-T was associated with a greater
287 rate of decline in digits backwards test scores; *PDE7A*-rs10808746-A was associated with
288 lower digits backwards test baseline scores and a slower rate of decline in Symbol Digits
289 Modalities test scores; *SORL1*-rs668387-T was associated with higher Spot-the-Word Test
290 scores at baseline.

291 These significant associations result in a small increase in explained variation in the fixed
292 effects ranging from 0.0003 to 0.003, though no increase in the conditional R^2 .

293 In the secondary analysis assessing the rate of cognitive decline separately for participants
294 who were classified as CI or CN are presented in supplementary Table 45). *BDNF*-rs6265-T,
295 *CETP*-rs5882-G, *MTHFD1L*-rs11754661-A, *CTNNB1*-rs6125962-C, *FRMD4A*-rs17314229-T,
296 *PAICS*-rs11549976-A and *PED7A*-rs10808746-A were associated with rate of change in
297 participants classified as CI. *COMT*-rs4680-A, *FRMD4A*-rs7081208-A and Intergenic-rs12007229-A
298 were associated with rate of change in participants who were classified as CN.

300 4. Discussion

301 In this study we investigated the association between common genetic variants that have
302 been previously reported to be associated with LOAD, dementia or cognition with change
303 in episodic memory, working memory, vocabulary and perceptual speed. The top LOAD
304 GWAS SNPs were primarily associated with cognitive performance in episodic memory.
305 This is likely indicative of their role in Alzheimer’s disease, as progressive deficits in episodic
306 memory that begin early on in the disease course are one of its defining features (Dubois
307 et al., 2010). Associations with rate of change in cognitive performance were observed for
308 *APOE*, *CR1*, *MS4A4E*, while *ABCA7* was associated with baseline cognitive performance.
309 The direction of the effect for *APOE*, *CR1*, and *ABCA7* was as expected, however for the
310 *MS4A4E* the AD risk allele was associated with a protective effect on episodic memory,
311 and the same trend was also observed for the SNPs *MS4A6A* and *MS4A4A*, though they
312 were not significant. However, the parameter estimates for the effect of these SNPs on
313 change in cognitive abilities ranged from -0.9% to 0.9% over four years, while the increase
314 in the marginal R^2 statistics after inclusion of the genetic predictors ranged from 0.001 to
315 0.002, emphasising that the effect of individual SNPs on cognition are extremely small.

316

317 Additionally, we constructed three genetic risk scores to investigate the combined effect
318 of the LOAD risk SNPs on cognitive decline. An odds ratio weighted GRS and a novel
319 combined odds ratio and minor allele frequency weighted GRS were significantly associated
320 with steeper rate of cognitive decline in episodic memory. The EV-GRS takes into account
321 that within the same OR disease risk can vary depending on the risk allele frequencies and
322 has been shown to be more robust approach for identifying associations in the presence of
323 potential genetic interactions, linkage disequilibrium and false positive predictors (Che and
324 Motsinger-Reif, 2013). An unweighted GRS was not associated with cognitive performance.
325 This latter score utilised a simple count of the number of risk allele per individual and does

326 not take into account the varying effect sizes among the LOAD risk SNPs. The lack of
327 significant associations with the SC-GRS, in contrast to the weighted methods, indicates
328 that the significant associations observed for the OR- and EV-GRS can be attributed to
329 the dominant role of the *APOE* * ϵ 4 allele, which was further confirmed when *APOE* was
330 excluded from the GRS.

331

332 These results are similar to those of several comparable candidate gene (Carrasquillo et al.,
333 2015; Engelman et al., 2013) and GWAS based (Davies et al., 2014; De Jager et al., 2012;
334 Zhang and Pierce, 2014) studies, that reported a lack of robust associations between cognitive
335 decline and non-*APOE* LOAD risk genes. These previous studies have only identified suggestive
336 evidence for *CR1* (De Jager et al., 2012; Vivot et al., 2015), *CLU* (Mengel-From et al.,
337 2013) *BIN1* (Vivot et al., 2015) and *PICALM* (Zhang and Pierce, 2014). However, when
338 examining genetic associations with general cognitive function in middle and older age in
339 a large meta-analysis of 31 studies (n = 53,949) no associations were observed with any of
340 these LOAD risk genes, though two other AD related genes, *MEF2C* and *ABCG1*, were
341 associated (Davies et al., 2015). Furthermore, when the non-*APOE* LOAD GWAS risk loci
342 were assessed collectively as a GRS weighted by their estimated OR's, no associations were
343 observed with cognitive decline (De Jager et al., 2012; Carrasquillo et al., 2015), though
344 after inclusion of *APOE* the GRS did reach significance (Carrasquillo et al., 2015; Vivot
345 et al. (2015)). An alternative approach using a polygenic risk score of all LOAD associated
346 variants, not just the top associated loci, found no association with cognitive ability in
347 later life or with age-related cognitive change (Harris et al., 2014). Investigating interactions
348 between environmental and lifestyle factors and GRS may provide more promising results,
349 with a higher GRS composed of *APOE*, *CLU*, *CR1* and *PICALM*, while not independently
350 associated with cognitive decline was shown to exacerbate the deleterious effects of type 2
351 diabetes on cognitive decline (McFall et al., 2015).

352

353 Alzheimer’s related genes may be associated with cognitive decline in subjects who are in
354 the preclinical stages of dementia and who, if followed for long enough, might eventually
355 develop dementia. We also assessed the effect of the LOAD risk SNPs separately for those
356 who were classified as cognitively impaired according to MMSE at wave 3 and observed
357 faster rates of decline associated with the *ABCA7* risk allele and reduced rates of decline
358 associated with the *EPHA1* risk allele In previous studies, variants in *ABCA7*, *EPHA1*
359 (*Carrasquillo et al., 2015*) and *CLU* (*Thambisetty et al., 2013*) have been observed to be
360 associated with cognitive decline in subjects who eventually converted to dementia, but not
361 in individuals who remained cognitively normal throughout the study. This also suggests
362 that associations observed between LOAD risk genes and cognitive decline could be due to
363 individuals who are in the preclinical stages of Alzheimer’s disease and that the retrospective
364 removal of these individuals could attenuate the observed associations (*Knight et al., 2014*;
365 *Davies et al., 2015*). However, removing individuals who are in the preclinical stages of
366 disease in the early analytic stages of a study is likely to be difficult due to the long and
367 asymptomatic nature of the preclinical stages of LOAD.

368

369 The above findings, and those of previous studies, suggest that the added predictive value
370 of the top LOAD SNPs for cognitive decline in non-demented individuals may be limited.
371 This is consistent with polygenic models of cognitive decline indicating that there is a large
372 number of variants with modest effects sizes rather than a few variants with large or moderate
373 effect sizes. Additionally, this is consistent with indices of LOAD pathology (amyloid and
374 neurofibrillary tangles) that only explain 30% of observed variance in cognitive decline,
375 and cerebrovascular (macro and micro infarcts) and Lewy body disease neuropathologies
376 explaining an additional 10% of variation (*Boyle et al., 2013a*). This is consistent with the
377 notion that while LOAD pathology is important in the development of cognitive decline,
378 it occurs in conjunction with other pathological features that are observed in brain ageing.
379 As such, the cognitive deficits observed in brain ageing are unlikely to be due to an isolated

380 pathological feature, but the interaction between multiple neuropathologies (Keller, 2006).
381 This highlights the need to investigate additional genetic variants in addition to those associated
382 with AD.
383
384 For the remaining 16 SNPs investigated, which were previously associated with dementia
385 or cognitive performance, we observed associations with a increased rate of decline in cognitive
386 performance for the minor alleles of *COMT* and Intergenic chrX, while for *CTNNB1*
387 and *PDE7A* the minor alleles were associated with a reduced rate of cognitive decline. At
388 baseline, *BDNF* and *PDE7A* minor alleles were associated with worse cognitive performance,
389 while *SORL1* and *ZNF224* minor alleles were associated with better cognitive performance.
390 *FRMD4A*-rs7081208 was associated with a reduced and a greater rate of decline for working
391 memory and vocabulary respectively, though at baseline working memory was associated
392 with worse performance while vocabulary was associated with better performance. Additionally,
393 *FRMD4A*-rs17314229 minor allele were associated with a greater rate of decline in Working
394 memory.
395 In comparison to the top AD related SNPs, the additional AD related genetic variants in
396 *FRMD4A*, *SORL1* and *ZNF224* were associated with cognitive performance in vocabulary
397 and working memory, potentially indicating that they may be involved in the development
398 of atypical AD, in which the development of non-amnesic cognitive deficits occurs early
399 on in the disease process (Dubois et al., 2010). For the cognition related genetic variants,
400 SNPs in *COMT* and *CTNNB1* have been associated with differences in regional brain
401 structures and activations that are involved in episodic memory processes, potentially explaining
402 the differential associations of these variants with episodic memory (Papassotiropoulos
403 et al., 2013; Witte and Flöel, 2012). *BDNF* is widely expressed in the prefrontal cortex,
404 which is associated, amongst other functions, with working memory (Galloway et al., 2008).
405 As with the LOAD risk loci, the additional SNPs were primarily associated with cognitive
406 decline in participants who were classified cognitively impaired. However, as with the LOAD

407 risk loci, the effect sizes for these SNPs were small and inclusion of the SNPs in the model
408 resulted in a negligible increase in the amount of explained variability in cognitive performance.

409

410

411 The presented findings should be interpreted in conjunction with some study limitations.
412 The sample used in this study is somewhat better educated than the population from which
413 it was drawn. Higher education is associated with a reduced risk of cognitive decline and
414 incident dementia. Additionally, the sample is relatively young, which in combination with
415 a higher level of education could limit our ability to detect an effect of the genetic factor
416 with cognitive decline. This is possibly reflected in the limited person specific variation
417 in the rate of decline in the linear mixed models. Second, the subjects in this study are
418 Caucasian and as such our findings need to be replicated in other ethnic groups. Third,
419 despite excluding individuals with probable dementia at each wave, it is still possible that
420 individuals in the preclinical phase of dementia were included in the analysis. [Fourth, in](#)
421 [concordance with the available data, we have specified time as linear, however, cognitive](#)
422 [decline may accelerate at older ages \(Wilson et al., 2009\) highlighting the need to investigate](#)
423 [nonlinear cognitive trajectories \(Weuve et al., 2015\).](#) Finally, although we have a strong
424 a priori evidence for all our hypothesis, it should be noted that correcting for multiple
425 testing using Bonferroni correction, all corrected p values would have yielded non-significant
426 results.

427 Despite these limitations however, this study investigated a large community based cohort
428 followed longitudinally for a period of eight years, with three waves of assessment that
429 included a comprehensive cognitive assessment of different cognitive abilities. These strengths
430 allow for a robust statistical inference about the effect the selected genetic factors have on
431 non-clinical cognitive decline. The narrow age-cohort design also reduced the impact of
432 age-differences influencing results.

433

434 To conclude, our findings suggest that the majority of LOAD risk genes are not individually
435 associated with non-clinical cognitive decline in a cohort of older adults who were followed
436 for a period of 8 years. When considered collectively as a genetic risk score, the observed
437 associations are due to the significantly larger weight associated with *APOE* * ϵ 4 allele.
438 The PATH study is ongoing and the number of incident cases of mild cognitive impairment
439 and dementia among participants is increasing. The work presented here thus provides an
440 excellent basis for further investigating the effects of AD risk variants in non-pathological
441 versus pathological decline (Knight et al., 2014), gene-gene interactions (Barral et al., 2012;
442 Engelman et al., 2013) and gene-environment interactions (Ferencz et al., 2014) in future
443 studies.

444

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452

453 **Disclosures**

454 The authors have no conflict of interests to report.

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Table 1: Sample Demographics

	Excluded ($n=861$)	Included ($n=1,689$)	Degrees of Freedom	t/χ^2	p
Age [†]	62.46 ± 1.49	62.54 ± 1.51	1,753	-1.22	0.21
Education [†]	3.31 ± 3.09	14 ± 2.59	1,488	-5.62	<0.001
MMSE [†]	28.6 ± 2.13	29.35 ± 0.92	1010	-9.77	<0.001
Male $n(\%)$ [‡]	443 (51.4%)	873 (51.7%)	1	0.005	0.94
<i>APOE</i> Genotypes $n(\%)$					
* $\epsilon 2$ / $\epsilon 2$	6 (0.70%)	13 (0.77%)			
* $\epsilon 3$ / $\epsilon 3$	395 (45.82%)	1048 (62%)			
* $\epsilon 4$ / $\epsilon 4$	20 (2.32%)	29 (1.71%)			
* $\epsilon 2$ / $\epsilon 3$	70 (8.12%)	204 (12.07%)			
* $\epsilon 2$ / $\epsilon 4$	60 (6.96%)	0 (0%)			
* $\epsilon 3$ / $\epsilon 4$	137 (15.89%)	395 (23.37%)			

[†]Unpaired 2-tailed t-test. [‡]Pearson's χ^2 2-tailed test.

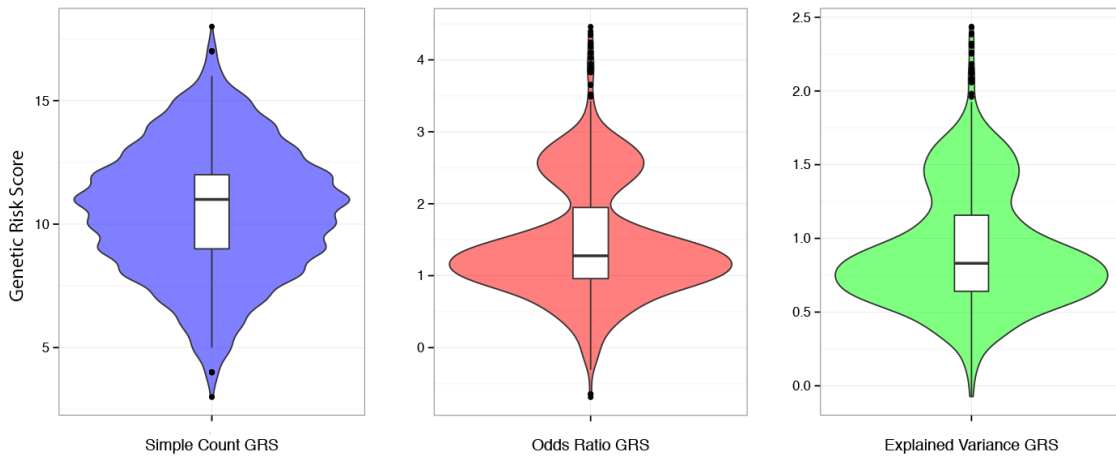


Figure 1: Distributions of the three genetic risk scores: SC-GRS (Mean = 10.5; sd = 2.58), OR-GRS (Mean = 1.47; sd = 0.8) and EV-GRS (Mean = 0.92; sd = 0.4). The variable widths of each violin plot indicate the probability density of the data at each score, with the box plots indicating the first, median and third quartile (Hintze and Nelson, 1998).

Table 2: Top LOAD risk SNPs and GRS: Parameter estimates and model fit statistics for SNP/GRS main effects

		Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
		<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>
<i>APOE ε2</i>	Intercept	−0.02 (0.07)	0.01 (0.07)	0.06 (0.06)	−0.04 (0.06)
	Slope	−0.00 (0.01)	0.01 (0.01)	−0.00 (0.00)	0.01 (0.01)
<i>APOE ε4</i>	Intercept	0.03 (0.05)	0.02 (0.05)	0.02 (0.05)	−0.01 (0.05)
	Slope	−0.02 (0.01)**	0.01 (0.01)	−0.00 (0.00)	−0.01 (0.00)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.61*	1.78	0.30	0.80
<i>ABCA7</i> -rs3764650	Intercept	−0.12 (0.06)*	0.02 (0.06)	−0.05 (0.05)	−0.04 (0.06)
	Slope	−0.0003 (0.007)	0.004 (0.007)	−0.0002 (0.004)	0.01 (0.01)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.93	0.46	0.59	0.84
<i>BIN1</i> -rs744373	Intercept	−0.03 (0.04)	0.07 (0.04)	−0.00 (0.04)	0.04 (0.04)
	Slope	−0.006 (0.005)	0.0002 (0.005)	−0.002 (0.003)	−0.001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.71	1.78	0.18	0.49
<i>CD2AP</i> -rs9296559	Intercept	0.02 (0.04)	0.03 (0.05)	−0.02 (0.04)	0.004 (0.04)
	Slope	−0.006 (0.006)	−0.001 (0.005)	−0.003 (0.003)	−0.001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.56	0.27	0.91	0.03
<i>CD33</i> -rs34813869	Intercept	−0.02 (0.07)	−0.05 (0.07)	−0.07 (0.06)	0.06 (0.07)

	Slope	0.0004 (0.009)	-0.009 (0.008)	0.003 (0.005)	-0.003 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.08	1.51	0.66	0.48
<i>CLU</i> -rs11136000	Intercept	0.03 (0.06)	0.07 (0.06)	-0.005 (0.05)	0.05 (0.06)
	Slope	0.0004 (0.007)	-0.001 (0.007)	0.003 (0.004)	0.004 (0.005)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.25	0.75	0.41	0.89
<i>CR1</i> -rs3818361	Intercept	-0.03 (0.05)	0.01 (0.05)	-0.06 (0.04)	-0.05 (0.04)
	Slope	-0.01 (0.01)	-0.01 (0.01)	0.001 (0.003)	-0.0001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.46*	0.49	1.22	0.65
<i>EPHA1</i> -rs11767557	Intercept	0.07 (0.12)	0.08 (0.12)	-0.13 (0.11)	-0.20 (0.11)
	Slope	-0.01 (0.01)	-0.02 (0.01)	0.01 (0.01)	0.01 (0.01)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.37	0.57	0.76	1.54
<i>MS4A4A</i> -rs4938933	Intercept	-0.06 (0.06)	-0.04 (0.06)	0.10 (0.05)	0.06 (0.06)
	Slope	0.01 (0.01)	0.01 (0.01)	0.002 (0.004)	-0.004 (0.005)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.20	1.28	2.90	0.68
<i>MS4A4E</i> -rs670139	Intercept	-0.06 (0.04)	-0.04 (0.05)	0.11 (0.04)**	0.08 (0.04)
	Slope	0.01 (0.01)*	0.01 (0.01)	0.0007 (0.003)	-0.0002 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.10*	0.73	4.57*	1.71
<i>MS4A6A</i> -rs610932	Intercept	-0.09 (0.06)	-0.03 (0.06)	0.04 (0.05)	0.03 (0.05)
	Slope	0.01 (0.01)	0.01 (0.01)	0.006 (0.004)	-0.002 (0.005)

	<i>F</i> -test	1.64	1.39	2.12	0.17
<i>PICALM</i> -rs3851179	Intercept	0.01 (0.06)	-0.03 (0.06)	-0.02 (0.06)	0.01 (0.06)
	Slope	0.0001 (0.008)	0.006 (0.007)	0.003 (0.004)	0.009 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.01	0.35	0.19	1.41
SC-GRS	Intercept	-0.01 (0.009)	-0.001 (0.009)	0.001 (0.008)	0.008 (0.008)
	Slope	-0.001 (0.001)	0.0006 (0.001)	-0.0005 (0.0006)	0.0002 (0.0008)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.95	0.18	0.35	0.53
OR-GRS	Intercept	-0.00001 (0.03)	-0.003 (0.03)	-0.001 (0.02)	0.007 (0.03)
	Slope	-0.009 (0.003)*	0.002 (0.003)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.004 (0.003)
	<i>F</i> -test	4.20*	0.13	0.58	1.01
EV-GRS	Intercept	-0.007 (0.05)	-0.007 (0.06)	0.004 (0.05)	0.02 (0.05)
	Slope	-0.017 (0.007)*	0.004 (0.007)	-0.004 (0.004)	-0.006 (0.005)
	<i>F</i> -test	4.44*	0.20	0.64	0.75

* $p < .05$; ** $p < .01$.; adjusted for Sex, *APOE* and Education

Table 3: Additional SNPs: Model Fit for SNP main effects

		Episodic	Digits	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits
		Memeory	Backwards		Modalities Test
		<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>
<i>BDNF</i> -rs6265	Intercept	0.002 (0.05)	-0.1 (0.05)*	-0.02 (0.04)	0.05 (0.05)
	Slope	-0.008 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.006)	-0.005 (0.003)	0.001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.31	3.25*	1.75	0.64
<i>CETP</i> -rs5882	Intercept	0.005 (0.043)	-0.053 (0.045)	-0.007 (0.039)	-0.003 (0.042)
	Slope	-0.0002 (0.005)	0.01 (0.005)	-0.005 (0.003)	-0.002 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.01	1.77	1.77	0.13
<i>COMT</i> -rs4680	Intercept	0.078 (0.050)	0.032 (0.052)	0.033 (0.045)	-0.005 (0.049)
	Slope	-0.015 (0.006)*	-0.003 (0.006)	0.004 (0.004)	-0.009 (0.005)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.09*	0.22	1.57	2.09
<i>CTNNB1</i> -rs6125962	Intercept	-0.054 (0.067)	-0.017 (0.07)	0.024 (0.061)	-0.077 (0.065)
	Slope	0.018 (0.008)*	0.010 (0.008)	-0.002 (0.005)	0.006 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.27	0.89	0.13	0.90
<i>FRMD4A</i> -rs17314229	Intercept	-0.022 (0.043)	0.04 (0.045)	0.037 (0.039)	-0.006 (0.042)
	Slope	0.007 (0.005)	-0.010 (0.005)*	-0.005 (0.003)	0.001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.75	1.96	1.33	0.04

<i>FRMD4A</i> -rs7081208	Intercept	-0.001 (0.064)	-0.142 (0.067)*	0.135 (0.058)*	-0.102 (0.062)
	Slope	-0.003 (0.008)	0.022 (0.008)**	-0.01 (0.005)*	0.001 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.12	4.29*	3.63*	1.39
Intergenic-rs12007229	Intercept	0.031 (0.074)	-0.133 (0.079)	-0.055 (0.068)	0.016 (0.073)
	Slope	-0.023 (0.009)*	0.002 (0.009)	0.004 (0.005)	0.002 (0.007)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.56*	1.64	0.44	0.13
<i>LGALS3</i> -rs4644	Intercept	0.055 (0.045)	0.007 (0.047)	0.031 (0.041)	0.069 (0.044)
	Slope	-0.0003 (0.006)	0.007 (0.005)	-0.004 (0.003)	-0.004 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.93	1.08	0.79	1.38
<i>MMP12</i> -rs12808148	Intercept	0.002 (0.048)	0.012 (0.05)	0.007 (0.043)	0.063 (0.047)
	Slope	-0.006 (0.006)	-0.010 (0.006)	-0.001 (0.003)	-0.004 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.67	1.55	0.03	0.98
<i>MTHFD1L</i> -rs11754661	Intercept	0.025 (0.058)	-0.043 (0.061)	0.014 (0.053)	0.033 (0.057)
	Slope	-0.001 (0.007)	-0.002 (0.007)	-0.005 (0.004)	-0.005 (0.005)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.10	0.44	0.63	0.53
<i>PAICS</i> -rs11549976	Intercept	0.029 (0.066)	-0.078 (0.069)	-0.070 (0.060)	-0.084 (0.064)
	Slope	-0.009 (0.008)	0.006 (0.008)	0.004 (0.005)	0.0004 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.54	0.66	0.75	0.93
<i>PDE7A</i> -rs10808746	Intercept	-0.039 (0.046)	-0.103 (0.048)*	-0.032 (0.042)	-0.077 (0.045)

	Slope	0.006 (0.006)	0.010 (0.006)	-0.000 (0.003)	0.009 (0.004)*
	<i>F</i> -test	0.69	2.60	0.35	2.76
<i>SNTG1</i> -rs16914781	Intercept	0.086 (0.046)	0.038 (0.048)	-0.048 (0.042)	0.008 (0.045)
	Slope	-0.008 (0.006)	-0.002 (0.006)	0.0002 (0.003)	-0.001 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.94	0.31	0.74	0.06
<i>SORL1</i> -rs668387	Intercept	0.046 (0.047)	0.006 (0.049)	0.084 (0.043)*	0.010 (0.046)
	Slope	-0.007 (0.006)	0.007 (0.006)	-0.006 (0.003)	0.005 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.85	0.94	2.73	0.92
<i>SPON1</i> -rs11023139	Intercept	0.058 (0.069)	-0.093 (0.072)	-0.104 (0.063)	0.009 (0.067)
	Slope	-0.009 (0.009)	0.007 (0.008)	0.007 (0.005)	-0.004 (0.006)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.62	0.88	1.69	0.17
<i>ZNF224</i> -rs3746319	Intercept	0.012 (0.046)	0.071 (0.049)	0.100 (0.042)*	0.047 (0.045)
	Slope	-0.002 (0.006)	0.007 (0.006)	-0.001 (0.003)	0.005 (0.004)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.06	3.43*	3.04*	1.81

* $p < .05$; ** $p < .01$.; adjusted for Sex, *APOE* and Education

Supplementary Data

Table 1: SNPs used in this study

Gene	Protein	SNP	Chromosome	Alleles [†]	MAF [‡]	Odds Ratio [§]
Top Report Alzheimer's disease risk SNPs						
<i>APOE</i>	Apolipoprotein E	rs429358/rs7412	19	$\epsilon 2/\epsilon 3/\epsilon 4$	0.8/0.14	0.54/3.81
<i>ABCA7</i>	ATP-binding cassette subfamily A member 7	rs3764650	19	T/G	0.11	1.23
<i>BIN1</i>	Myc box-dependent-interacting protein 1	rs744373	2	A/G	0.31	1.17
<i>CD2AP</i>	CD2-associated protein	rs9296559	6	T/C	0.27	1.11
<i>CD33</i>	Myeloid cell surface antigen CD33	rs34813869	19	A/G	0.29	0.89
<i>CLU</i>	Clusterin	rs11136000	8	C/T	0.35	0.88
<i>CR1</i>	Complement receptor type 1	rs3818361	1	G/A	0.26	1.17
<i>EPHA1</i>	Ephrin type-A receptor 1	rs11767557	7	T/C	0.20	0.89
<i>MS4A4A</i>	Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily A member 4A	rs4938933	11	T/C	0.50	0.88
<i>MS4A4E</i>	Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily A member 4E	rs670139	11	G/T	0.34	1.08
<i>MS4A6A</i>	Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily A member 6A	rs610932	11	T/G	0.45	0.90
<i>PICALM</i>	Phosphatidylinositol-binding clathrin assembly protein	rs3851179	11	C/T	0.41	0.88

Additional AD, dementia and cognition SNPs

<i>BDNF</i>	Brain-derived neurotrophic factor	rs6265	11	C/T	0.20
<i>CETP</i>	Cholesteryl ester transfer protein	rs5882	16	A/G	0.36
<i>COMT</i>	Catechol O-methyltransferase	rs4680	22	G/A	0.48
<i>CTNBL1</i>	Beta-catenin-like protein 1	rs6125962	20	T/C	0.60
<i>FRMD4A</i>	FERM domain-containing protein 4A	rs17314229	10	C/T	0.09
<i>FRMD4A</i>	FERM domain-containing protein 4A	rs7081208	10	G/A	0.29
Intergenic	-	rs12007229	X	C/A	0.12
<i>LGALS3</i>	Galectin-3	rs4644	14	C/A	0.49
<i>MMP12</i>	Macrophage metalloelastase	rs12808148	11	T/C	0.20
<i>MTHFD1L</i>	Methylenetetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase (NADP+ dependent) 1-like	rs11754661	6	G/A	0.07
<i>PAICS</i>	Multifunctional protein ADE2	rs11549976	4	A/C	0.08
<i>PDE7A</i>	High affinity cAMP-specific 3',5'-cyclic phosphodiesterase 7A	rs10808746	8	G/A	0.48
<i>SNTG1</i>	Gamma-1-syntrophin	rs16914781	8	A/G	0.40
<i>SORL1</i>	Sortilin-related receptor	rs668387	11	C/T	0.48
<i>SPON1</i>	Spondin-1	rs11023139	11	G/A	0.06
<i>ZNF224</i>	Zinc finger protein 224	rs3746319	19	G/A	0.19

†Major/Minor Allele; ‡Minor Allele Frequency: HapMap-CEU; §Alzogene reported OR for minor allele

Table 2: SNPs that were genotyped as part of this study

Gene	SNP	Chromosome	Alleles [†]	MAF [‡]	Association	Citations
<i>ABCA7</i> *	rs3764650	19	T/G	0.11	Alzheimer's disease	Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>ADRB1</i>	rs1801253	10	C/G	0.31	Blood Pressure	Johnson et al. (2011b) Johnson et al. (2011a)
<i>AGT</i>	rs2004776	1	C/T	0.26	Blood Pressure	Johnson et al. (2011b) Johnson et al. (2011a)
<i>ARHGAP42</i>	rs633185	11	C/G	0.30	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>ASTN2</i>	rs7852872	9	C/G	0.39	Neuroanatomy	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>ATP2B1</i>	rs2681472	12	A/G	0.12	Blood Pressure	Levy et al. (2009)
<i>BAG6</i>	rs805303	6	G/A	0.31	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>BDNF</i> *	rs6265	11	C/T	0.20	Cognition	Harris et al. (2006) Mandelman and Grigorenko (2012)
<i>BIN1</i> *	rs744373	2	A/G	0.31	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Seshadri S and et al (2010)
<i>CD2AP</i> *	rs9296559	6	T/C	0.27	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>CD33</i> *	rs34813869	19	A/G	0.29	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>CETP</i> *	rs5882	16	A/G	0.36	Cognition	Izaks et al. (2012)
<i>CHRNA4</i>	rs1044396	20	G/A	0.42	Neuroanatomy	Markett et al. (2013)
<i>CLU</i> *	rs11136000	8	C/T	0.35	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Lambert et al. (2009)
<i>COMT</i> *	rs4680	22	G/A	0.48	Cognition	Houlihan et al. (2009) Harris et al. (2005)
<i>CR1</i> *	rs3818361	1	G/A	0.26	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Lambert et al. (2009)
<i>CSK</i>	rs1378942	15	A/C	0.32	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)

<i>CTNNB1</i> *	rs6125962	20	T/C	0.60	Cognition	Papassotiropoulos et al. (2013)
<i>CYP19A1</i>	rs700518	15	C/T	0.42	Neuroanatomy	Bayer et al. (2013)
<i>DPP4</i>	rs6741949	2	G/C	0.43	Neuroanatomy	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>DRD2</i>	rs6277	11	A/G	0.47	Neuroanatomy	Markett et al. (2013)
<i>EPHA1-AS1</i> *	rs11767557	7	T/C	0.20	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>F5</i>	rs6703865	1	G/A	0.40	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)
<i>FGF5</i>	rs1458038	4	C/T	0.27	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>FRMD4A</i> *	rs17314229	10	C/T	0.09	Alzheimer's disease	Lambert et al. (2013)
<i>FRMD4A</i>	rs2446581				Alzheimer's disease	Lambert et al. (2013)
<i>FRMD4A</i> *	rs7081208	10	G/A	0.29	Alzheimer's disease	Lambert et al. (2013)
<i>FTO</i>	rs3751812	16	G/T	0.46	Neuroanatomy	Ho et al. (2010)
<i>GCFC2</i>	rs2298948	2	T/C	0.33	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)
<i>GNAS-EDN3</i>	rs6015450	20	A/G	0.07	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>GRIN2B</i>	rs10845840	12	C/T	0.46	Neuroanatomy	Kohannim et al. (2012)
<i>HFE</i>	rs1799945	6	C/G	0.18	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
Intergenic	rs7294919	12	T/C	0.10	Neuroanatomy	Bis et al. (2012)
Intergenic	rs11139399	9	T/C	0.41	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)
Intergenic	rs2942354	1	C/A	0.44	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)
Intergenic*	rs12007229	X	C/A	0.12	Dementia	Schrijvers et al. (2012)

<i>LGALS3*</i>	rs4644	14	C/A	0.49	Cognition	Trompet et al. (2012)
<i>LHFP</i>	rs9315702	13	C/A	0.43	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)
<i>MECP2</i>	rs2239464	X	G/A	0.22	Neuroanatomy	Joyner et al. (2009)
<i>MMP12*</i>	rs12808148	11	T/C	0.20	Dementia	Kamboh et al. (2012)
<i>MS4A4A*</i>	rs4938933	11	T/C	0.50	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011)
<i>MS4A4E*</i>	rs670139	11	G/T	0.34	Alzheimer's disease	Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>MS4A6A*</i>	rs610932	11	T/G	0.45	Alzheimer's disease	Hollingworth et al. (2011)
<i>MSRB3</i>	rs17178006	12	T/G	0.09	Neuroanatomy	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>MTHFD1L*</i>	rs11754661	6	G/A	0.07	Alzheimer's disease	Beecham et al. (2009) Naj et al. (2011)
<i>MTHFR</i>	rs17367504	1	A/G	0.17	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>NOS3</i>	rs3918226	7	C/T	0.04	Blood Pressure	Salvi et al. (2012)
<i>NPR3</i>	rs1173771	5	G/A	0.49	Blood Pressure	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>NTSR1</i>	rs4334545	20	C/T	0.29	Neuroanatomy	Li et al. (2013)
<i>OPRD1</i>	rs678849	1	T/C	0.47	Neuroanatomy	Roussotte et al. (2014)
<i>PAICS*</i>	rs11549976	4	A/C	0.08	Dementia	Velez et al. (2013)
<i>PARP1</i>	rs1136410	1	A/G	0.15	Neuroanatomy	Nho et al. (2013)
<i>PDE7A*</i>	rs10808746	8	G/A	0.48	Cognition	De Jager et al. (2012)
<i>PICALM*</i>	rs3851179	11	C/T	0.41	Alzheimer's disease	Naj et al. (2011) Harold et al. (2009)
<i>SELP</i>	rs3917836	1	T/C	0.05	Neuroanatomy	Melville et al. (2012)

<i>SNTG1</i> *	rs16914781	8	A/G	0.40	Dementia	Velez et al. (2013)
<i>SORL1</i> *	rs668387	11	C/T	0.48	Alzheimer's disease	Rogaeva et al. (2007)
<i>SPON1</i>	rs2618516	11	C/T	0.36	Neuroanatomy	Jahanshad et al. (2013)
<i>SPON1</i> *	rs11023139	11	G/A	0.06	Cognition	Sherva et al. (2013)
<i>TNF</i>	rs1800629	6	G/A	0.17	Neuroanatomy	Baune et al. (2012)
<i>TRIM65</i>	rs3744028	17	T/C	0.20	Neuroanatomy	Fornage et al. (2011)
<i>WDR41</i>	rs163030	5	A/C	0.47	Neuroanatomy	Stein et al. (2011)
<i>WIF1</i>	rs6581612	12	A/C	0.25	Neuroanatomy	Bis et al. (2012)
<i>ZNF224</i> *	rs3746319	19	G/A	0.19	Dementia	Shulman et al. (2010)

*SNPs included in the current analysis; †Major/Minor Allele; ‡Minor Allele Frequency: HapMap-CEU

Table 3: Frequency of top AD risk SNP genotypes and alleles at baseline

	Genotype	n (%)
<i>APOE</i>	e3/e3	1048 (62)
	e2+	217 (12.8)
	e4+	424 (25.1)
	NA	0 (0)
<i>ABCA7</i>	T/T	1394 (82.5)
	G/T	278 (16.5)
	G/G	13 (0.8)
	NA	4 (0.2)
<i>BIN1</i>	A/A	856 (50.7)
	A/G	683 (40.4)
	G/G	147 (8.7)
	NA	3 (0.2)
<i>CD2AP</i>	T/T	863 (51.1)
	C/T	667 (39.5)
	C/C	153 (9.1)
	NA	6 (0.4)
<i>CD33</i>	G/G	731 (43.3)
	A/G	758 (44.9)
	A/A	191 (11.3)
	NA	9 (0.5)
<i>CLU</i>	T/T	595 (35.2)
	C/T	814 (48.2)
	C/C	268 (15.9)
	NA	12 (0.7)
<i>CR1</i>	G/G	1143 (67.7)

	A/G	485 (28.7)
	A/A	50 (3)
	NA	11 (0.7)
<i>EPHA1</i>	C/C	1092 (64.7)
	C/T	534 (31.6)
	T/T	58 (3.4)
	NA	5 (0.3)
<i>MS4A4A</i>	C/C	587 (34.8)
	C/T	815 (48.3)
	T/T	283 (16.8)
	NA	4 (0.2)
<i>MS4A4E</i>	G/G	588 (34.8)
	G/T	789 (46.7)
	T/T	301 (17.8)
	NA	11 (0.7)
<i>MS4A6A</i>	T/T	562 (33.3)
	G/T	809 (47.9)
	G/G	309 (18.3)
	NA	9 (0.5)
<i>PICALM</i>	T/T	621 (36.8)
	C/T	824 (48.8)
	C/C	237 (14)
	NA	7 (0.4)

Table 4: Genotype Frequencies of the 16 additional SNPs

Genotype	n (%)
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<i>BDNF</i>	C/C	1103 (65.3)
	C/T	494 (29.2)
	T/T	50 (3)
	NA	42 (2.5)
<i>CETP</i>	A/A	773 (45.8)
	A/G	744 (44)
	G/G	171 (10.1)
	NA	1 (0.1)
<i>COMT</i>	G/G	407 (24.1)
	A/G	827 (49)
	A/A	451 (26.7)
	NA	4 (0.2)
<i>CTNNBL1</i>	T/T	1492 (88.3)
	C/T	188 (11.1)
	C/C	7 (0.4)
	NA	2 (0.1)
<i>FRMD4A</i> (1)	G/G	908 (53.8)
	A/G	646 (38.2)
	A/A	122 (7.2)
	NA	13 (0.8)
<i>FRMD4A</i> (2)	C/C	1462 (86.6)
	C/T	212 (12.6)
	T/T	7 (0.4)
	NA	8 (0.5)
<i>Intergenic chrX</i>	C/C	1524 (90.2)
	A/C	91 (5.4)

	A/A	61 (3.6)
	NA	13 (0.8)
<hr/>		
<i>LGALS3</i>	C/C	585 (34.6)
	A/C	774 (45.8)
	A/A	301 (17.8)
	NA	29 (1.7)
<hr/>		
<i>MMP12</i>	T/T	1218 (72.1)
	C/T	426 (25.2)
	C/C	40 (2.4)
	NA	5 (0.3)
<hr/>		
<i>MTHFD1L</i>	G/G	1418 (84)
	A/G	259 (15.3)
	A/A	9 (0.5)
	NA	3 (0.2)
<hr/>		
<i>PAICS</i>	A/A	1484 (87.9)
	A/C	201 (11.9)
	C/C	0 (0)
	NA	4 (0.2)
<hr/>		
<i>PDE7A</i>	G/G	530 (31.4)
	A/G	790 (46.8)
	A/A	344 (20.4)
	NA	25 (1.5)
<hr/>		
<i>SNTG1</i>	A/A	528 (31.3)
	A/G	823 (48.7)
	G/G	335 (19.8)
	NA	3 (0.2)
<hr/>		
<i>SORL1</i>	C/C	501 (29.7)

	C/T	829 (49.1)
	T/T	334 (19.8)
	NA	25 (1.5)
<hr/>		
<i>SPON1</i>	G/G	1506 (89.2)
	A/G	177 (10.5)
	A/A	4 (0.2)
	NA	2 (0.1)
<hr/>		
<i>ZNF224</i>	G/G	1170 (69.3)
	A/G	469 (27.8)
	A/A	48 (2.8)
	NA	2 (0.1)
<hr/> <hr/>		

Table 5: Raw cognitive test scores (mean \pm standard deviation)

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Wave 1	6.62 \pm 2.30	5.05 \pm 2.2	52.57 \pm 5.3	51.11 \pm 8.78
Wave 2	6.51 \pm 2.20	5.21 \pm 2.17	53.32 \pm 4.92	50 \pm 8.93
Wave 3	6.25 \pm 2.18	5.16 \pm 2.15	53.55 \pm 4.86	48.28 \pm 8.97

Table 6: Person correlations of wave 1 cognitive test scores

	Recall-Immediate	Recall-Delayed	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Recall-Immediate	1				
Recall-Delayed	0.84***	1			
Digits Backwards	0.24***	0.22***	1		
Spot-the-word	0.24***	0.23***	0.32***	1	
Symbol Digits Modaltiies Test	0.27***	0.28***	0.35***	0.33***	1

Table 7: Unconditional Means Models

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Intercept	-0.0004 (0.0199)	0.1033 (0.0207) ^{***}	0.1986 (0.0206) ^{***}	0.0156 (0.0205)
Individuals	1689	1689	1684	1688
Variance: Intercept	0.5364	0.6051	0.6723	0.6338
Variance: Residual	0.3732	0.3311	0.1053	0.2084
Log Likelihood	-5829.9641	-5665.0670	-3839.8119	-4938.9976

^{***} $p < 0.001$, ^{**} $p < 0.01$, ^{*} $p < 0.05$

Table 8: Unconditional Growth Models

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Intercept	0.1152 (0.0226) ^{***}	0.0936 (0.0232) ^{***}	0.1385 (0.0217) ^{***}	0.1643 (0.0216) ^{***}
Time	-0.0297 (0.0027) ^{***}	0.0026 (0.0026)	0.0161 (0.0015) ^{***}	-0.0390 (0.0020) ^{***}
Individuals	1689	1689	1684	1688
Variance: Intercept	0.5774	0.6460	0.7135	0.6447
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3384	0.3091	0.0891	0.1714
Log Likelihood	-5763.8218	-5660.5924	-3763.6267	-4737.9415
F -test	123.59 ^{***}	1.02	112.96 ^{***}	393.46 ^{***}
R_m^2	0.013	0	0.004	0.023
R_c^2	0.63	0.67	0.885	0.798

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

^{***} $p < 0.001$, ^{**} $p < 0.01$, ^{*} $p < 0.05$

Table 9: Covarites

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3659 (0.1239)***	-1.1585 (0.1302)***	-2.0484 (0.1130)***	-1.2125 (0.1210)***
Gender	0.4761 (0.0432)***	-0.0550 (0.0454)	0.0060 (0.0392)	0.1087 (0.0422)**
Education	0.0894 (0.0084)***	0.0913 (0.0088)***	0.1559 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0174 (0.0156)	-0.0130 (0.0152)	0.0153 (0.0090)	-0.0390 (0.0115)***
Gender	0.0034 (0.0054)	-0.0051 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
Individuals	1689	1689	1684	1688
Variance: Intercept	0.4849	0.5851	0.5525	0.5870
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3380	0.3106	0.0890	0.1709
Log Likelihood	-5638.9910	-5577.8450	-3546.1752	-4664.8600
F -test	67.07***	43.28***	123.58***	38.03***
R_m^2	0.112	0.071	0.21	0.091
R_c^2	0.629	0.669	0.885	0.798

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 10: *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3727 (0.1251)***	-1.1629 (0.1315)***	-2.0618 (0.1140)***	-1.2041 (0.1221)***
Gender	0.4762 (0.0432)***	-0.0550 (0.0454)	0.0065 (0.0392)	0.1084 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0894 (0.0084)***	0.0913 (0.0088)***	0.1559 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
APOE e2	-0.0225 (0.0657)	0.0100 (0.0691)	0.0590 (0.0594)	-0.0419 (0.0640)
APOE e4	0.0346 (0.0502)	0.0151 (0.0528)	0.0217 (0.0457)	-0.0109 (0.0492)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0121 (0.0157)	-0.0177 (0.0153)	0.0160 (0.0091)	-0.0384 (0.0116)***
Gender	0.0033 (0.0054)	-0.0047 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0029 (0.0082)	0.0149 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0050 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0193 (0.0063)**	0.0095 (0.0061)	-0.0019 (0.0036)	-0.0056 (0.0046)
Individuals	1689	1689	1684	1688
Variance: Intercept	0.4847	0.5846	0.5521	0.5870
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3377	0.3112	0.0890	0.1708
Log Likelihood	-5633.7563	-5574.2830	-3545.5803	-4663.2460
<i>F</i> -test	2.61*	1.78	0.30	0.80
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.21	0.091
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 11: *ABCA7*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3615 (0.1251)***	-1.1630 (0.1318)***	-2.0545 (0.1142)***	-1.1973 (0.1223)***
Gender	0.4805 (0.0432)***	-0.0577 (0.0455)	0.0092 (0.0393)	0.1077 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0897 (0.0083)***	0.0912 (0.0088)***	0.1558 (0.0076)***	0.0947 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0184 (0.0656)	0.0092 (0.0691)	0.0608 (0.0594)	-0.0421 (0.0640)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0332 (0.0502)	0.0117 (0.0529)	0.0234 (0.0457)	-0.0133 (0.0492)
<i>ABCA7</i>	-0.1174 (0.0563)*	0.0198 (0.0593)	-0.0507 (0.0513)	-0.0404 (0.0551)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0118 (0.0157)	-0.0185 (0.0153)	0.0160 (0.0091)	-0.0390 (0.0116)***
Gender	0.0031 (0.0054)	-0.0049 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0044 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0032 (0.0082)	0.0148 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0048 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0095 (0.0061)	-0.0019 (0.0036)	-0.0054 (0.0047)
<i>ABCA7</i>	-0.0003 (0.0070)	0.0043 (0.0068)	-0.0002 (0.0040)	0.0064 (0.0051)
Individuals	1685	1685	1680	1684
Variance: Intercept	0.4816	0.5845	0.5515	0.5853
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3378	0.3111	0.0891	0.1710
Log Likelihood	-5618.7534	-5562.8453	-3539.6808	-4652.9621
<i>F</i> -test	2.93	0.46	0.59	0.84
R_m^2	0.116	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 12: *BIN1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3524 (0.1261)***	-1.1802 (0.1325)***	-2.0679 (0.1151)***	-1.2134 (0.1231)***
Gender	0.4753 (0.0432)***	-0.0593 (0.0454)	0.0066 (0.0393)	0.1056 (0.0423)*
Education	0.0889 (0.0084)***	0.0900 (0.0088)***	0.1563 (0.0076)***	0.0938 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0207 (0.0657)	0.0126 (0.0691)	0.0585 (0.0595)	-0.0403 (0.0640)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0361 (0.0503)	0.0114 (0.0529)	0.0234 (0.0458)	-0.0126 (0.0492)
<i>BIN1</i>	-0.0298 (0.0427)	0.0739 (0.0449)	-0.0002 (0.0388)	0.0409 (0.0418)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0105 (0.0158)	-0.0186 (0.0154)	0.0170 (0.0091)	-0.0386 (0.0117)***
Gender	0.0036 (0.0054)	-0.0044 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0047 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0009 (0.0010)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0146 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0048 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0190 (0.0063)**	0.0093 (0.0061)	-0.0020 (0.0036)	-0.0057 (0.0047)
<i>BIN1</i>	-0.0061 (0.0053)	0.0002 (0.0052)	-0.0017 (0.0030)	-0.0007 (0.0039)
Individuals	1686	1686	1681	1685
Variance: Intercept	0.4838	0.5832	0.5526	0.5867
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3380	0.3117	0.0889	0.1708
Log Likelihood	-5624.9056	-5564.5501	-3540.2586	-4655.9700
<i>F</i> -test	1.71	1.78	0.18	0.49
R_m^2	0.113	0.073	0.211	0.091
R_c^2	0.629	0.667	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 13: *CD2AP*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3860 (0.1259)***	-1.1727 (0.1323)***	-2.0579 (0.1148)***	-1.2124 (0.1228)***
Gender	0.4749 (0.0433)***	-0.0579 (0.0455)	0.0047 (0.0393)	0.1092 (0.0423)**
Education	0.0898 (0.0084)***	0.0909 (0.0088)***	0.1562 (0.0076)***	0.0949 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0247 (0.0659)	0.0011 (0.0692)	0.0530 (0.0596)	-0.0480 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0328 (0.0504)	0.0134 (0.0530)	0.0213 (0.0459)	-0.0081 (0.0493)
<i>CD2AP</i>	0.0182 (0.0429)	0.0322 (0.0451)	-0.0162 (0.0390)	0.0048 (0.0419)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0114 (0.0158)	-0.0173 (0.0154)	0.0165 (0.0091)	-0.0385 (0.0117)***
Gender	0.0037 (0.0054)	-0.0047 (0.0053)	0.0024 (0.0031)	0.0048 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0009 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0150 (0.0080)	-0.0018 (0.0047)	0.0059 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0188 (0.0063)**	0.0096 (0.0062)	-0.0013 (0.0036)	-0.0057 (0.0047)
<i>CD2AP</i>	-0.0057 (0.0054)	-0.0009 (0.0052)	-0.0032 (0.0031)	-0.0010 (0.0040)
Individuals	1683	1683	1678	1682
Variance: Intercept	0.4863	0.5841	0.5529	0.5858
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3355	0.3107	0.0887	0.1711
Log Likelihood	-5605.3421	-5554.3613	-3533.6684	-4646.5940
<i>F</i> -test	0.56	0.27	0.91	0.03
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.632	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 14: CD33

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3509 (0.1398)***	-1.1070 (0.1471)***	-1.9917 (0.1273)***	-1.2592 (0.1369)***
Gender	0.4794 (0.0432)***	-0.0590 (0.0455)	0.0022 (0.0393)	0.1076 (0.0424)*
Education	0.0892 (0.0084)***	0.0911 (0.0088)***	0.1555 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0226 (0.0657)	0.0047 (0.0691)	0.0567 (0.0594)	-0.0431 (0.0642)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0370 (0.0503)	0.0162 (0.0529)	0.0200 (0.0458)	-0.0157 (0.0494)
<i>CD33</i>	-0.0242 (0.0669)	-0.0531 (0.0704)	-0.0697 (0.0609)	0.0638 (0.0657)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0125 (0.0176)	-0.0112 (0.0172)	0.0126 (0.0101)	-0.0359 (0.0130)**
Gender	0.0030 (0.0054)	-0.0047 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0042 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0014 (0.0010)	0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0146 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0052 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0190 (0.0063)**	0.0094 (0.0061)	-0.0016 (0.0036)	-0.0056 (0.0047)
<i>CD33</i>	0.0004 (0.0085)	-0.0086 (0.0082)	0.0026 (0.0048)	-0.0029 (0.0062)
Individuals	1680	1680	1675	1679
Variance: Intercept	0.4829	0.5822	0.5513	0.5892
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3382	0.3121	0.0891	0.1713
Log Likelihood	-5604.7889	-5543.8680	-3526.3746	-4643.3035
<i>F</i> -test	0.08	1.51	0.66	0.48
R_m^2	0.114	0.073	0.211	0.091
R_c^2	0.629	0.667	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 15: *CLU*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.4076 (0.1343)***	-1.2214 (0.1416)***	-2.0821 (0.1198)***	-1.2448 (0.1315)***
Gender	0.4820 (0.0433)***	-0.0581 (0.0456)	0.0035 (0.0385)	0.1032 (0.0424)*
Education	0.0896 (0.0084)***	0.0914 (0.0088)***	0.1576 (0.0075)***	0.0947 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0235 (0.0659)	0.0052 (0.0694)	0.0585 (0.0583)	-0.0435 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0330 (0.0505)	0.0217 (0.0532)	0.0394 (0.0449)	-0.0104 (0.0495)
<i>CLU</i>	0.0343 (0.0585)	0.0710 (0.0616)	-0.0047 (0.0519)	0.0506 (0.0572)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0125 (0.0169)	-0.0169 (0.0164)	0.0164 (0.0090)	-0.0418 (0.0125)***
Gender	0.0023 (0.0054)	-0.0055 (0.0053)	0.0027 (0.0029)	0.0047 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0003 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0024 (0.0082)	0.0150 (0.0080)	-0.0018 (0.0043)	0.0055 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0182 (0.0063)**	0.0086 (0.0062)	-0.0044 (0.0034)	-0.0052 (0.0047)
<i>CLU</i>	0.0004 (0.0072)	-0.0013 (0.0070)	0.0034 (0.0038)	0.0035 (0.0053)
Individuals	1677	1677	1672	1676
Variance: Intercept	0.4833	0.5868	0.5301	0.5895
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0004	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3384	0.3112	0.0841	0.1712
Log Likelihood	-5594.4717	-5535.4866	-3361.6835	-4636.9077
<i>F</i> -test	0.25	0.75	0.41	0.89
R_m^2	0.115	0.073	0.215	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.669	0.89	0.799

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 16: *CR1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3531 (0.1266)***	-1.1660 (0.1333)***	-2.0363 (0.1155)***	-1.1752 (0.1235)***
Gender	0.4772 (0.0433)***	-0.0508 (0.0456)	0.0058 (0.0394)	0.1134 (0.0423)**
Education	0.0888 (0.0084)***	0.0913 (0.0088)***	0.1556 (0.0076)***	0.0934 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0303 (0.0661)	0.0188 (0.0696)	0.0663 (0.0598)	-0.0403 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0256 (0.0504)	0.0105 (0.0530)	0.0196 (0.0459)	-0.0147 (0.0492)
<i>CR1</i>	-0.0313 (0.0459)	0.0067 (0.0483)	-0.0647 (0.0417)	-0.0481 (0.0448)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0084 (0.0159)	-0.0153 (0.0155)	0.0145 (0.0092)	-0.0386 (0.0118)**
Gender	0.0028 (0.0054)	-0.0053 (0.0052)	0.0024 (0.0031)	0.0043 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0012 (0.0010)	0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0032 (0.0082)	0.0143 (0.0080)	-0.0028 (0.0047)	0.0055 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0190 (0.0063)**	0.0103 (0.0061)	-0.0020 (0.0036)	-0.0055 (0.0047)
<i>CR1</i>	-0.0107 (0.0057)	-0.0052 (0.0056)	0.0013 (0.0033)	-0.0001 (0.0042)
Individuals	1678	1678	1673	1677
Variance: Intercept	0.4830	0.5866	0.5530	0.5844
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3383	0.3099	0.0889	0.1711
Log Likelihood	-5595.6655	-5539.2700	-3522.9848	-4635.0873
<i>F</i> -test	3.46*	0.49	1.22	0.65
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.212	0.091
R_c^2	0.629	0.67	0.885	0.797

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 17: *EPHA1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.4503 (0.1732)***	-1.2446 (0.1824)***	-1.9318 (0.1576)***	-1.0002 (0.1694)***
Gender	0.4776 (0.0432)***	-0.0518 (0.0455)	0.0042 (0.0393)	0.1052 (0.0423)*
Education	0.0898 (0.0084)***	0.0915 (0.0088)***	0.1557 (0.0076)***	0.0939 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0210 (0.0657)	0.0126 (0.0692)	0.0545 (0.0595)	-0.0460 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0303 (0.0502)	0.0176 (0.0529)	0.0199 (0.0458)	-0.0129 (0.0493)
<i>EPHA1</i>	0.0740 (0.1172)	0.0789 (0.1233)	-0.1289 (0.1063)	-0.1990 (0.1147)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0004 (0.0216)	-0.0020 (0.0211)	0.0102 (0.0124)	-0.0476 (0.0161)**
Gender	0.0031 (0.0054)	-0.0051 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0012 (0.0010)	0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0037 (0.0082)	0.0147 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0053 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0196 (0.0063)**	0.0094 (0.0061)	-0.0020 (0.0036)	-0.0054 (0.0047)
<i>EPHA1</i>	-0.0120 (0.0145)	-0.0151 (0.0142)	0.0055 (0.0083)	0.0091 (0.0109)
Individuals	1684	1684	1679	1683
Variance: Intercept	0.4823	0.5851	0.5522	0.5873
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3379	0.3115	0.0889	0.1706
Log Likelihood	-5614.3431	-5561.8987	-3531.5628	-4651.0877
<i>F</i> -test	0.37	0.57	0.76	1.54
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.212	0.092
R_c^2	0.629	0.668	0.885	0.799

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 18: *MS4A4A*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3130 (0.1346)***	-1.1293 (0.1415)***	-2.1357 (0.1225)***	-1.2538 (0.1312)***
Gender	0.4738 (0.0432)***	-0.0535 (0.0455)	0.0040 (0.0392)	0.1058 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0891 (0.0084)***	0.0910 (0.0088)***	0.1555 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0191 (0.0659)	0.0142 (0.0692)	0.0543 (0.0595)	-0.0337 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0374 (0.0503)	0.0149 (0.0529)	0.0174 (0.0457)	-0.0088 (0.0492)
<i>MS4A4A</i>	-0.0650 (0.0572)	-0.0378 (0.0601)	0.0997 (0.0518)	0.0604 (0.0558)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0212 (0.0168)	-0.0272 (0.0163)	0.0134 (0.0097)	-0.0348 (0.0124)**
Gender	0.0036 (0.0054)	-0.0050 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0048 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0032 (0.0082)	0.0146 (0.0079)	-0.0010 (0.0046)	0.0048 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0200 (0.0063)**	0.0097 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0060 (0.0046)
<i>MS4A4A</i>	0.0105 (0.0071)	0.0110 (0.0069)	0.0025 (0.0040)	-0.0041 (0.0052)
Individuals	1685	1685	1680	1684
Variance: Intercept	0.4846	0.5845	0.5509	0.5855
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0011	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3376	0.3115	0.0885	0.1711
Log Likelihood	-5620.2648	-5562.5626	-3527.4762	-4652.2710
<i>F</i> -test	1.20	1.28	2.90	0.68
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 19: *MS4A4E*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3285 (0.1285)***	-1.1390 (0.1357)***	-2.1359 (0.1175)***	-1.2635 (0.1254)***
Gender	0.4804 (0.0432)***	-0.0541 (0.0456)	0.0093 (0.0393)	0.1104 (0.0422)**
Education	0.0891 (0.0084)***	0.0914 (0.0088)***	0.1559 (0.0076)***	0.0954 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0424 (0.0661)	-0.0026 (0.0697)	0.0589 (0.0599)	-0.0621 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0357 (0.0503)	0.0168 (0.0531)	0.0166 (0.0458)	-0.0179 (0.0492)
<i>MS4A4E</i>	-0.0602 (0.0447)	-0.0372 (0.0472)	0.1107 (0.0407)**	0.0773 (0.0437)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0207 (0.0161)	-0.0216 (0.0157)	0.0159 (0.0094)	-0.0375 (0.0120)**
Gender	0.0029 (0.0054)	-0.0048 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0017 (0.0082)	0.0163 (0.0080)*	-0.0024 (0.0047)	0.0066 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0093 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0054 (0.0047)
<i>MS4A4E</i>	0.0139 (0.0056)*	0.0064 (0.0054)	0.0007 (0.0032)	-0.0002 (0.0041)
Individuals	1678	1678	1673	1677
Variance: Intercept	0.4810	0.5874	0.5517	0.5815
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3371	0.3105	0.0895	0.1714
Log Likelihood	-5590.2460	-5537.5490	-3528.4349	-4632.2743
<i>F</i> -test	3.10*	0.73	4.57*	1.71
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.212	0.094
R_c^2	0.631	0.669	0.884	0.797

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 20: *MS4A6A*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3035 (0.1337)***	-1.1283 (0.1407)***	-2.0948 (0.1222)***	-1.2260 (0.1306)***
Gender	0.4703 (0.0432)***	-0.0585 (0.0455)	0.0062 (0.0394)	0.1129 (0.0423)**
Education	0.0898 (0.0084)***	0.0908 (0.0088)***	0.1561 (0.0076)***	0.0944 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0279 (0.0660)	-0.0029 (0.0694)	0.0569 (0.0598)	-0.0400 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0287 (0.0503)	0.0111 (0.0530)	0.0197 (0.0459)	-0.0175 (0.0493)
<i>MS4A6A</i>	-0.0855 (0.0552)	-0.0299 (0.0580)	0.0374 (0.0502)	0.0290 (0.0539)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0200 (0.0167)	-0.0265 (0.0163)	0.0110 (0.0097)	-0.0373 (0.0124)**
Gender	0.0038 (0.0054)	-0.0046 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0042 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0026 (0.0082)	0.0153 (0.0080)	-0.0019 (0.0047)	0.0052 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0186 (0.0063)**	0.0099 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0056 (0.0047)
<i>MS4A6A</i>	0.0109 (0.0069)	0.0110 (0.0067)	0.0059 (0.0039)	-0.0019 (0.0051)
Individuals	1680	1680	1675	1679
Variance: Intercept	0.4844	0.5856	0.5541	0.5864
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3366	0.3110	0.0894	0.1709
Log Likelihood	-5599.0620	-5543.4736	-3533.2931	-4640.1869
<i>F</i> -test	1.64	1.39	2.12	0.17
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.631	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 21: *PICALM*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3845 (0.1384) ^{***}	-1.1445 (0.1454) ^{***}	-2.0514 (0.1262) ^{***}	-1.2231 (0.1355) ^{***}
Gender	0.4813 (0.0432) ^{***}	-0.0600 (0.0454)	0.0061 (0.0393)	0.1099 (0.0423) ^{**}
Education	0.0896 (0.0084) ^{***}	0.0920 (0.0088) ^{***}	0.1561 (0.0076) ^{***}	0.0954 (0.0082) ^{***}
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0211 (0.0657)	0.0096 (0.0690)	0.0578 (0.0595)	-0.0438 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0364 (0.0503)	0.0148 (0.0528)	0.0146 (0.0458)	-0.0151 (0.0493)
<i>PICALM</i>	0.0071 (0.0613)	-0.0311 (0.0644)	-0.0151 (0.0557)	0.0112 (0.0601)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0113 (0.0175)	-0.0229 (0.0169)	0.0128 (0.0101)	-0.0464 (0.0129) ^{***}
Gender	0.0031 (0.0054)	-0.0040 (0.0052)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0154 (0.0079)	-0.0017 (0.0046)	0.0058 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0191 (0.0063) ^{**}	0.0095 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0051 (0.0046)
<i>PICALM</i>	0.0001 (0.0076)	0.0061 (0.0074)	0.0027 (0.0044)	0.0085 (0.0056)
Individuals	1682	1682	1677	1681
Variance: Intercept	0.4822	0.5806	0.5514	0.5868
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3383	0.3105	0.0892	0.1713
Log Likelihood	-5612.1574	-5543.3580	-3532.6002	-4644.9827
<i>F</i> -test	0.01	0.35	0.19	1.41
R_m^2	0.115	0.073	0.212	0.093
R_c^2	0.629	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 22: SC-GRS with *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.2860 (0.1547)***	-1.1407 (0.1634)***	-2.0800 (0.1389)***	-1.2928 (0.1513)***
Gender	0.4821 (0.0438)***	-0.0640 (0.0463)	-0.0068 (0.0394)	0.1070 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0900 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1578 (0.0076)***	0.0950 (0.0083)***
SC-GRS	-0.0090 (0.0085)	-0.0013 (0.0089)	0.0015 (0.0076)	0.0073 (0.0083)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0058 (0.0195)	-0.0202 (0.0190)	0.0203 (0.0104)	-0.0403 (0.0144)**
Gender	0.0029 (0.0055)	-0.0055 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0046 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
SC-GRS	-0.0010 (0.0011)	0.0006 (0.0010)	-0.0005 (0.0006)	0.0002 (0.0008)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4759	0.5857	0.5359	0.5815
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3388	0.3096	0.0844	0.1733
Log Likelihood	-5405.8773	-5354.5581	-3259.1441	-4491.7073
F -test	1.95	0.18	0.35	0.53
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.671	0.89	0.796

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 23: OR-GRS with *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3818 (0.1312)***	-1.1511 (0.1388)***	-2.0627 (0.1183)***	-1.2258 (0.1285)***
Gender	0.4805 (0.0438)***	-0.0642 (0.0463)	-0.0064 (0.0393)	0.1084 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0901 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1578 (0.0076)***	0.0948 (0.0083)***
OR-GRS	-0.00001 (0.0271)	-0.0027 (0.0287)	-0.0010 (0.0243)	0.0075 (0.0266)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0039 (0.0165)	-0.0162 (0.0161)	0.0179 (0.0089)*	-0.0335 (0.0122)**
Gender	0.0031 (0.0055)	-0.0054 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0048 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
OR-GRS	-0.0086 (0.0034)*	0.0016 (0.0033)	-0.0018 (0.0018)	-0.0036 (0.0025)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4764	0.5857	0.5359	0.5820
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3387	0.3097	0.0844	0.1732
Log Likelihood	-5403.6228	-5354.6026	-3258.9115	-4491.2292
<i>F</i> -test	4.20*	0.13	0.58	1.01
R_m^2	0.116	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.671	0.89	0.796

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 24: EV-GRS with *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3751 (0.1346)***	-1.1487 (0.1424)***	-2.0676 (0.1213)***	-1.2333 (0.1318)***
Gender	0.4807 (0.0438)***	-0.0642 (0.0463)	-0.0065 (0.0393)	0.1082 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0901 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1578 (0.0076)***	0.0949 (0.0083)***
EV-GRS	-0.0075 (0.0539)	-0.0068 (0.0570)	0.0037 (0.0483)	0.0200 (0.0528)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0007 (0.0170)	-0.0175 (0.0165)	0.0189 (0.0091)*	-0.0329 (0.0126)**
Gender	0.0031 (0.0055)	-0.0054 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0048 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
EV-GRS	-0.0171 (0.0068)*	0.0040 (0.0066)	-0.0039 (0.0036)	-0.0062 (0.0050)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4764	0.5856	0.5359	0.5819
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3387	0.3097	0.0844	0.1733
Log Likelihood	-5403.3829	-5354.5325	-3258.8489	-4491.4865
<i>F</i> -test	4.44*	0.20	0.64	0.75
R_m^2	0.116	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.671	0.89	0.796

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 25: SC-GRS without *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.2759 (0.1548)***	-1.1455 (0.1635)***	-2.0759 (0.1390)***	-1.3005 (0.1514)***
Gender	0.4823 (0.0438)***	-0.0641 (0.0463)	-0.0067 (0.0394)	0.1069 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0899 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1578 (0.0076)***	0.0950 (0.0083)***
SC-GRS	-0.0101 (0.0087)	-0.0009 (0.0092)	0.0011 (0.0077)	0.0082 (0.0085)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0116 (0.0195)	-0.0182 (0.0190)	0.0192 (0.0104)	-0.0428 (0.0144)**
Gender	0.0028 (0.0055)	-0.0054 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0045 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
SC-GRS	-0.0004 (0.0011)	0.0004 (0.0011)	-0.0004 (0.0006)	0.0004 (0.0008)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4758	0.5858	0.5359	0.5814
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3388	0.3096	0.0844	0.1733
Log Likelihood	-5406.4959	-5354.6540	-3259.2813	-4491.3769
F -test	1.33	0.08	0.21	0.86
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.671	0.89	0.796

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 26: OR-GRS without *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.2465 (0.1542)***	-1.1698 (0.1630)***	-2.0526 (0.1385)***	-1.2770 (0.1509)***
Gender	0.4834 (0.0438)***	-0.0646 (0.0463)	-0.0062 (0.0394)	0.1070 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0900 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1577 (0.0076)***	0.0949 (0.0083)***
OR-GRS	-0.1116 (0.0740)	0.0123 (0.0781)	-0.0096 (0.0661)	0.0513 (0.0723)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0074 (0.0195)	-0.0172 (0.0190)	0.0196 (0.0104)	-0.0451 (0.0144)**
Gender	0.0030 (0.0055)	-0.0054 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0044 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
OR-GRS	-0.0072 (0.0093)	0.0027 (0.0091)	-0.0035 (0.0049)	0.0054 (0.0069)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4754	0.5858	0.5359	0.5816
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3389	0.3096	0.0844	0.1733
Log Likelihood	-5405.1357	-5354.6316	-3259.1612	-4491.3982
F -test	2.69	0.10	0.33	0.84
R_m^2	0.116	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.627	0.671	0.89	0.796

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 27: EV-GRS without *APOE*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.2639 (0.1542)***	-1.1630 (0.1630)***	-2.0674 (0.1385)***	-1.2921 (0.1509)***
Gender	0.4828 (0.0438)***	-0.0644 (0.0463)	-0.0065 (0.0394)	0.1068 (0.0430)*
Education	0.0900 (0.0085)***	0.0914 (0.0089)***	0.1578 (0.0076)***	0.0950 (0.0083)***
EV-GRS	-0.1485 (0.1130)	0.0102 (0.1194)	0.0040 (0.1009)	0.0972 (0.1105)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0081 (0.0195)	-0.0171 (0.0190)	0.0196 (0.0104)	-0.0442 (0.0144)**
Gender	0.0029 (0.0055)	-0.0054 (0.0054)	0.0037 (0.0029)	0.0045 (0.0041)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
EV-GRS	-0.0102 (0.0143)	0.0041 (0.0139)	-0.0054 (0.0075)	0.0073 (0.0105)
Individuals	1620	1620	1615	1619
Variance: Intercept	0.4756	0.5858	0.5359	0.5815
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0013	0.0004	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3389	0.3096	0.0844	0.1733
Log Likelihood	-5405.7147	-5354.6601	-3259.2109	-4491.3083
F -test	2.11	0.07	0.28	0.93
R_m^2	0.116	0.072	0.216	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.671	0.89	0.796

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 28: *BDNF*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3631 (0.1266)***	-1.1842 (0.1325)***	-2.0707 (0.1161)***	-1.2047 (0.1235)***
Gender	0.4702 (0.0436)***	-0.0546 (0.0456)	-0.0022 (0.0398)	0.1019 (0.0425)*
Education	0.0886 (0.0084)***	0.0943 (0.0088)***	0.1569 (0.0077)***	0.0938 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0256 (0.0668)	-0.0015 (0.0698)	0.0689 (0.0607)	-0.0600 (0.0649)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0404 (0.0508)	0.0348 (0.0531)	0.0232 (0.0464)	-0.0187 (0.0496)
<i>BDNF</i>	0.0019 (0.0460)	-0.0951 (0.0481)*	-0.0213 (0.0418)	0.0451 (0.0448)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0117 (0.0160)	-0.0132 (0.0155)	0.0171 (0.0093)	-0.0427 (0.0118)***
Gender	0.0032 (0.0055)	-0.0042 (0.0053)	0.0019 (0.0031)	0.0052 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0008 (0.0011)	0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0000 (0.0006)	0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0015 (0.0083)	0.0156 (0.0081)	-0.0033 (0.0047)	0.0058 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0197 (0.0064)**	0.0076 (0.0062)	-0.0016 (0.0037)	-0.0059 (0.0047)
<i>BDNF</i>	-0.0082 (0.0058)	-0.0028 (0.0056)	-0.0048 (0.0033)	0.0006 (0.0042)
Individuals	1647	1647	1642	1646
Variance: Intercept	0.4789	0.5723	0.5538	0.5802
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3392	0.3108	0.0903	0.1711
Log Likelihood	-5495.2052	-5422.6478	-3473.1845	-4545.2925
<i>F</i> -test	1.31	3.25*	1.75	0.64
R_m^2	0.113	0.077	0.214	0.093
R_c^2	0.626	0.668	0.884	0.797

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 29: *CETP*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3743 (0.1270)***	-1.1364 (0.1335)***	-2.0560 (0.1158)***	-1.2032 (0.1240)***
Gender	0.4757 (0.0432)***	-0.0548 (0.0454)	0.0055 (0.0392)	0.1087 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0893 (0.0084)***	0.0914 (0.0088)***	0.1557 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0221 (0.0658)	0.0089 (0.0691)	0.0600 (0.0594)	-0.0420 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0347 (0.0503)	0.0166 (0.0528)	0.0225 (0.0457)	-0.0110 (0.0492)
<i>CETP</i>	0.0052 (0.0428)	-0.0527 (0.0450)	-0.0073 (0.0389)	-0.0029 (0.0419)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0124 (0.0159)	-0.0225 (0.0155)	0.0186 (0.0092)*	-0.0375 (0.0118)**
Gender	0.0035 (0.0054)	-0.0046 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0031 (0.0082)	0.0148 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0050 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0092 (0.0061)	-0.0017 (0.0036)	-0.0056 (0.0047)
<i>CETP</i>	-0.0002 (0.0053)	0.0096 (0.0052)	-0.0051 (0.0030)	-0.0018 (0.0039)
Individuals	1688	1688	1683	1687
Variance: Intercept	0.4850	0.5842	0.5523	0.5874
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3377	0.3112	0.0890	0.1707
Log Likelihood	-5631.4349	-5570.7825	-3542.5441	-4661.8838
<i>F</i> -test	0.01	1.77	1.77	0.13
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.21	0.091
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 30: *COMT*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.4256 (0.1304) ^{***}	-1.1862 (0.1371) ^{***}	-2.0834 (0.1189) ^{***}	-1.1931 (0.1273) ^{***}
Gender	0.4748 (0.0432) ^{***}	-0.0591 (0.0454)	0.0070 (0.0393)	0.1073 (0.0422) [*]
Education	0.0891 (0.0084) ^{***}	0.0914 (0.0088) ^{***}	0.1556 (0.0076) ^{***}	0.0941 (0.0082) ^{***}
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0236 (0.0657)	0.0099 (0.0691)	0.0583 (0.0595)	-0.0414 (0.0640)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0345 (0.0503)	0.0221 (0.0529)	0.0188 (0.0458)	-0.0093 (0.0493)
<i>COMT</i>	0.0778 (0.0498)	0.0320 (0.0524)	0.0329 (0.0453)	-0.0054 (0.0488)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0005 (0.0164)	-0.0150 (0.0159)	0.0129 (0.0094)	-0.0320 (0.0121) ^{**}
Gender	0.0035 (0.0054)	-0.0044 (0.0052)	0.0019 (0.0031)	0.0048 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0029 (0.0082)	0.0149 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0050 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0191 (0.0063) ^{**}	0.0091 (0.0061)	-0.0019 (0.0036)	-0.0058 (0.0047)
<i>COMT</i>	-0.0153 (0.0062) [*]	-0.0032 (0.0061)	0.0044 (0.0036)	-0.0087 (0.0046)
Individuals	1685	1685	1680	1684
Variance: Intercept	0.4852	0.5844	0.5530	0.5861
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3368	0.3110	0.0891	0.1712
Log Likelihood	-5619.1436	-5562.8753	-3539.5246	-4653.1232
<i>F</i> -test	3.09 [*]	0.22	1.57	2.09
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.21	0.091
R_c^2	0.631	0.668	0.885	0.797

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 31: *CTNNBL1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3654 (0.1257)***	-1.1679 (0.1320)***	-2.0683 (0.1146)***	-1.1903 (0.1227)***
Gender	0.4737 (0.0432)***	-0.0588 (0.0454)	0.0061 (0.0392)	0.1072 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0894 (0.0084)***	0.0918 (0.0088)***	0.1561 (0.0076)***	0.0943 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0247 (0.0658)	0.0107 (0.0691)	0.0608 (0.0596)	-0.0461 (0.0642)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0345 (0.0503)	0.0198 (0.0529)	0.0237 (0.0458)	-0.0146 (0.0493)
<i>CTNNBL1</i>	-0.0540 (0.0668)	-0.0175 (0.0701)	0.0237 (0.0607)	-0.0770 (0.0653)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0154 (0.0158)	-0.0196 (0.0154)	0.0162 (0.0091)	-0.0396 (0.0117)***
Gender	0.0035 (0.0054)	-0.0046 (0.0052)	0.0019 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0017 (0.0082)	0.0157 (0.0080)*	-0.0021 (0.0046)	0.0054 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0184 (0.0063)**	0.0099 (0.0061)	-0.0017 (0.0036)	-0.0053 (0.0047)
<i>CTNNBL1</i>	0.0176 (0.0083)*	0.0103 (0.0081)	-0.0021 (0.0047)	0.0061 (0.0061)
Individuals	1687	1687	1682	1686
Variance: Intercept	0.4847	0.5826	0.5525	0.5872
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3379	0.3112	0.0891	0.1708
Log Likelihood	-5627.8502	-5565.1423	-3542.1389	-4659.1763
<i>F</i> -test	2.27	0.89	0.13	0.90
R_m^2	0.114	0.073	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.667	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 32: *FRMD4A* (1)

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3767 (0.1262)***	-1.1723 (0.1333)***	-2.0843 (0.1155)***	-1.2074 (0.1235)***
Gender	0.4761 (0.0433)***	-0.0550 (0.0457)	0.0112 (0.0394)	0.1130 (0.0424)**
Education	0.0903 (0.0084)***	0.0907 (0.0088)***	0.1558 (0.0076)***	0.0948 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0320 (0.0661)	-0.0017 (0.0697)	0.0644 (0.0599)	-0.0438 (0.0644)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0378 (0.0503)	0.0143 (0.0531)	0.0280 (0.0459)	-0.0112 (0.0493)
<i>FRMD4A</i> _1	-0.0223 (0.0429)	0.0396 (0.0453)	0.0370 (0.0391)	-0.0065 (0.0420)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0134 (0.0159)	-0.0130 (0.0155)	0.0184 (0.0092)*	-0.0396 (0.0118)***
Gender	0.0034 (0.0054)	-0.0054 (0.0053)	0.0015 (0.0031)	0.0048 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0023 (0.0082)	0.0150 (0.0080)	-0.0021 (0.0047)	0.0052 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0093 (0.0061)	-0.0024 (0.0036)	-0.0052 (0.0047)
<i>FRMD4A</i> _1	0.0066 (0.0054)	-0.0103 (0.0052)*	-0.0048 (0.0030)	0.0011 (0.0040)
Individuals	1676	1676	1671	1675
Variance: Intercept	0.4790	0.5870	0.5534	0.5854
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3395	0.3106	0.0893	0.1708
Log Likelihood	-5595.0460	-5534.3969	-3521.7654	-4629.2447
<i>F</i> -test	0.75	1.96	1.33	0.04
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.669	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 33: *FRMD4A* (2)

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3894 (0.1262)***	-1.1436 (0.1323)***	-2.0971 (0.1148)***	-1.1988 (0.1228)***
Gender	0.4762 (0.0434)***	-0.0488 (0.0455)	0.0059 (0.0393)	0.1127 (0.0423)**
Education	0.0905 (0.0084)***	0.0911 (0.0088)***	0.1571 (0.0077)***	0.0951 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0181 (0.0659)	0.0130 (0.0691)	0.0593 (0.0595)	-0.0384 (0.0640)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0384 (0.0505)	0.0165 (0.0529)	0.0218 (0.0458)	-0.0043 (0.0492)
<i>FRMD4A_2</i>	-0.0014 (0.0637)	-0.1417 (0.0668)*	0.1348 (0.0578)*	-0.1019 (0.0620)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0093 (0.0158)	-0.0228 (0.0154)	0.0177 (0.0091)	-0.0384 (0.0117)**
Gender	0.0035 (0.0054)	-0.0055 (0.0052)	0.0023 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0012 (0.0011)	0.0015 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0143 (0.0079)	-0.0018 (0.0047)	0.0046 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0199 (0.0063)**	0.0096 (0.0061)	-0.0019 (0.0036)	-0.0064 (0.0047)
<i>FRMD4A_2</i>	-0.0032 (0.0080)	0.0215 (0.0077)**	-0.0097 (0.0045)*	0.0014 (0.0059)
Individuals	1681	1681	1676	1680
Variance: Intercept	0.4861	0.5809	0.5504	0.5838
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0010	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3378	0.3128	0.0892	0.1710
Log Likelihood	-5610.6513	-5548.6451	-3530.1780	-4638.1688
<i>F</i> -test	0.12	4.29*	3.63*	1.39
R_m^2	0.114	0.073	0.213	0.093
R_c^2	0.63	0.666	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 34: Intergenic ChrX

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3726 (0.1253)***	-1.1694 (0.1317)***	-2.0589 (0.1147)***	-1.1957 (0.1229)***
Gender	0.4785 (0.0434)***	-0.0430 (0.0456)	0.0069 (0.0396)	0.1068 (0.0426)*
Education	0.0892 (0.0084)***	0.0922 (0.0088)***	0.1560 (0.0077)***	0.0940 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0260 (0.0657)	0.0135 (0.0690)	0.0576 (0.0596)	-0.0440 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0311 (0.0502)	0.0175 (0.0528)	0.0197 (0.0459)	-0.0090 (0.0494)
inter_x	0.0310 (0.0745)	-0.1325 (0.0785)	-0.0547 (0.0679)	0.0160 (0.0733)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0128 (0.0157)	-0.0169 (0.0153)	0.0155 (0.0091)	-0.0385 (0.0117)**
Gender	0.0038 (0.0054)	-0.0052 (0.0053)	0.0018 (0.0031)	0.0040 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0009 (0.0010)	0.0012 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0081)	0.0145 (0.0079)	-0.0016 (0.0047)	0.0051 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0192 (0.0063)**	0.0097 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0059 (0.0047)
inter_x	-0.0232 (0.0092)*	0.0018 (0.0090)	0.0040 (0.0053)	0.0024 (0.0068)
Individuals	1676	1676	1671	1675
Variance: Intercept	0.4768	0.5774	0.5517	0.5884
Variance: Time	0.0009	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3402	0.3113	0.0892	0.1709
Log Likelihood	-5586.0617	-5525.8787	-3524.9632	-4633.4901
<i>F</i> -test	3.56*	1.64	0.44	0.13
R_m^2	0.115	0.073	0.21	0.091
R_c^2	0.627	0.667	0.884	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 35: *LGALS3*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3815 (0.1289)***	-1.1281 (0.1360)***	-2.0538 (0.1173)***	-1.2265 (0.1264)***
Gender	0.4734 (0.0435)***	-0.0590 (0.0459)	0.0053 (0.0394)	0.1085 (0.0427)*
Education	0.0871 (0.0084)***	0.0886 (0.0089)***	0.1544 (0.0077)***	0.0931 (0.0083)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0234 (0.0659)	0.0147 (0.0695)	0.0554 (0.0594)	-0.0440 (0.0645)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0435 (0.0507)	0.0265 (0.0535)	0.0135 (0.0460)	-0.0166 (0.0498)
<i>LGALS3</i>	0.0546 (0.0449)	0.0071 (0.0474)	0.0309 (0.0407)	0.0694 (0.0441)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0138 (0.0162)	-0.0233 (0.0158)	0.0187 (0.0094)*	-0.0362 (0.0120)**
Gender	0.0036 (0.0054)	-0.0042 (0.0053)	0.0021 (0.0031)	0.0051 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0008 (0.0011)	0.0014 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0044 (0.0082)	0.0140 (0.0080)	-0.0023 (0.0047)	0.0044 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0208 (0.0064)**	0.0078 (0.0062)	-0.0016 (0.0036)	-0.0063 (0.0047)
<i>LGALS3</i>	-0.0003 (0.0056)	0.0067 (0.0055)	-0.0039 (0.0032)	-0.0043 (0.0042)
Individuals	1660	1660	1655	1659
Variance: Intercept	0.4820	0.5878	0.5481	0.5903
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3384	0.3115	0.0882	0.1717
Log Likelihood	-5537.1793	-5482.1017	-3469.2748	-4592.2776
<i>F</i> -test	0.93	1.08	0.79	1.38
R_m^2	0.112	0.069	0.208	0.09
R_c^2	0.628	0.667	0.884	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 36: *MMP12*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3700 (0.1264)***	-1.1614 (0.1326)***	-2.0653 (0.1152)***	-1.2239 (0.1231)***
Gender	0.4739 (0.0433)***	-0.0543 (0.0454)	0.0085 (0.0393)	0.1087 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0891 (0.0084)***	0.0911 (0.0088)***	0.1560 (0.0076)***	0.0948 (0.0082)***
APOE e2	-0.0210 (0.0660)	-0.0005 (0.0692)	0.0559 (0.0597)	-0.0477 (0.0642)
APOE e4	0.0365 (0.0503)	0.0128 (0.0528)	0.0196 (0.0458)	-0.0135 (0.0491)
MMP12	0.0020 (0.0479)	0.0116 (0.0501)	0.0067 (0.0434)	0.0632 (0.0466)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0096 (0.0159)	-0.0146 (0.0155)	0.0167 (0.0092)	-0.0378 (0.0117)**
Gender	0.0033 (0.0054)	-0.0047 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
APOE e2	-0.0044 (0.0082)	0.0143 (0.0080)	-0.0021 (0.0047)	0.0051 (0.0061)
APOE e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0096 (0.0061)	-0.0017 (0.0036)	-0.0057 (0.0047)
MMP12	-0.0061 (0.0059)	-0.0095 (0.0058)	-0.0007 (0.0034)	-0.0035 (0.0044)
Individuals	1684	1684	1679	1683
Variance: Intercept	0.4865	0.5815	0.5532	0.5850
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3372	0.3113	0.0888	0.1699
Log Likelihood	-5616.3168	-5554.7791	-3532.8400	-4644.0230
F -test	0.67	1.55	0.03	0.98
R_m^2	0.113	0.072	0.21	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.667	0.885	0.799

F -test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 37: *MTHFD1L*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3803 (0.1255)***	-1.1555 (0.1321)***	-2.0649 (0.1146)***	-1.2129 (0.1227)***
Gender	0.4761 (0.0432)***	-0.0578 (0.0454)	0.0070 (0.0392)	0.1073 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0895 (0.0084)***	0.0912 (0.0088)***	0.1558 (0.0076)***	0.0948 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0209 (0.0657)	0.0121 (0.0691)	0.0602 (0.0595)	-0.0410 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0361 (0.0502)	0.0174 (0.0528)	0.0229 (0.0457)	-0.0100 (0.0492)
<i>MTHFD1L</i>	0.0249 (0.0583)	-0.0431 (0.0613)	0.0136 (0.0529)	0.0332 (0.0570)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0115 (0.0157)	-0.0172 (0.0154)	0.0171 (0.0091)	-0.0371 (0.0116)**
Gender	0.0031 (0.0054)	-0.0045 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0042 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0029 (0.0081)	0.0147 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0052 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0192 (0.0063)**	0.0094 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0054 (0.0046)
<i>MTHFD1L</i>	-0.0006 (0.0073)	-0.0016 (0.0070)	-0.0046 (0.0041)	-0.0053 (0.0054)
Individuals	1686	1686	1681	1685
Variance: Intercept	0.4828	0.5840	0.5524	0.5869
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0011	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3379	0.3116	0.0892	0.1710
Log Likelihood	-5621.4661	-5565.9494	-3541.6760	-4653.5998
<i>F</i> -test	0.10	0.44	0.63	0.53
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.21	0.092
R_c^2	0.629	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 38: *PAICS*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3733 (0.1253)***	-1.1482 (0.1319)***	-2.0499 (0.1142)***	-1.1990 (0.1224)***
Gender	0.4777 (0.0432)***	-0.0567 (0.0455)	0.0052 (0.0392)	0.1113 (0.0423)**
Education	0.0891 (0.0084)***	0.0910 (0.0088)***	0.1556 (0.0076)***	0.0949 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0203 (0.0658)	0.0065 (0.0692)	0.0569 (0.0595)	-0.0460 (0.0642)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0378 (0.0503)	0.0167 (0.0529)	0.0255 (0.0457)	-0.0131 (0.0493)
<i>PAICS</i>	0.0289 (0.0655)	-0.0777 (0.0690)	-0.0698 (0.0596)	-0.0840 (0.0642)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0099 (0.0157)	-0.0180 (0.0153)	0.0158 (0.0091)	-0.0375 (0.0116)**
Gender	0.0030 (0.0054)	-0.0049 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0034 (0.0082)	0.0152 (0.0080)	-0.0018 (0.0047)	0.0049 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0194 (0.0063)**	0.0095 (0.0061)	-0.0017 (0.0036)	-0.0059 (0.0047)
<i>PAICS</i>	-0.0087 (0.0083)	0.0060 (0.0081)	0.0036 (0.0047)	0.0004 (0.0062)
Individuals	1685	1685	1680	1684
Variance: Intercept	0.4829	0.5861	0.5510	0.5873
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3385	0.3102	0.0886	0.1709
Log Likelihood	-5619.0860	-5559.5847	-3531.2662	-4652.2568
<i>F</i> -test	0.54	0.66	0.75	0.93
R_m^2	0.113	0.072	0.211	0.092
R_c^2	0.628	0.669	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 39: *PDE7A*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3419 (0.1300)***	-1.0930 (0.1358)***	-2.0376 (0.1179)***	-1.1544 (0.1264)***
Gender	0.4720 (0.0435)***	-0.0553 (0.0455)	-0.0009 (0.0393)	0.0998 (0.0424)*
Education	0.0893 (0.0084)***	0.0913 (0.0088)***	0.1562 (0.0076)***	0.0947 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0143 (0.0663)	0.0131 (0.0692)	0.0608 (0.0596)	-0.0325 (0.0643)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0358 (0.0506)	0.0102 (0.0528)	0.0206 (0.0458)	-0.0132 (0.0493)
<i>PDE7A</i>	-0.0393 (0.0460)	-0.1028 (0.0481)*	-0.0320 (0.0416)	-0.0771 (0.0449)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0147 (0.0163)	-0.0236 (0.0159)	0.0160 (0.0094)	-0.0421 (0.0120)***
Gender	0.0030 (0.0054)	-0.0041 (0.0053)	0.0019 (0.0031)	0.0044 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0011 (0.0011)	0.0012 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0003 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0030 (0.0082)	0.0139 (0.0080)	-0.0025 (0.0047)	0.0039 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0206 (0.0063)**	0.0105 (0.0062)	-0.0023 (0.0036)	-0.0058 (0.0047)
<i>PDE7A</i>	0.0065 (0.0058)	0.0096 (0.0056)	-0.0001 (0.0033)	0.0089 (0.0042)*
Individuals	1664	1664	1659	1663
Variance: Intercept	0.4846	0.5766	0.5470	0.5816
Variance: Time	0.0011	0.0012	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3396	0.3098	0.0893	0.1712
Log Likelihood	-5551.9141	-5480.8181	-3490.5474	-4584.1715
<i>F</i> -test	0.69	2.60	0.35	2.76
R_m^2	0.113	0.073	0.213	0.092
R_c^2	0.627	0.668	0.884	0.796

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 40: *SNTG1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.4248 (0.1281)***	-1.1881 (0.1348)***	-2.0312 (0.1166)***	-1.2098 (0.1251)***
Gender	0.4757 (0.0432)***	-0.0531 (0.0455)	0.0112 (0.0391)	0.1103 (0.0422)**
Education	0.0888 (0.0084)***	0.0912 (0.0088)***	0.1560 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0210 (0.0658)	0.0052 (0.0693)	0.0623 (0.0594)	-0.0417 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0371 (0.0502)	0.0155 (0.0528)	0.0196 (0.0455)	-0.0126 (0.0491)
<i>SNTG1</i>	0.0864 (0.0460)	0.0378 (0.0484)	-0.0480 (0.0417)	0.0079 (0.0450)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0068 (0.0161)	-0.0158 (0.0157)	0.0158 (0.0093)	-0.0375 (0.0119)**
Gender	0.0032 (0.0054)	-0.0051 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0001 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0028 (0.0082)	0.0158 (0.0079)*	-0.0024 (0.0046)	0.0047 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0195 (0.0063)**	0.0094 (0.0061)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0056 (0.0047)
<i>SNTG1</i>	-0.0084 (0.0057)	-0.0025 (0.0056)	0.0002 (0.0033)	-0.0015 (0.0042)
Individuals	1686	1686	1681	1685
Variance: Intercept	0.4832	0.5842	0.5478	0.5858
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3376	0.3117	0.0891	0.1710
Log Likelihood	-5622.8872	-5565.5717	-3534.8577	-4656.2925
<i>F</i> -test	1.94	0.31	0.74	0.06
R_m^2	0.115	0.072	0.212	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.667	0.884	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 41: *SORL1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3745 (0.1299)***	-1.1530 (0.1363)***	-2.1243 (0.1184)***	-1.2185 (0.1267)***
Gender	0.4770 (0.0435)***	-0.0509 (0.0457)	0.0067 (0.0395)	0.1129 (0.0425)**
Education	0.0873 (0.0084)***	0.0900 (0.0088)***	0.1559 (0.0077)***	0.0951 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0406 (0.0666)	-0.0087 (0.0698)	0.0613 (0.0602)	-0.0436 (0.0648)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0303 (0.0507)	0.0240 (0.0532)	0.0228 (0.0461)	-0.0165 (0.0496)
<i>SORL1</i>	0.0461 (0.0468)	0.0056 (0.0492)	0.0836 (0.0426)*	0.0103 (0.0458)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0104 (0.0163)	-0.0226 (0.0158)	0.0210 (0.0094)*	-0.0407 (0.0120)***
Gender	0.0023 (0.0054)	-0.0056 (0.0053)	0.0023 (0.0031)	0.0049 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0007 (0.0011)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0001 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0018 (0.0083)	0.0149 (0.0080)	-0.0031 (0.0047)	0.0037 (0.0061)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0190 (0.0064)**	0.0095 (0.0062)	-0.0018 (0.0036)	-0.0059 (0.0047)
<i>SORL1</i>	-0.0072 (0.0059)	0.0065 (0.0057)	-0.0064 (0.0033)	0.0051 (0.0043)
Individuals	1664	1664	1659	1663
Variance: Intercept	0.4856	0.5803	0.5528	0.5863
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0010	0.0008	0.0007
Variance: Residual	0.3378	0.3138	0.0895	0.1723
Log Likelihood	-5550.1301	-5491.1402	-3503.0898	-4592.4832
<i>F</i> -test	0.85	0.94	2.73	0.92
R_m^2	0.113	0.071	0.21	0.092
R_c^2	0.63	0.663	0.884	0.796

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 42: *SPON1*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3728 (0.1252)***	-1.1560 (0.1316)***	-2.0536 (0.1140)***	-1.2059 (0.1223)***
Gender	0.4776 (0.0432)***	-0.0547 (0.0454)	0.0068 (0.0392)	0.1078 (0.0422)*
Education	0.0890 (0.0084)***	0.0914 (0.0088)***	0.1560 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0246 (0.0658)	0.0121 (0.0691)	0.0611 (0.0594)	-0.0420 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0310 (0.0503)	0.0164 (0.0529)	0.0229 (0.0457)	-0.0102 (0.0493)
<i>SPON1</i>	0.0585 (0.0687)	-0.0930 (0.0722)	-0.1037 (0.0626)	0.0093 (0.0673)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0116 (0.0157)	-0.0180 (0.0153)	0.0155 (0.0091)	-0.0380 (0.0116)**
Gender	0.0032 (0.0054)	-0.0048 (0.0052)	0.0020 (0.0031)	0.0046 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0028 (0.0082)	0.0147 (0.0079)	-0.0020 (0.0046)	0.0051 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0190 (0.0063)**	0.0094 (0.0061)	-0.0021 (0.0036)	-0.0058 (0.0047)
<i>SPON1</i>	-0.0091 (0.0087)	0.0075 (0.0084)	0.0067 (0.0050)	-0.0037 (0.0064)
Individuals	1687	1687	1682	1686
Variance: Intercept	0.4846	0.5843	0.5513	0.5876
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3377	0.3114	0.0890	0.1710
Log Likelihood	-5627.9148	-5568.9914	-3541.2258	-4659.6870
<i>F</i> -test	0.62	0.88	1.69	0.17
R_m^2	0.114	0.072	0.211	0.091
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 43: *ZNF224*

	Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
Initial Status				
Intercept	-1.3761 (0.1260)***	-1.1897 (0.1323)***	-2.0947 (0.1147)***	-1.2192 (0.1230)***
Gender	0.4755 (0.0432)***	-0.0547 (0.0454)	0.0080 (0.0392)	0.1101 (0.0422)**
Education	0.0894 (0.0084)***	0.0917 (0.0088)***	0.1561 (0.0076)***	0.0946 (0.0082)***
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0229 (0.0658)	0.0074 (0.0690)	0.0552 (0.0594)	-0.0436 (0.0641)
<i>APOE</i> e4	0.0364 (0.0503)	0.0156 (0.0529)	0.0192 (0.0457)	-0.0140 (0.0493)
<i>ZNF224</i>	0.0121 (0.0464)	0.0706 (0.0487)	0.1001 (0.0420)*	0.0468 (0.0453)
Rate of Change				
Time	-0.0117 (0.0158)	-0.0197 (0.0154)	0.0163 (0.0091)	-0.0398 (0.0117)***
Gender	0.0033 (0.0054)	-0.0046 (0.0052)	0.0019 (0.0031)	0.0045 (0.0040)
Education	-0.0010 (0.0010)	0.0013 (0.0010)	-0.0000 (0.0006)	-0.0002 (0.0008)
<i>APOE</i> e2	-0.0029 (0.0082)	0.0146 (0.0079)	-0.0019 (0.0046)	0.0048 (0.0060)
<i>APOE</i> e4	-0.0193 (0.0063)**	0.0089 (0.0061)	-0.0016 (0.0036)	-0.0057 (0.0047)
<i>ZNF224</i>	-0.0019 (0.0058)	0.0069 (0.0056)	-0.0009 (0.0033)	0.0050 (0.0043)
Individuals	1687	1687	1682	1686
Variance: Intercept	0.4851	0.5828	0.5506	0.5871
Variance: Time	0.0012	0.0011	0.0008	0.0008
Variance: Residual	0.3378	0.3112	0.0891	0.1709
Log Likelihood	-5629.1238	-5562.5897	-3539.3767	-4658.0289
<i>F</i> -test	0.06	3.43*	3.04*	1.81
R_m^2	0.114	0.075	0.213	0.093
R_c^2	0.63	0.668	0.885	0.798

F-test with Kenward-Roger approximation

R_m^2 : Marginal R^2 statistics; R_c^2 : Conditional R^2 statistic

*** $p < 0.001$, ** $p < 0.01$, * $p < 0.05$

Table 44: Top LOAD risk SNPs and GRS: Parameter estimates and model fit statistics for SNP/GRS main effects according to last diagnosis

		Episodic Memory	Digits Backwards	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits Modalities Test
		<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>
<i>APOE ε2</i>	Intercept	−0.032 (0.071)	0.037 (0.074)	0.039 (0.064)	−0.028 (0.069)
	Slope - CN	−0.002 (0.009)	0.016 (0.009)	0.000 (0.005)	0.002 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	0.007 (0.024)	0.035 (0.025)	−0.017 (0.015)	0.021 (0.020)
<i>APOE ε4</i>	Intercept	0.044 (0.054)	0.011 (0.057)	0.028 (0.049)	−0.010 (0.053)
	Slope - CN	−0.015 (0.007)*	0.013 (0.007)*	0.000 (0.004)	−0.007 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	−0.050 (0.020)*	0.004 (0.021)	−0.017 (0.013)	−0.002 (0.016)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.93	1.96	0.50	0.67
<i>ABCA7</i> -rs3764650	Intercept	−0.173 (0.059)**	0.021 (0.063)	−0.040 (0.054)	−0.053 (0.058)
	Slope - CN	0.004 (0.007)	0.007 (0.007)	−0.000 (0.004)	0.008 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	−0.026 (0.020)	−0.041 (0.021)*	−0.004 (0.013)	−0.029 (0.016)
	<i>F</i> -test	4.32**	1.81	0.27	1.99
<i>BIN1</i> -rs744373	Intercept	−0.034 (0.046)	0.079 (0.048)	−0.015 (0.041)	0.043 (0.044)
	Slope - CN	−0.008 (0.006)	−0.002 (0.006)	−0.003 (0.003)	−0.004 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	0.016 (0.017)	0.003 (0.017)	0.014 (0.011)	0.024 (0.014)

	<i>F</i> -test	1.73	1.01	0.97	1.62
<i>CD2AP</i> -rs9296559	Intercept	0.046 (0.046)	0.040 (0.048)	-0.010 (0.042)	0.011 (0.045)
	Slope - CN	-0.007 (0.006)	-0.001 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.003)	-0.000 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	-0.003 (0.016)	0.013 (0.017)	0.009 (0.010)	-0.002 (0.013)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.59	0.53	0.62	0.03
<i>CD33</i> -rs34813869	Intercept	0.000 (0.072)	-0.056 (0.076)	-0.041 (0.065)	0.086 (0.070)
	Slope - CN	-0.000 (0.009)	-0.004 (0.009)	0.002 (0.005)	-0.006 (0.007)
	Slope - CI	-0.034 (0.026)	-0.033 (0.026)	-0.008 (0.016)	0.002 (0.021)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.55	1.09	0.25	0.57
<i>CLU</i> -rs11136000	Intercept	0.016 (0.062)	0.060 (0.065)	0.013 (0.055)	0.055 (0.060)
	Slope - CN	0.005 (0.008)	0.002 (0.008)	0.004 (0.004)	0.005 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	-0.012 (0.021)	-0.008 (0.021)	-0.012 (0.013)	-0.025 (0.017)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.37	0.54	0.74	1.52
<i>CR1</i> -rs3818361	Intercept	-0.029 (0.049)	0.018 (0.052)	-0.054 (0.044)	-0.032 (0.048)
	Slope - CN	-0.010 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.006)	0.001 (0.003)	0.000 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.011 (0.016)	-0.023 (0.017)	0.004 (0.010)	0.003 (0.013)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.07	0.72	0.50	0.17
<i>EPHA1</i> -rs11767557	Intercept	0.071 (0.128)	0.113 (0.135)	-0.078 (0.116)	-0.267 (0.125)*
	Slope - CN	-0.019 (0.016)	-0.026 (0.015)	0.004 (0.009)	0.005 (0.012)

	Slope - CI	0.061 (0.052)	0.064 (0.053)	-0.021 (0.032)	0.086 (0.043)*
	<i>F</i> -test	1.07	1.55	0.35	2.60
<i>MS4A4A</i> -rs4938933	Intercept	-0.080 (0.061)	-0.043 (0.064)	0.093 (0.055)	0.058 (0.059)
	Slope - CN	0.008 (0.008)	0.008 (0.007)	0.003 (0.004)	-0.006 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	-0.000 (0.019)	0.014 (0.020)	-0.003 (0.012)	-0.013 (0.016)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.68	0.48	1.63	0.68
<i>MS4A4E</i> -rs670139	Intercept	-0.045 (0.048)	-0.044 (0.050)	0.133 (0.043)**	0.055 (0.046)
	Slope - CN	0.010 (0.006)	0.004 (0.006)	-0.001 (0.003)	-0.002 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	0.006 (0.016)	0.013 (0.017)	0.005 (0.010)	0.014 (0.013)
	<i>F</i> -test kr	0.44	0.65	4.06**	2.35
<i>MS4A6A</i> -rs610932	Intercept	-0.091 (0.059)	-0.029 (0.062)	0.042 (0.053)	0.035 (0.057)
	Slope - CN	0.007 (0.007)	0.007 (0.007)	0.003 (0.004)	-0.003 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	0.004 (0.019)	0.019 (0.019)	0.017 (0.012)	-0.009 (0.015)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.83	0.59	1.28	0.26
<i>PICALM</i> -rs3851179	Intercept	0.029 (0.065)	0.010 (0.069)	0.049 (0.059)	0.041 (0.064)
	Slope - CN	-0.005 (0.008)	0.002 (0.008)	0.002 (0.005)	0.006 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	-0.021 (0.023)	0.006 (0.023)	-0.016 (0.014)	-0.007 (0.018)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.37	0.06	0.74	0.72
SC-GRS	Intercept	-0.008 (0.009)	0.003 (0.010)	0.008 (0.008)	0.009 (0.009)

	Slope - CN	-0.001 (0.001)	-0.000 (0.001)	-0.001 (0.001)	-0.001 (0.001)
	Slope - CI	-0.004 (0.003)	0.001 (0.004)	0.002 (0.002)	0.001 (0.003)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.10	0.09	1.28	0.38
OR-GRS	Intercept	0.011 (0.029)	0.006 (0.031)	0.014 (0.026)	0.009 (0.029)
	Slope - CN	-0.008 (0.004)*	0.002 (0.004)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.004 (0.003)
	Slope - CI	-0.025 (0.010)*	-0.008 (0.011)	-0.002 (0.006)	-0.010 (0.008)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.57*	0.35	0.32	1.13
EV-GRS	Intercept	0.015 (0.058)	0.013 (0.062)	0.036 (0.052)	0.025 (0.057)
	Slope - CN	-0.016 (0.007)*	0.004 (0.007)	-0.004 (0.004)	-0.008 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.050 (0.021)*	-0.010 (0.022)	-0.003 (0.012)	-0.016 (0.017)
	<i>F</i> -test	3.79*	0.27	0.45	0.96

* $p < .05$; ** $p < .01$.; adjusted for Sex, *APOE* and Education

Table 45: Additional SNPs: Parameter estimates and model fit for SNP main effects according last diagnosis

		Episodic	Digits	Spot-the-Word	Symbol Digits
		Memeory	Backwards		Modalities Test
		<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>	<i>Estimate (SE)</i>
<i>BDNF</i> -rs6265	Intercept	-0.016 (0.049)	-0.103 (0.052)*	-0.008 (0.045)	0.042 (0.048)
	Slope - CN	-0.005 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.006)	-0.004 (0.003)	-0.002 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.030 (0.017)	0.027 (0.018)	-0.022 (0.011)*	0.013 (0.014)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.58	2.60	2.11	0.60
<i>CETP</i> -rs5882	Intercept	-0.020 (0.046)	-0.068 (0.048)	-0.009 (0.041)	-0.001 (0.045)
	Slope - CN	0.002 (0.006)	0.010 (0.006)	-0.004 (0.003)	0.001 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	-0.029 (0.016)	0.000 (0.017)	-0.024 (0.010)*	-0.013 (0.013)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.22	1.19	2.49	0.33
<i>COMT</i> -rs4680	Intercept	0.104 (0.053)	0.033 (0.056)	0.022 (0.048)	-0.016 (0.052)
	Slope - CN	-0.015 (0.007)*	-0.004 (0.007)	0.004 (0.004)	-0.008 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.009 (0.017)	-0.008 (0.018)	0.001 (0.011)	-0.005 (0.014)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.97	0.21	0.61	1.20
<i>CTNNB1</i> -rs6125962	Intercept	-0.059 (0.070)	-0.021 (0.074)	0.001 (0.064)	-0.089 (0.068)
	Slope - CN	0.015 (0.009)	0.006 (0.009)	-0.005 (0.005)	0.002 (0.007)
	Slope - CI	0.055 (0.022)*	0.058 (0.022)**	0.030 (0.014)*	0.032 (0.017)

	<i>F</i> -test	2.91*	2.47	1.95	1.56
<i>FRMD4A</i> -rs17314229	Intercept	-0.052 (0.046)	0.043 (0.048)	0.025 (0.042)	-0.025 (0.045)
	Slope - CN	0.011 (0.006)	-0.010 (0.006)	-0.002 (0.003)	0.002 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	-0.002 (0.016)	-0.019 (0.017)	-0.023 (0.010)*	-0.028 (0.013)*
	<i>F</i> -test	1.30	1.33	1.75	1.74
<i>FRMD4A</i> -rs7081208	Intercept	0.022 (0.069)	-0.117 (0.072)	0.097 (0.062)	-0.112 (0.066)
	Slope - CN	-0.009 (0.008)	0.020 (0.008)*	-0.009 (0.005)	-0.001 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	0.027 (0.031)	0.055 (0.031)	-0.003 (0.020)	0.031 (0.025)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.68	2.91*	1.49	1.56
Intergenic-rs12007229	Intercept	0.008 (0.078)	-0.196 (0.082)*	-0.081 (0.071)	0.008 (0.076)
	Slope - CN	-0.024 (0.010)*	0.002 (0.010)	0.005 (0.005)	0.002 (0.007)
	Slope - CI	-0.020 (0.028)	0.022 (0.028)	0.003 (0.018)	0.027 (0.023)
	<i>F</i> -test	2.87*	2.31	0.53	0.52
<i>LGALS3</i> -rs4644	Intercept	0.043 (0.048)	0.024 (0.051)	0.040 (0.043)	0.083 (0.047)
	Slope - CN	0.001 (0.006)	0.008 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.003)	-0.004 (0.004)
	Slope - CI	-0.019 (0.017)	-0.008 (0.017)	-0.020 (0.010)	-0.013 (0.013)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.73	1.20	1.41	1.27
<i>MMP12</i> -rs12808148	Intercept	-0.022 (0.051)	-0.034 (0.054)	0.007 (0.046)	0.043 (0.049)
	Slope - CN	-0.004 (0.006)	-0.007 (0.006)	-0.002 (0.004)	-0.004 (0.005)

	Slope - CI	0.006 (0.018)	-0.011 (0.018)	0.020 (0.011)	0.001 (0.014)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.45	1.11	1.09	0.34
<i>MTHFD1L</i> -rs11754661	Intercept	0.063 (0.062)	-0.047 (0.065)	0.009 (0.056)	0.072 (0.060)
	Slope - CN	0.002 (0.008)	-0.003 (0.008)	-0.004 (0.004)	-0.004 (0.006)
	Slope - CI	-0.028 (0.020)	0.014 (0.020)	-0.024 (0.012)*	-0.008 (0.016)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.13	0.51	1.52	0.55
<i>PAICS</i> -rs11549976	Intercept	0.042 (0.071)	-0.057 (0.075)	-0.078 (0.065)	-0.090 (0.070)
	Slope - CN	-0.011 (0.009)	0.005 (0.009)	0.002 (0.005)	0.003 (0.007)
	Slope - CI	0.026 (0.026)	0.018 (0.027)	0.037 (0.016)*	0.003 (0.021)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.89	0.31	2.16	0.56
<i>PDE7A</i> -rs10808746	Intercept	-0.021 (0.049)	-0.109 (0.052)*	-0.019 (0.045)	-0.049 (0.048)
	Slope - CN	0.003 (0.006)	0.010 (0.006)	0.000 (0.003)	0.008 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	0.033 (0.018)	0.004 (0.019)	-0.008 (0.012)	0.036 (0.015)*
	<i>F</i> -test	1.12	1.70	0.27	3.06*
<i>SNTG1</i> -rs16914781	Intercept	0.062 (0.049)	0.036 (0.052)	-0.029 (0.045)	0.008 (0.048)
	Slope - CN	-0.007 (0.006)	-0.002 (0.006)	-0.003 (0.003)	-0.001 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.023 (0.018)	-0.020 (0.018)	0.006 (0.011)	-0.012 (0.014)
	<i>F</i> -test	1.02	0.48	0.64	0.26
<i>SORL1</i> -rs668387	Intercept	0.034 (0.050)	0.010 (0.053)	0.091 (0.045)*	0.017 (0.049)

	Slope - CN	-0.008 (0.006)	0.004 (0.006)	-0.004 (0.004)	0.003 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.010 (0.017)	-0.002 (0.017)	-0.017 (0.011)	0.000 (0.014)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.57	0.27	2.02	0.27
<i>SPON1</i> -rs11023139	Intercept	0.084 (0.075)	-0.093 (0.079)	-0.096 (0.068)	0.033 (0.074)
	Slope - CN	-0.012 (0.009)	0.006 (0.009)	0.004 (0.005)	-0.005 (0.007)
	Slope - CI	-0.009 (0.028)	0.023 (0.028)	-0.014 (0.018)	0.008 (0.023)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.63	0.60	0.97	0.24
<i>ZNF224</i> -rs3746319	Intercept	0.025 (0.050)	0.097 (0.053)	0.096 (0.045)*	0.056 (0.049)
	Slope - CN	-0.005 (0.006)	0.004 (0.006)	0.001 (0.003)	0.002 (0.005)
	Slope - CI	-0.018 (0.019)	0.004 (0.019)	-0.007 (0.012)	0.020 (0.015)
	<i>F</i> -test	0.33	2.58	2.45	1.29

* $p < .05$; ** $p < .01$.; adjusted for Sex, *APOE* and Education

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